

SECOND SECTION

The Fort Wayne Sentinel

Only Evening Newspaper in Fort Wayne Receiving the Associated Press Dispatches

ESTABLISHED 1833.

MONDAY EVENING, JULY 23, 1917.

2 CENTS.

Our "Ad" Man Says—

A recent report of Bradstreet's shows that out of 100 failures, 92% had not advertised, and 8% had advertised spasmodically or too sparingly.

Read The Sentinel Ads

BIG CAMPAIGN IS LAUNCHED

Fort Wayne Knights of Columbus Will Help Raise \$1,000,000.

HAS ENDORSEMENT OF DIGNITARIES

Social and Moral Protection of Soldiers Is Object of Movement.

Bearing the endorsement and blessing of James Cardinal Gibbons, venerable primate of America, Rt. Rev. H. J. Aldring, bishop of the Fort Wayne diocese, and Rt. Rev. Joseph Chatrand, coadjutor bishop of Indianapolis, a big campaign to assist in raising \$1,000,000 was launched in Allen county Sunday under the auspices of the Knights of Columbus.

The one million dollars which is to be raised in this campaign throughout the country will be expended to provide social and moral protection for the American soldiers regardless of creed.

It is the plan to establish Catholic recreation centers and to provide more Catholic chaplains for the army and navy. This will give the Catholic soldier boys an opportunity to hear mass and receive the sacraments and other consolations of the Catholic faith.

An announcement of the campaign was made in all the Catholic churches Sunday and great impetus was given to the movement when the letters from the three dignitaries of the church were read in which all endorsed the campaign as a highly commendable one.

Headquarters have been established in the Knights of Columbus hall and reports will be made there every day by the various teams. The office will be kept open night and day.

Organization has already been completed and is as follows:

Maurice C. Niezer is general chairman; Alex A. Kartholl, secretary, and Othmar N. Heiny, treasurer. Members of the advisory committee are Rt. Rev. Herman J. Aldring, William P. Green, Louis Fox, Henry C. Berghoff, John B. Reuss, A. S. Serva, Robert E. Kelly, George M. Haffner, J. Herman Bueter, John Suelzer, Jr., Stephen A. Callahan, Joseph F. Miller, Harry F. Kenner, Charles M. Niezer, Julian F. Franke, Joseph C. Hutzell, A. C. Gocke, H. G. Hogan.

Following are the parish committees already organized:

Cathedral. James B. Cahill, captain; Clem P. App, Dr. H. O. Bruggeman, T. F. Kerby, Dr. Edward J. McCaron, Chas. M. Niezer, George Ryer, Robert C. Smith, James J. Hayes, Byron Hayes, Carl Weber, Clem Weber, Frank Hogan, Thos. Lane, Clem Lanterner, Geo. E. Niezer, John E. O'Connor, William O'Neill, Henry J. Pequinot, Frank Perry, A. Schoenbein, James Shields, Mathew Drennan, Robert Sommers, Charles Mueller, John J. Woulfe, Joe Hutzell, Bernard Hedeckin, Harry Beckner, Clem Fox, Julian Oswald, Joe M. Schwartz and Harry Hogan.

St. Patrick's. A. S. Serva, captain; Chas. D. Nolan, vice captain; Raymond Doyle, Thomas Hayes, Walter Knecht, John S. Moran, William Mulhaupt, George Sosenheimer, Chas. E. Welch, Harold Beutel, Oscar Collis, William Cunningham, George L. DeWald, Elmer Freiburger, Frank C. Graffe, Lawrence Heiny, William Lennart, Vincent D. Agostino, Frank Wundan, Thomas McArdle, Jerry McCarthy, Victor Nussbaum, Eugene Pauley, Albert Racht, Michael Shear, M. J. Sullivan, Joe Tremple, Ralph Urbine, William P. Walsh, Russell Muller, Chas. B. Hart, F. D. Nordstrum, Edward J. Dissler and John Danner.

St. Mary's. Sergeant Welch, one of the live wires of Captain Ryan's staff, has sent word to his captain stating that he has begun work of recruiting an entire company in Hammond with good prospects that his plans will be realized. He already has seventy men for this new unit and has about 200 lined up.

Hammond Organizes Unit.

Sergeant Welch, one of the live wires of Captain Ryan's staff, has sent word to his captain stating that he has begun work of recruiting an entire company in Hammond with good prospects that his plans will be realized. He already has seventy men for this new unit and has about 200 lined up.

Gets a Promotion.

Word has been received that J. J. Boyersox, of 1490 Swinney avenue, has been promoted to corporal in the aviation corps at Fort Kelly, Texas. This young man enlisted last March and has showed such ability that he has been promoted and is in line for a sergeant's promotion. He has been detailed to the United States aviation post at Rantoul, Ill.

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St. Peter's.

Julian F. Franke, captain; Elmer Grosh, Wm. E. Harber, John Suelzer, Jr., Ervin Zern, Oscar Ankenbruck, Louis E. Aurentz, Frank Bangert, George Christen, Raymond Hoffman, George B. Jensen, Michael Kinder, Jerome Klingenberg, Edward Myers, Peter Olenioch, Marti Rinehart, John E. Rodemuth, Arthur Rosenberger, Frank Rosenberger, George Stang, Hubert Stegmyer, Charles Uebel, J. Claud Wiernan, Philip Wyss, Bernard Jensen, Louis Deck, Harry Arens, John Landgraf, Lawrence Blaske, Frank Rinehart, John Rinehart, Lawrence Becker, Albert Pranger and Edward Vogeding.

St. Paul's.

Edmund C. Niecher, captain; A. C. Gocke, Herbert F. Niecher, Edward Nohe, Joseph Wiedemer, Albert Buchheit, Edward Bangert, Louis Diek, William Heid, Clarence Mensing, Joseph Rieman, Fred Suelzer, Ad. Wolfrom and John H. Miller.

Precious Blood.

Robert Kelly, captain; William Heiny, Herman J. Miller, Jared J. Teod, Alois Rieg, Wm. P. Schindler, Joseph Stiner, Jos. E. Till, Gust W. Littauer, Milner J. Voirol, Andrew Pfeifer, Charles Michael, John H.

CAN GET IN SAME COMPANY

Captain T. F. Ryan, U. S. A., Makes Inducing Offer to Young Men.

STEADY STREAM OF MEN IN THE OFFICE

Captain Harry Clark of Battery B to Arrive Monday Evening.

Young men in Fort Wayne are being given one of the best opportunities ever offered for enlisting before the draft catches them. Capt. Thomas F. Ryan, U. S. A., states that groups of young men from two to 125 will be guaranteed to be kept in the same company if they enlist within the next few days.

This is the infantry branch of the service and in order to make the offer still more attractive Captain Ryan states that it is very probable that these men will be sent to Fort Benning, Georgia.

A steady stream of men kept pouring into the regular army recruiting station all day Monday. The number of this number came for the purpose of enlisting. Captain Ryan was of the opinion that by nightfall he would have from forty to sixty men sent away to Fort Thomas, Ky. Eight men were sent away Sunday evening.

Captain Clark Coming.

Lieut. H. C. Moriarity, of Battery B, received a telegram from Capt. Harry Clark, commanding officer of this company, that he would arrive in Fort Wayne Monday evening and that he intended to conduct an inspection of the company. This is regular drill night and it is obligatory that every member is present.

It is the plan to establish Catholic recreation centers and to provide more Catholic chaplains for the army and navy. This will give the Catholic soldier boys an opportunity to hear mass and receive the sacraments and other consolations of the Catholic faith.

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AT LAST THE SECRET OF HENRY FORD'S TRACTOR IS UNCOVERED THE GASOLINE ENGINE AGAINST THE SUBMARINE IS THE WAR ISSUE

Detroit Motor King's Jitney Horse Is Already at Work and Is Declared a Huge Success—Will Be Turned Out by Thousands in New Factory Built for That Purpose.

(By B. E. LING.)

Detroit, July 23.—Henry Ford against Krupp.

Tractor against submarine.

This is the new array of forces in the world war.

The submarine is the engine of starvation; the tractor is the engine of plenty. The submarine stands for destruction; the tractor for production. It is the submarine's mission to starve the allied world into submission to Germany; it is the tractor's purpose to nourish it for victory over kaiserism.

Henry Ford has invented the tractor. He has perfected it. He is beginning to manufacture it in large quantities.

Ford's tractor will revolutionize farming. It will multiply the production of farms. It will double, triple, quadruple the yield of crops. It will stock the allied world's pantry.

"My tractor is a proved success," said Henry Ford today. "It will accomplish all I have sought for it to accomplish."

Ford, the patriot, is fighting eighteen hours a day in the fore line of the battle against autocracy. He believes victory rests with the alliance or nation that can feed its people longest. And Ford is fighting to produce the food.

This is Ford's conviction:

If the allies fail to force a victory with land forces, sea navy and air navy, their last weapon is the tractor. A military stalemate means a war of starvation. And the tractor will feed democracy while kaiserism shrivels from the starving.

The tractor is neither as romantic as the submarine nor as picturesque as the tank."

It is only eight feet long and four feet high, a cross between an automobile and a traction engine. It can do any farm work a horse can do, and at least six times as much. One man and a tractor can accomplish as much as six men and six horses.

The yield of a farm depends on the



Ford tractor at work hauling gang plow to help beat U-boats.

labor expended on it. The tractor will labor twenty-four hours a day; seven days a week; 365 days a year. It will plow, harrow, plant, cultivate, reap, furnish power for farm machinery and haul crops to market.

Other tractors now on the market will do these things and do them well. Four thousand tractors were used in the spring planting in Kansas alone.

But Ford's new tractor is to the tractor world what Ford's auto is to the automobile world. The Ford tractor's characteristics are these:

It is cheap.

It is simple to construct.

It can be built in vast quantities.

"Quantity production" is the keynote of Ford's plan for defeating the submarine with the tractor. The more tractors, the more food.

Ford has begun to build tractors for England at his experimental plant at Dearborn, a Detroit suburb. He is rushing enlargement of this plant to make certain delivery of 7,000 tractors to England by February—in time for next year's farming.

Now fifty models that have been built and tried at Dearborn in the past two years—most of them during the last six months of intensive effort.

Ford thinks of his tractor not only as a weapon in war, but a blessing in peace.

He foresees the day when 500,000 farmers in the world will be equipped with tractors.

The price of each tractor, when materials reach a normal level, will be about \$300.

The United States government is co-operating with Ford to obtain quantity production of the tractor as a farm necessity.

The house of representatives, largely on recommendation of Secretary of War Baker and Secretary of Agriculture Houston, has appropriated \$490,000 to make the River Rogue navigable. This is to provide water transportation to assist Ford in building the immense tractor plant and blast furnaces he plans.

The tractor plant and furnaces will eventually dim in magnitude the Ford auto plant, with its 37,000 employees.

Ford will defeat Essen. Ford will triumph over Krupp.

England gets the first because Germany is trying to starve England first.

Ford is building another tractor plant at Cork, Ireland. Tractors built in Ireland are sure to reach their destinations in the British Isles. And food raised in the British Isles is sure to reach the mouths of the British people.

A dozen Ford tractors already are tilling English soil. These British government has heartily approved and thankfully accepted.

I found Ford in the rush of his labor. He has almost entirely forsaken his \$100,000,000 auto plant and for six months has devoted himself day and night to his tractor. The completed machine is the product of years of thought, but it has been brought to perfection in these six months.

Now fifty of them are proving their worth on Ford's 4,000 acre farm at Dearborn.

Two months ago Ford told close friends:

"At last I have the tractor to a point where it can be produced and marketed successfully. It's a winner."

The "winner" is the evolution of

the tractor and the furnace will eventually be completed by the Ford auto plant, with its 37,000 employees.

Ford will defeat Essen. Ford will triumph over Krupp.

Supposedly Lost Brother of Miss Lena Buell Says He Has "Hunch."

HAD NOT HEARD FROM HIM FOR SIX MONTHS

Civilian Relief Committee of Red Cross Renders First Assistance.

"I have a hunch that the war will soon end."

These startling, acceptable and pleasurable words came to Fort Wayne directly from the western front of the great battlefields of Europe. And they passed the censor.

Words of this nature were contained in a letter received Saturday afternoon by Miss Lena Buell, 206 West Chestnut avenue, from her supposedly lost brother who is fighting for the general cause with a Canadian regiment somewhere in France.

Miss Buell received a letter from her brother on February 1,

Chiefs and Reapers Divide Sabbath Day Double-Header

Home Runs Win Opener, But Visitors Romp Away With Second.

After nearly three hours of sweating and sweating in the Sabbath sun, the Chiefs and Reapers failed to settle their argument, each winning one game of the double-header, the first going to the Chiefs by a score of 9 to 4 and the second to Springfield 9 to 1. Allison was the winning hurler in the first and Alton in the second.

It seems that the Chiefs must win their games on home runs or not at all. After Siegfried had won the game Saturday with a circuit smash, that same gentleman, together with Williams, put the first gear Sunday on the right side with two more homers. In the second, however, there was a decided dearth of hits of any kind of young Alton, the warrior band being held to four little bingles.

Allison and Clark were the opposing pitchers in the first, both being hit hard. The Fort Wayne hurler was given better support, however, and with home runs by Siegfried and Williams managed to pull through. One big inning the fifth, netted the Chiefs five runs. Kelly started this spicing with a double, Williams homered into Clinton street, Vandy was safe on an error and counted when Caveney let a grounder go through him. Siegfried followed with a blow which finally settled between the boards of the fence in right field, two scoring.

Springfield did not offer much opposition to the warring Chiefs, a Homer by Caveney accounting for one of their four runs.

In the second game Joe Kowalski seemed to have the league leading Reapers at his mercy for the first three innings, but after that was completely helpless. The visitors scored three in the fourth, two each in the sixth, seventh and ninth. The Chiefs could do little with young Alton, the youngster who throws from the off side. He had the left handed stickers among the tribe breaking their backs, only four hits being made off his delivery. Two of these went to Siegfried, the noble Dane Keating out a bunt in the fourth and crashing a two-base hit besides. Walker added four safeties to his average in this game after going hitless in the opener.

There were three home runs made in the first game of the double-header, and all three were of a different variety. Williams' circuit smash sailed cleanly over the right field wall. Siegfried's, however, lodged between the two fences in right field, while the ball that Caveney hit rolled through a hole underneath the left field fence.

The Chiefs and Reapers close their series here today. The Chiefs have the advantage so far, having won two out of the last three. Richmond and Evansville follow the league leaders.

THIS IS FAIR.

FIRST GAME.

Club	AB.	R.	BH.	PO.	A.	E.
Springfield	5	0	1	15	0	0
Alton, 1b.	5	0	1	2	2	0
Cleveland, 3b.	5	0	1	0	0	0
Kelleher, rf.	5	0	1	0	0	0
Walker, cf.	4	0	0	0	0	0
Caveney, ss.	4	3	3	3	6	1
Hartle, lf.	2	1	2	0	0	0
Wright, 2b.	4	0	2	2	5	1
Hungling, c.	4	0	1	8	3	1
Clark, p.	3	0	1	0	5	0
Totals	36	4	12	24	21	5

Score by Innings—

Springfield ... 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 4
Fort Wayne ... 2 0 0 0 5 0 1 0 1 9

Summary: Home runs—Caveney, Siegfried, Williams. Two-base hits—Pohlman, Clark, Caveney, Kelly, 2. Sacrifice hits—Siegfried, Hartle, 2; Allison. Sacrifice fly—Clark. Stolen bases—Smith, Breaux, Hoffman. Struck out—By Clark, 1; By Allison, 3. Bases on balls—Off Clark, 3. Double plays—Hoffman to Vanagraft to Kelly; Williams to Vandagriff to Kelly; Cleveland to Wright to Pohlman. Time of game—1:40. Umpire—Kuhns.

SECOND GAME.

Club	AB.	R.	BH.	PO.	A.	E.
Pohlman, 1b.	4	1	1	13	0	0
Cleveland, 3b.	4	0	0	2	3	0
Kelleher, rf.	5	2	2	1	0	0
Walker, cf.	4	3	4	0	0	0
Caveney, ss.	5	2	2	0	5	0
Hartle, lf.	5	0	3	0	0	0
Wright, 2b.	4	0	1	8	3	1
Hungling, c.	4	0	1	8	3	1
Clark, p.	3	0	1	0	5	0
Totals	30	9	27	11	1	0

Score by Innings—

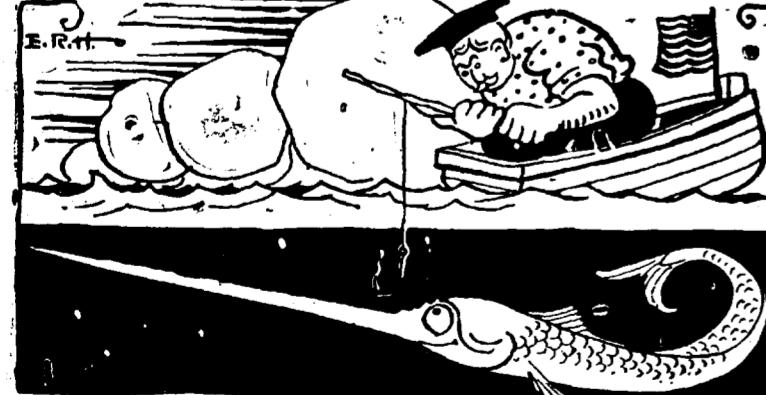
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Accessories at less than jobbers' prices during our rebuilding sale. Fort Wayne Overland Co.

Sentinel Want Ads. Pay.

HUNCH FOR HOUSEWIVES.



The New Food.

EVERY FISH YOU EAT HELPS ARM THE ARMY!

(By Buddy Bye).

"A last, housewives! Here's a food on which you need not economize!

The more you eat of this food—instead of the less you eat, as with potatoes, butter and bread—the more you help the war."

Suspense would be too cruel. Out with the secret! It's swordfish, a nutritious, sustaining diet, excellent substitute for meat, and so strong in phosphorus as to endow any housewife with brain power to effect new economies in other foods.

The swordfish culinary system is eat the swordfish and send the swords to France. American boys over there need them.

True patriots will send the swords furiously ready for use. For their instruction these hints:

Never the head of the swordfish just

CHAMPION FOR SIXTEEN YEARS—KRAMER PROVES VALUE OF CLEAN LIVING IN ATHLETICS AND BUSINESS.

Sixteen years ago a youth of 20 went to his home in East Orange, N. J., with the news that he had won the bicycle championship of the world. He took with him the first money he had ever won on the board track.

A few days ago he lost his title to a youth of 20, then went out and broke his own record for the half mile.

He is Frank Kramer, a champion among champions—a man who for sixteen years defended his title against all comers and in that time earned over \$200,000 at a game where winnings are small as sport winnings go.

To win this meant that he worked hard at his profession all of the time.

He still has the money. This means that he has saved his accumulations.

Together they mean the rule of success, clean living, economy and hard work.

Kramer's rules for success are worth remembering. They are worth while alike to the athlete, to the business man or to the young man just getting his start.

Go to bed early and rise early, get plenty of sleep, eat regularly of wholesome food, are rules which Kramer has always followed.

Do not dissipate. Booze and body building don't make good bedfellows, neither do booze and business.

When Arthur Spencer, the Toronto youth, won the championship Kramer had held for many years, Kramer took him by the hand.

"You have won the championship at the same age I did," he said. "I hope you take care of yourself and keep it as long as I did."

COBB MUST BAT .429 FOR BALANCE OF SEASON TO EQUAL BURKETT'S RECORD

(By Paul Purman).

Having batted safely thirty-five consecutive games Ty Cobb is after another record this season.

Cobb wants to beat Jess Burkett's record of batting .400 in three years, and believes this is about the last chance he will get to go over that almost impossible figure.

Twice the Georgia peach has mauled the ball for averages of more than .400; in 1911 when he hit for .420, and in 1912, when he rang up a .410 average.

Cap Anson, Ed Delehanty, Harry Stovey and Sam Thompson are the only batters in the game who have been equal to that trick and Jess Burkett the only one who has exceeded it. Burkett batted over .400



FRANK KRAMER

LINCOLN LIFES WIN

ONE AT HUNTINGTON

Hillinger Hits Across Winning Run in Ninth Inning.

Huntington, Ind., July 23—Mart Cleary's Lincoln Life team defeated Huntington here yesterday in a close and exciting game, Bill Hillinger hitting across the winning run for the visitors in the ninth inning. The game was a pitchers' battle from start to finish, both Martin, of the locals, and Oestermeye, of the visitors, performing well. In the ninth Webber singed, stole second and scored the winning run on Hillinger's safe drive. Both teams fielded well, a catch by Wickham in left field being a feature. Score: R.H.E. Lincoln Life... 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 —2 7 1 Huntington... 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 —1 5 2

Batteries—Oestermeye and Hargrave; Martin and Hoek. Umpire—McKee.

Thousands of bugs and their relatives, rainy nights and days, when the wearing apparel, bed and bedding, sugar, flour, matches, are soaked and bruised sunburnt, mosquito bites, cut and bruised from tramping around, falling over rocks, decaying felled trees, a wrenched ankle or two, and being helangone away from the nearest place of civilization, a camp would be a very neat place to spend your vacation, but it wouldn't be camping.

Three races are on the program.

Three 2:10 pace, for a purse of \$1,200, has 22 entries. The Pontchartrain stake, for 2:14 trotters, purse \$2,000, has 20 entries. The 2:18 trot, purse \$1,200, has 24 entries. Each of these races is for three heats in a day. A detachment of engineers of the federalized Michigan national guard, which is encamped at the fair grounds, will give drill exhibitions as an added feature of the racing program.

The Edison, "The Phonograph with a soul," Foster's.

LARGE ENTRY LIST

FOR DETROIT RACES

Over Four Hundred Horses Ready for Opening of Grand Circuit.

Detroit, Mich., July 23.—One of the largest entry lists in recent years is here today for the opening of Detroit's grand circuit racing week. More than four hundred horses, many of them from the half-mile tracks, whose representatives made such good showing at Cleveland last week are quartered at the state fair grounds. This is Old Glory day at the races and decorations of the national colors are profuse in the stands.

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PRESIDENT RETURNS HOME.

Washington, D. C., July 23.—President Wilson returned early today after three-day trip to Hampton Roads aboard the naval yacht Mayflower.

NOTICE—Please phone 650 for news items.

SENTINEL WANT ADS ALWAYS GET RESULTS

Outbursts of Everett True



MAP SHOWING WHERE THE RUSSIANS ARE MAKING MUCH HEADWAY IN KORNILOFF'S DRIVE THROUGH GALICIA



General Korniloff's troops have forged ahead twenty-five miles in four days, occupying the city of Kalush, the rugged mountainous region between the Carpathians and the Dniester. The Russians are continuing their advance toward the Black Sea, threatening the Roumanian port of Odessa.

IN THE RACE FOR THE PENNANT.

CENTRAL LEAGUE.

Club	Won	Lost	Pct.
Springfield	45	28	.616
Grand Rapids	49	31	.613
Muskegon	40	35	.533
Peoria	35	41	.461
Richmond	33	39	.458
Dayton	35	42	.455
Fort Wayne	33	42	.440
Evansville	33	42	.440

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Club	Won	Lost	Pct.

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Catarrhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrhal deafness and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an infected condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is inflamed the deafness can result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will never be recovered, because deafness are caused by catarrh, which is an infected condition of the mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Medicine cures the infection and reduces the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for the case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Circular from All Druggists, Inc., Toledo, O.

FORT WAYNE PLUMBING and HEATING CO., INC.
Prompt & Reliable
1007 HARRISON ST. 3107
Phone

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Made by
THE ALLEN COUNTY ABSTRACT COMPANY
Are Reliable.
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Nice big selection of newest Wall Papers at best prices in the city. Call and see them and let us figure with you on your painting.
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Light Heat Power



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1025 Calhoun St.

COAL AND WOOD.

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OLDS COAL CO.
BEST COAL ON EARTH

Best Grades of Coal—
COKE, CHARCOAL, WOOD AND
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ANTON LANG CALLED TO GERMAN COLORS

Man Who Played "Christus"
to Oberammergau Shows
Country's Stress.

New York, July 23.—When Germany called Anton Lang, famous Christus of the Oberammergau Passion play, to military service she inadvertently let the cat out of the bag regarding her military condition to-day.

That move, according to Gertrude Atherton, famous American authoress, proves Germany is on her last legs and is going to extremes to continue fighting.

Anton Lang is a consumptive and has not been expected to live long. On account of his fame and popularity as impersonator of Christ, and his commercial value to Germany, he would be perhaps last to be ordered out.

"The obvious deduction," says Miss Atherton, "is if Germany is ordering her consumptives out, she must be pretty hard up. For all we know she may have emptied her sanitoriums onto the battlefield."

Miss Atherton visited Oberammergau in 1908, and boarded in the Lang home.

"My husband is tubercular," Frau Lang told Miss Atherton. "He may be the Christus in 1910, but he never will live until 1920. What little he makes as a porter is due to the fact that he is the Christus, and tourists buy of him."

"Others in the village told me the same thing," says Miss Atherton, "that with Anton Lang it was only a question of a few years. I have seen a few men look more frail. He is not more fitted to serve in the trenches, or in warfare at all, than a delicate woman."

"The Half Century Store,"
Foster's—more goods for
the same money.

OSSIAN NEWS.

Ossian, Ind., July 23.—Mrs. Charles Davison and daughter, Florence, returned Friday to their home in Ashland, O., after a week's visit with Mrs. Davison's sister, Mrs. Willis Melching and family.

Mrs. Charles O. Woodward and daughter, Jane, of Fort Wayne, came Thursday for a visit with Mrs. Will Woodward and Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Way. Mr. Woodward will join his family for an over Sunday visit in Ossian. The son, Way Woodward, has been visiting here for the past week.

The Philanthropic Girls were motored to Zanesville, Thursday evening by Miss May Morton and A. F. Roe, who held their regular monthly meeting at the home of Mrs. Merlin Ferrell. They also gave miscellaneous shower for Mrs. Kate Travis-Hoover, one of their members recently married. After a short program the evening was spent socially and nice refreshments were served. Those attending were Misses Pearl King, May Weaver, Mary Roe, Ida Kregig, Phoebe Summers, Beth Chaffant, May Weaver and Mesdames A. F. Roe, F. K. Baker, August Ressler and Kate Hoover.

Boss of Communications Is Next to Pershing in Importance.

General Pershing's army at the front must spend its entire time and attention on the business of fighting the enemy. But behind the army at the front is another army whose business it is to keep the army at the front in condition to fight.

And the commander of this "army behind the army"—whose name probably will never be mentioned in dispatches—is, next to General Pershing himself, the most important man on French soil today. His modest title is "Commander of the Line of Communications." The zone which he commands embraces a strip of territory from and including the base, to the point where contact is made with the trains of the combatant forces on the front.

This is the circulatory system of Pershing's army. Its railroad "arteries" pump forward the food, clothing, ammunition, tools and equipment needed at the front; and its "veins" of steel rail carry back to the "heart" at the base the sick and wounded, the worn out guns for refitting, the wagons that must be repaired, and the empty vehicles which must be refilled and sent pulsing forward again.

Miss Mary Quackenbush, south of Ossian.

Mrs. Tom Drury and son, Burnett, of Fort Wayne, came Wednesday for an over Sunday visit with Mrs. Drury's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Burnett.

Mrs. Joseph White and daughter, Ruth, of Dayton, O., were Thursday to Friday guests with Mr. and Mrs. L. F. Chaffant. Mrs. White was at one time pupil of Mr. Chaffant.

Mrs. R. A. Hatfield, who has been visiting for two weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Koenig, left today for her home in Winona Lake.

The Friendship circle of the M. E. Sunday school will be entertained Monday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Quackenbush. Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Hatfield will assist in entertaining.

Mrs. Laura Reed Bylow, of Toledo, O., who has been visiting among Ossian relatives, left yesterday to visit with Mr. and Mrs. John Reed, of Poe.

W. H. Rupright, Harry Beatty and son, William, left Thursday for a fishing trip to Lake Gage.

Garry Goshorn, son of Mr. and Mrs. Will Goshorn, living west of Ossian, expects soon to be on his way to France, according to the latest word from him. Mr. Goshorn enlisted in the spring for coast artillery service and has since been located at Fort Hunt, Va. He is now chosen in a company for foreign service, and has been transferred to Fort Washington, Md., where he is held for clothes and field equipment. From there he goes to Fort Ferry, N. Y., and thence to

France. Mr. Goshorn was a teacher in the Ossian schools for the past two years.

Mrs. Edwin Davis and grandson, James Estrich, of Oklahoma City, Okla., were Thursday guests in the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Fryback.

Mrs. Conrad Norwalt spent Thursday in Fort Wayne with her sister, Mrs. Cash Lutz. Her niece, Mary Lutz, came home with her for a few days' visit.

Mrs. Walter Zimbrook was hostess for the Whileaway club Thursday evening.

At roll call the ladies named prominent people of America. Current events were discussed and Mrs. Zimbrook and Mrs. Crummitt each conducted a contest. A social hour with good cake completed a pleasant evening.

Those present were Mesdames

F. E. Foughty, Fred Mills, Frank Zehring, J. W. Crummitt and Miss Grace Dorr.

The next meeting will be with Mrs. Foughty.

Mrs. J. W. Metts has as Sunday guests, Rev. and Mrs. E. L. Jones, of Warren.

Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy.

Mrs. Charles Palmer, Andrews, Ind., says: "Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy has never failed to give me prompt relief. From my own experience and that of my friends and neighbors, I know it will do all that is claimed for it."—Advertisement.

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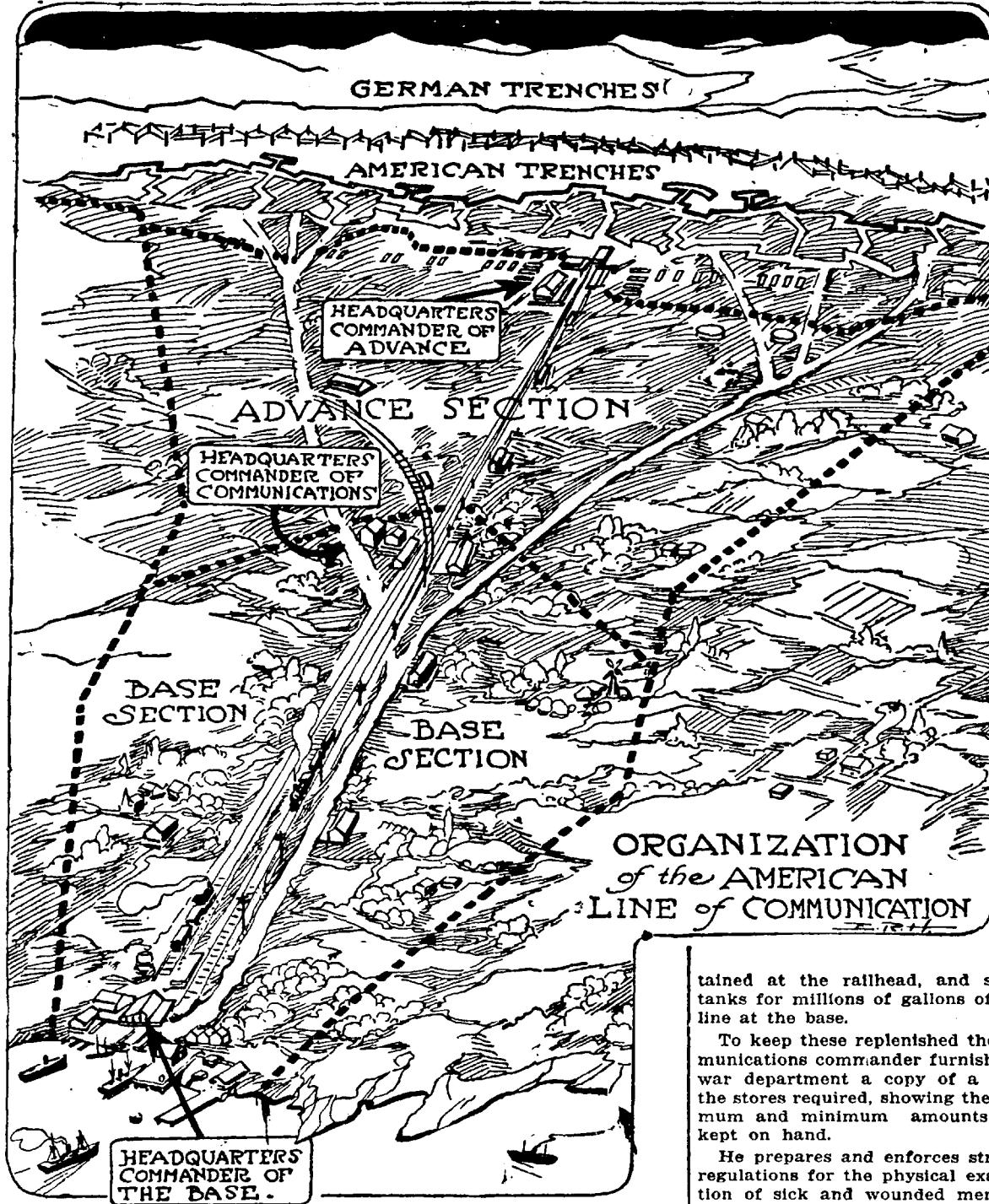
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Try Big-Tayo 15 cent
loaf, one-half more bread.

HAFNER'S STAR
BAKERY

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PREVENT WASTE

by saving the small quantities of fruits and vegetables.

It's an easy matter to can a few berries or other fruits and vegetables as you buy them from day to day if you

DO IT THE GAS RANGE WAY

Make a few glasses of jelly while you are getting breakfast. Cook a few jars of fruit in the oven while you are getting dinner.

Soon you will have your shelves full of delicious products, with scarcely any effort.

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Ask for a copy of our new canning booklet, "Prepare."

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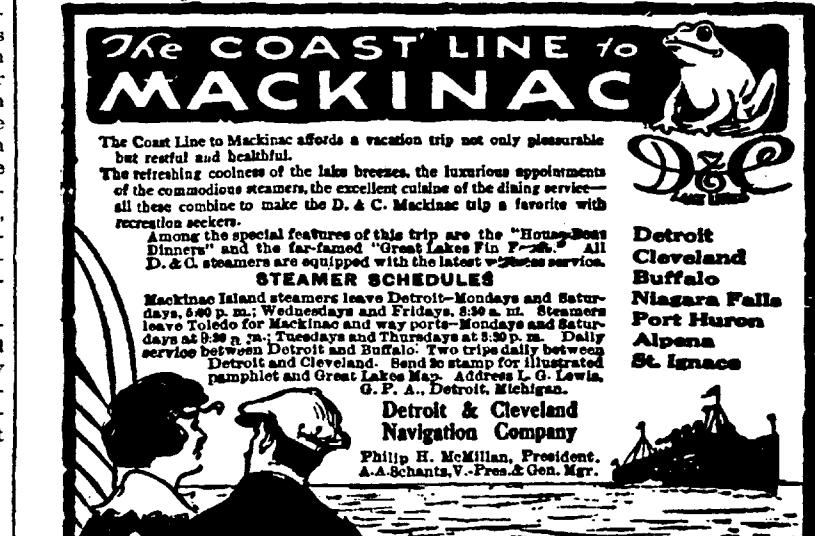
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Under New Management
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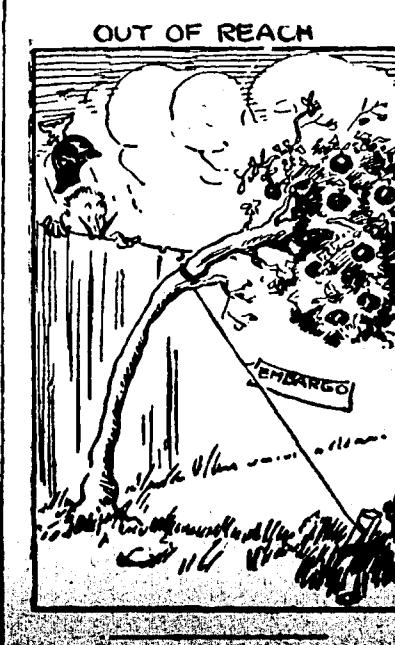
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IF YOU WANT

THE BIG WAR NEWS

TODAY BUY

The Evening Sentinel



Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy.

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<p

**Hay Fever Patients
Test Reality of Cure.**

A brochure has just been published dealing with the new treatment for Hay Fever. It quotes cases of interesting and dramatic experiences of patients to test the reality of the "cure." Hay Fever patients will read this brochure with deep and particular interest. It will give them an entirely new viewpoint on hay fever. A disease that can now be cured. This brochure will be sent upon request to any address.

**DR. K. L. SEAMAN,
Ear, Nose and Throat Specialist
312-313 Shoaff Bldg.**

**White Dress Parade
Robison Park, Wednesday, July 25**

The Annual White Dress Parade will be held at Robison Park, Wednesday, July 25. Ten cents street car fare for all boys and girls for the round trip. Just board any street car in any part of Fort Wayne. Give the conductor your nickel and ask him for a transfer to Robison Park. Conductors will not collect from boys and girls again enroute. On returning home you pay your nickel at the turnstile. The conductor will give you a transfer to your city home. If Wednesday, July 25th, be stormy and rain falls falling up to 1 o'clock p.m., the fete will be held the next fair day.

**Hints and Reminders
on the Burning
Subject**

It is a fact that we keep in touch with the highest class of coal that is in the market which goes a long way towards satisfying the coal trade. You can depend on the Independent Coal Co. giving you just what you buy. Call us for prices.

**Independent Coal Co.
Phone 3663. 547 Fairmount Place.**

Order Your Suit Now
Made to Your Measure.
**HEIDER & CO.,
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**You Can
Get Dishes
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**INDIANA'S COMPLETE
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Three-Room Outfit
This outfit is an ideal one for the newlyweds. All that is needed to furnish three rooms in the most comfortable manner. Three complete rooms—bedroom, dining room and kitchen
Special Price \$95
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OFFICE—HOME PHONE 228
Best of Service at Reasonable Prices
MOTOR AMBULANCE.

**CHALFANT & EGLEY
Undertakers—Embalmers
NEW LOCATION
481 E. Berry. Phone 862.
Very best services at nominal cost.**

**REPUBLICAN HOLDS
THAT STATE OIL JOB**

Marion Circuit Court in Ruling Enjoins Democratic Pretender.

Indianapolis, July 23.—Marion Caldwell, a republican, was adjudged to be the legal oil inspector of the state, in a decision made public today by Judge Louis Ewing, of the Marion circuit court. An injunction to prevent Adam H. Felker, a democrat, and men he had appointed as deputies from acting as oil inspector was granted. An appeal to the Indiana supreme court will be taken, it is said. Caldwell was appointed by Governor Goodrich and Felker was named by State Geologist Barrett. There has been a dispute as to who should name the oil inspector since the United States district court some time ago gave the oil companies an injunction against the oil inspection department as it had been operating in the last few years, preventing collection of fees for the work.

Today: See Shady Brook Park.

**ASKED TO SECURE
PROFESSIONAL COOKS**

**H. J. Keenan of the Anthony
Named by Quartermaster General.**

By virtue of holding the office of president of the Indiana State Hotel Keepers' Association, H. J. Keenan, manager of the Anthony hotel, has been appointed by Henry G. Sharp, quartermaster general, to secure for the government the services of as

many professional and expert cooks as possible.

The professional cooks will be taken into the service of the government for six or eight weeks and will instruct men who wish to be cooks in the army. It is explained that fifteen cooks will be needed for each regiment. These instructions will be given at the various cantonments.

The professional cooks who can be spared by the hotelkeepers in the state will be paid the same wages that they are drawing while in the employ of the hotel.

**BRITAIN FACING
LARGEST OF HER
LOANS FOR WAR**

London, July 23.—In the house of commons tomorrow the government will ask for a vote of credit of £650,000, the largest single sum since the outbreak of the war. It will bring up the total for the war to £15,292,000,000.

John L. Sullivan on Overeating.
John L. Sullivan, the ex-pugilist, says that more people die from overeating than from drink. One of the most prominent physicians in England says that is also the case over here. He advises that so many people are troubled with indigestion. If you have trouble with your stomach adopt a diet suited to your age and occupation. Then if you should have indigestion take Chamberlain's Tablets. They strengthen the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally.—Advertisement.

FOR SALE — Bowser & Co. preferred stock, Wayne Oil Tank preferred stock, City Suburban Bldg. Co. preferred stock. C. F. Pfeiffer.

Sentinel Want Ads. Bring Results.

**SHIPPING BOARD
MEMBER RESIGNS**

White Quits and Then Is of Mind to Stay to Aid Friend Denman.

Washington, D. C., July 23.—John D. White, of Kansas City, has resigned as a member of the shipping board and President Wilson was said today to have accepted the resignation. Officials at the white house declared Mr. White's resignation was not connected with the difficulties that have developed between Chairman Denman, of the board, and Major General Goethals, of the emergency fleet corporation, over the government's ship building program.

Mr. White was said to have found the work exceedingly heavy and was anxious to get out on this account. He was one of Mr. Denman's supporters on the board.

Report that John A. Donald, of New York, another member of the board, has resigned, was denied at the white house.

Officials in close touch with the Denman-Goethals controversy said to-day it was not probable that President Wilson would summon either man to the white house to discuss the questions involved.

The president has all available information before him. He knows the two men thoroughly and is expected to settle the matter as quickly as possible on the information he already has.

Captain White, it turns out, offered his resignation to the president one week ago on the ground of ill-health and went on a vacation. When he returned the row between Chairman Denman and General Goethals had become acute and now, it is understood, he would like to remain until the situation clears. Captain White has supported Mr. Denman and Vice Chairman Brent in their opposition to General Goethals. John A. Donald and R. B. Stevens, the other two members of the board, are said to have taken sides with the general.

President Wilson probably will take a hand in the controversy within a few

days and supplement his order dividing authority conferred on him by issuing instructions putting either Denman or General Goethals in supreme charge of shipbuilding. As it is each claims he is responsible. Mr. Donald denied emphatically today reports that he would resign.

THE WEATHER

LOCAL OFFICE UNITED STATES WEATHER BUREAU.

Local data for the 24 hours ending at noon today:

Temperature at the End of Each Hour.
1:00 P.M. 86 1:00 A.M. 67
2:00 P.M. 87 2:00 A.M. 70
3:00 P.M. 87 3:00 A.M. 69
4:00 P.M. 86 4:00 A.M. 68
5:00 P.M. 85 5:00 A.M. 67
6:00 P.M. 85 6:00 A.M. 67
7:00 P.M. 84 7:00 A.M. 65
8:00 P.M. 78 8:00 A.M. 79
9:00 A.M. 77 9:00 P.M. 82
10:00 P.M. 77 10:00 A.M. 83
11:00 P.M. 74 11:00 A.M. 85
Midnight. 72 Noon. 86
Highest temperature yesterday, 88.
Lowest temperature this morning, 68.
Highest since the first of the month, 89 degrees on the 21st.

Lowest since the first of the month, 50 degrees on the 11th.

Precipitation for the 24 hours ending at noon today, none.

Precipitation since the first of the month, 4.33 inches.

Maumee river stage at 7:00 A. M. today, 5.5 feet.

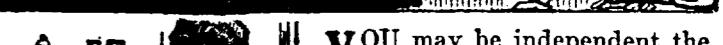
Relative Humidity—
7:00 P. M. yesterday, 52 per cent.
7:00 A. M. today, 78 per cent.
Noon today, 48 per cent.
Barometer, Reduced to Sea-Level—
7:00 P. M. yesterday, 30.03 inches.
7:00 A. M. today, 29.94 inches.
Sun sets today 7:00 P. M. Sun rises tomorrow 4:29 A. M.

BIG REVIEW AT FORT BEN.

Columbus, Ohio, July 23.—Through an invitation received by Governor Cox, of Ohio, it became known that the governors of all states which sent men to the officers' training camp at Fort Benjamin Harrison have been invited by Major General Barry of the central department of the United States army to attend a review of the men at the camp on Friday, August 10.

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INDEPENDENCE DAYS
IN EVERY YEAR!**

Proven Experience ccc



YOU may be independent the year around and greatly reduce your cost of living if you will take advantage of this seasonal's

CANNING TIME.

Our many helpful utensils and devices will aid you greatly in canning fruits and vegetables in a scientific and economical way.

"Can Always Get What I Want in Hardware at COR. COLUMBIA and CLINTON STS.
**G.C. SCHLATTER & CO.
HARDWARE**

Some People Do Find Good Servants

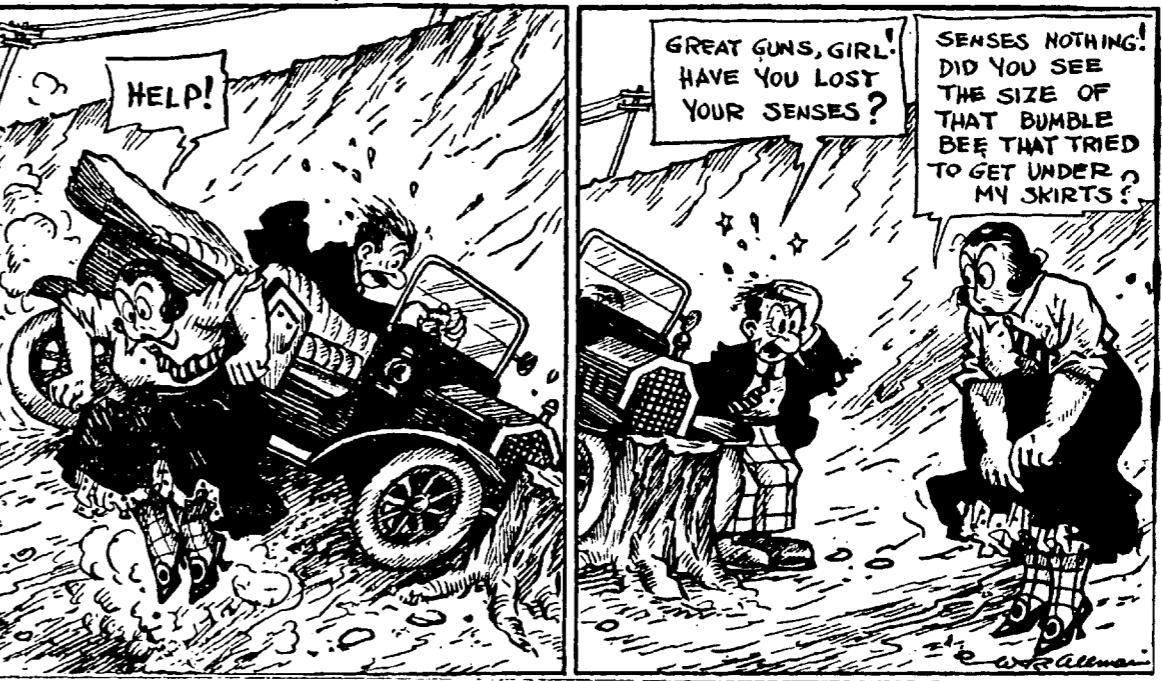
They may be "lucky," of course. But perhaps it's more like good management than good luck.

Most of the good servants are found through "WANT ADVERTISING" or through answering ads. The patient advertiser, who tries again and again—is sure to find, as a reward of persistence, a servant who will be all the trouble of the quest!

Phone Your "Wants" to The Sentinel—173.

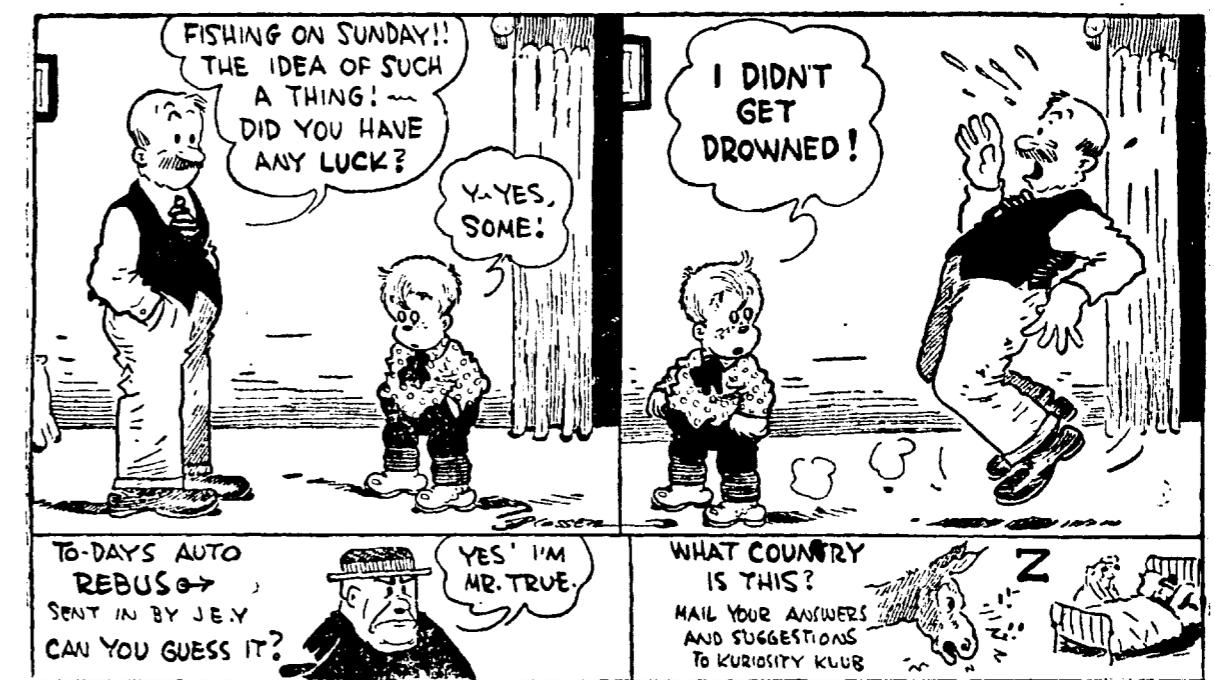
Try Sentinel Want Ads.

BY ALLMAN



OLIVIA WILL BE A GREAT HELP TO THE RED CROSS.

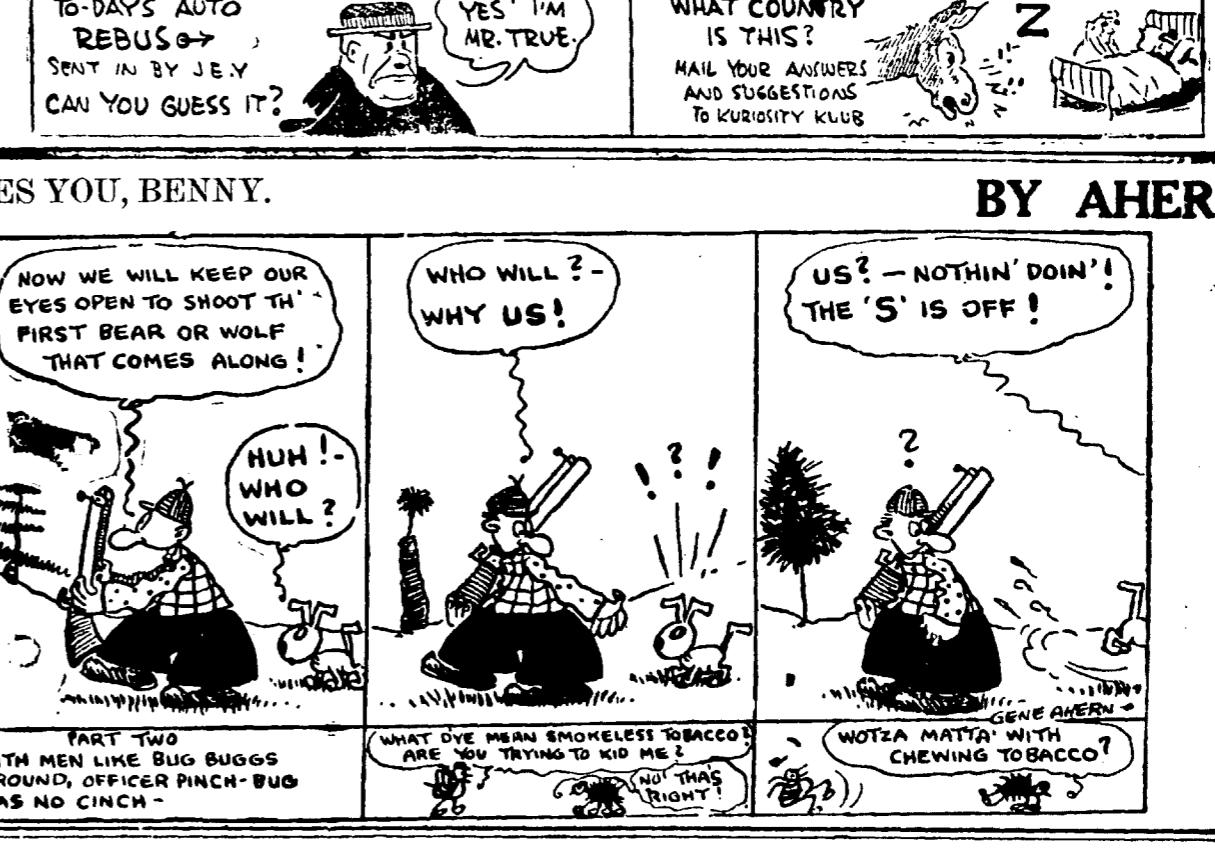
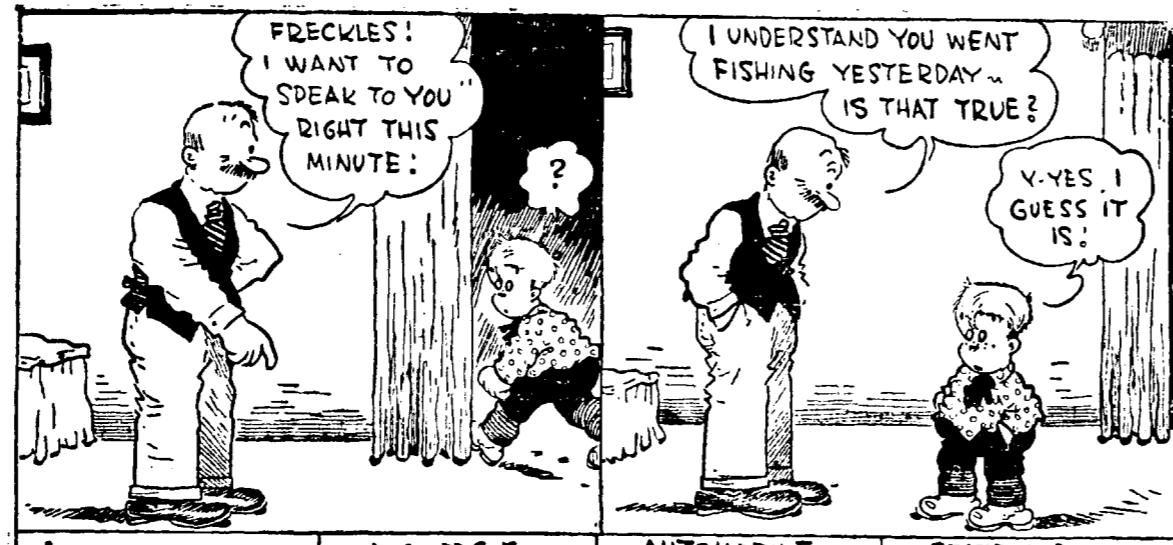
BY BLOSSER



YES, IT WAS LUCK, FOR SUNDAY.

BY BLOSSER

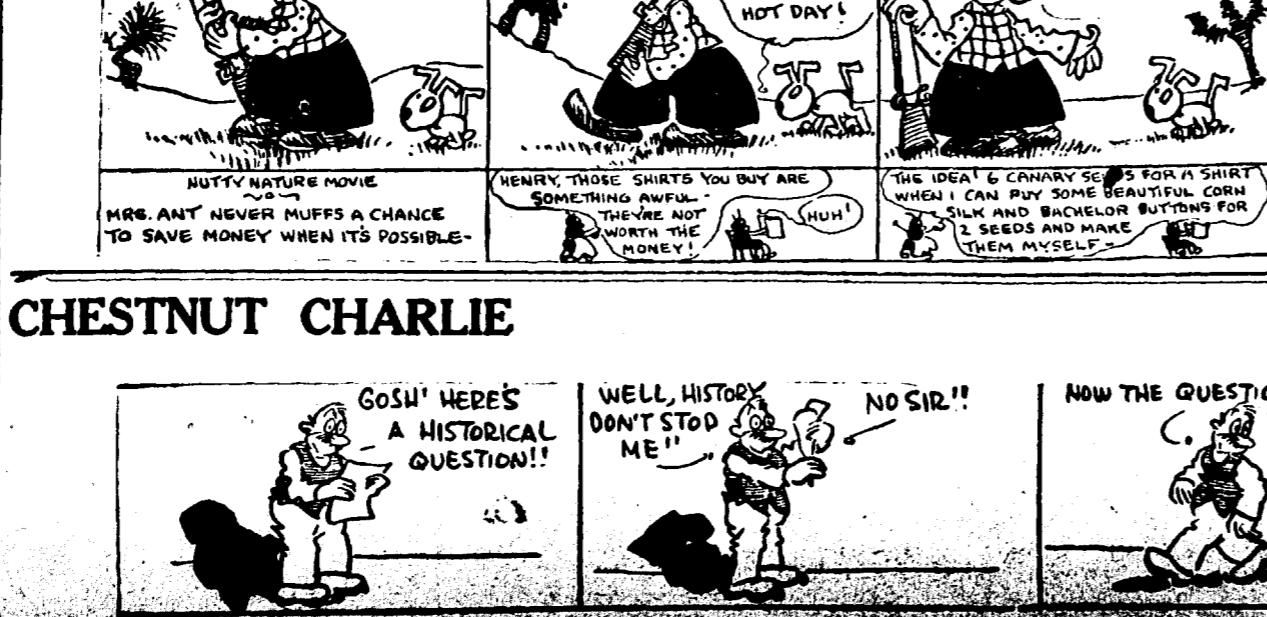
FRECKLES AND HIS FRIENDS



THAT LEAVES YOU, BENNY.

BY AHERN

SQUIRREL FOOD



BY BLOSSER

The Mighty "KNUCKLE" Ball and its effective elusiveness described by Eddie Cicotte



HOW
"KNUCKLE" BALL
IS DELIVERED
Posed By
BILL DOAK,
TWIRLER FOR
ST. LOUIS
CARDINALS

BY J. B. SHERIDAN.

THAT HAS been said that there are more methods of poisoning a dog than by filling his stomach with melted butter. So, too, there are more ways of keeping batters from hitting in a baseball game than by throwing the ball past or through their bats. The "knuckle ball" is one of these ways.

When Eddie Cicotte—now don't say "Si-cot" nor yet "Si-cottay," but "See-kote"—pitched Chicago against St. Louis on April 14, 1917, his name was flashed all over the United States, Canada, Alaska and the Island possessions of the United States. Everywhere an American lives, in the trenches of Flanders, Africa, etc., it is known now that Cicotte pitched a no-hit game.

Great is the fame that follows the pitching of a no-hit game. Few pitchers have done it—as many as one each year, perhaps. Joseph McElroy Mann, a student at Princeton College, was the first man to pitch a no-hit game. That was against Yale, May 29, 1875. In 1876 George Washington Bradley pitched a no-hit game for St. Louis against Hartford. On July 12 the first perfect no-hit, no-man-to-first game was pitched by J. Lee Richmond, a left-hander, for Worcester, Mass., against Cleveland. This Richmond must have been some ballplayer. Batted in second place and had six assists the day he made his famous record.

Lots of them have pitched no-hit games since that time. Larry Corcoran, the famous White Stocking, pitched three no-hit games between 1880 and 1884. Jim Galvin pitched two between 1880 and 1884. The famous Cy Young pitched three no-hit games in twenty-three years, one of them a no-man-to-first affair. Young pitched his first no-hit game in 1887, his last in 1903, eleven years later. Addie Joss pitched two no-hit games, one of them a no-man-to-first soiree. Mountjoy of Cincinnati pitched a hitless game against Toledo in 1882. Breitenstein of St. Louis pitched his first no-hit game in 1891, his second seven years later. Atkisson, Terry, Kilroy, Weyling, Seward and other old-timers all got in their no-hit games. Borden and Devlin pitched no-hit games in 1875. But the honor of having pitched the greatest number of no-hit games goes to Jimmie Galvin, a St. Louis boy, who began in 1876 with the St. Louis Reds and wound up twenty years later with Pittsburgh.

Galvin was a great pitcher. He pitched two no-hit games within six weeks. On July 4, 1876, he held Philadelphia hitless, and on August 17 repeated against the Cass club of Detroit. The same J. Lee Richmond pitched two no-hit games within sixty days for Worcester against Chicago and Springfield in 1879. Klimber (Brooklyn, 1884), McIntyre (Brooklyn, 1904), King (Chicago, 1890) and Wiltee (New York, 1908) all pitched ten innings without a safe hit being made off them. King lost his no-hit ten-inning game.

One No-Hit Game a Year.

Harry Wormwood, a minor leaguer, went seven hitless innings for Fall River in 1910. Toney, now with Cincinnati, then with Winchester, Ky., went seventeen innings, struck out nineteen batters, yet lost, 1-0, May 10, 1902. Wolfgang, now with the Chicago Americans, went ten innings of a no-hit, no-man-to-first game. Justus of Lancaster, Ohio, 1910, pitched four no-hit games in one season, but these were in a small minor league. No-hit games average one a year. All told, Jim Galvin has the best record of no-hit games. He pitched four of them in major league company—two in 1876, one in 1880 and one in 1884. Galvin was a short, stout fellow, a native of St. Louis, and without doubt a very great pitcher.



Ball Is a Hobo

THE "knuckle" ball is the hobo of balldom, its course, even when under "control," being entirely beyond the influence of the pitcher, so far as the "break" at the plate is concerned.

Without the spiral motion that causes a curve ball to do the will of the pitcher, the knuckle ball, floating up to the plate, gathers a pad of air in front of it and then veers, no one in advance knows whither.

It is a hobo!

thrown with variations of pace, slow, medium or reasonably fast.

When it is understood that the fast and curve balls are governed by very rapid rotation, it will also be understood that the "knuckle ball," coming absolutely without any rotation whatever, surprises, and, to some extent, puzzles the batter. Instead of a whizzing, spinning sphere which looks about the size of a pea, a great, big, globular affair comes up, grinning like a full moon. It seems to be easy to hit. The fact is that it catches the batter off balance. He is expecting a fast one or a curve, and is "set" for that sort of ball. Here comes a lazy, loafing, soft-looking ball, seemingly as big as a football.

The ballistics of it is that just as it reaches the point where it makes good hitting, the ball takes an entirely inexplicable "shoot" and drops, it seems, into the ground.

This disappearance of the "knuckle ball" is easily explained. The science of ballistics teaches us that air packs up in front of any projected missile and forms a cushion. The density of the air just in front of a rifle bullet, or a baseball, or football, or even balloon, is greater than the density of the air on either side of said moving projectile.

To pierce this air cushion, the rifle bullet is given rotary motion. That is what rifling is for. The bullet bores into the cushion of air as an auger bores into soft wood. If the bullet did not have this rotary or boring motion it would divert from its mark and make its final destination uncertain. That is why a smooth-bore musket is inaccurate in bullet delivery.

The cushion of air in front of the bullet that does not rotate diverts the missile and makes aim uncertain. The rifling of the piece gives the bullet the rotary motion essential to accuracy.

The Ball and the Air.

So it is with pitched balls. The rotary motion given them by the pitcher controls their motion. The fast ball will shoot in or up for the reason that the pitcher imparts a side or upward rotation to the sphere. The curve ball will break out or down because the pitcher gives it a rotary motion that acts when the air cushion becomes so dense that it affects the forward movement of the missile.

But the floating, nonrotating "knuckle ball" has no rotary movement to take it past the air cushion in any designated direction. It packs up an air cushion in front of it. When the air cushion becomes so dense as to impede its progression in a direct line forward, the "knuckle ball" does one of three things.

It takes a shoot either straight ahead, to the right or to the left and downward.

Not even the pitcher can foretell in what di-

EDDIE
CICOTTE



I attribute my early success this season. You see, when I am fat I can't get my arm to follow through with my pitch. My upper arm hits my right breast and won't move farther. Thus I have been pitching with a short, jerky motion, which is not good for control."

Cicotte is a native and resident of Detroit. He got his first engagement in his native state, at Sault Ste. Marie. After one season there the Detroit club signed him. The then manager, a clever chap named William Aronour, thought Cicotte was too light to succeed in the major leagues. He sent him to Augusta, Ga.

"Aronour and Detroit could not see me as a pitcher," said Cicotte, "but I did my home town a good turn when it sent me to Augusta. On the same team with me was a green young outfielder. He was wild and would make any number of mistakes and 'bone' plays, but he could hit the ball a mile now and then, he was fast, and he was burning with ambition."

"I recommended this young man to Detroit. They accepted my recommendation and signed him. He is still with them. His name is Cobb."

Sold to Lincoln.

Detroit appreciated what Cicotte had done for it in recommending Cobb it did not show its appreciation by retaining the little pitcher. He was sent to Indianapolis. He did not stick in that company, but retrograded to Des Moines in a lower class club, and was sold to the Des Moines club.

Des Moines recalled him again in 1907, but could not see him as a pitcher. They sold him outright to Lincoln, in the Western League. Cicotte had another good year and Boston took a chance on him in 1908. He stuck after five years' trying.

Weight began to worry Cicotte now. He did well in 1908 and 1909, but not so well in 1910. In 1911 he had a bad year because his wife was very ill during the summer. So Boston released him to Chicago for the small sum of \$1,500, waiver price.

Cicotte did good work for Chicago. He has been the club's leading pitcher for several years. He cannot be worked very often, but when he does pitch, his team and the spectators know that the club that beats him will have to pay ball.

Like Lajole, Dubuc, Rondeau, Fabrique, etc.

Cicotte is a French Basque. The Basque provinces of France and Spain are peopled by an ancient race, derived genealogists do not know exactly whence. They were in France and Spain before the Celts, who were in Europe before the Teutonic races. Thus, the Basques have been in Europe longer than any other people. They have a language which differs from French and Spanish, and the people themselves are radically different from their French and Spanish countrymen.

As far as can be seen, the Basques are the greatest ballplayers of the world. The greatest original ball game known to the Basques by the Spanish name "pelota" or "volly." It is known as "Jai Alai" in America, and is played in great courts all over Spanish-America. The Jai Alai in St. Louis was originally built for a pelota court during the world's fair of 1904. The ball used is harder and faster than a baseball, is about the size of a pool ball, and is thrown against a rock wall by players who use curved baskets attached to the left hand for the purpose. Pelota is a wonderfully interesting game and calls for the highest type of trained athlete. Only Basques play pelota. They are an extremely vital people, and, though numbering less than 2,000,000, produce notable men. Generals Joffre and Foch, heroes of the great world war, are of Basque extraction and birth.

The Basques are a very independent, liberty-loving people. When Don Carlos was fighting to become king of Spain, he solicited the aid of the Basques. It was granted him on condition that while he might call himself king of the other provinces of Spain, he must be content to be known as president and plain Don or "Master" in the Basque provinces. The French Basques always refused to acknowledge the sovereignty of Napoleon I, or of any other French sovereign or government of which they did not approve.

Cicotte keeps busy in winter. He has a garage in Detroit, which takes a lot of his time. He hunts and fishes whenever he can find leisure. A wife and two daughters represent his family. He is 34 years old and seems to have many years of pitching left in his right arm.



WILL HAVE COMPANY AT SISTER'S FUNERAL

**Officer Will Accompany Man
Who May Not Have
Registered.**

Commodore Keck, who formerly lived in Cedarville, made a mistake when he rode a Wabash freight train into Fort Wayne Monday morning to attend his sister's funeral. He was halted by Wabash Detective Buick. When a razor was found on him Keck was taken to jail.

Keck told Judge Kerr that he is 27 years old, and has lost his registration card. The judge does not like the story. He ordered Keck held under \$100 bond until Tuesday.

"But I must attend my sister's funeral," insisted Keck.

"We will arrange that," assured Judge Kerr.

The funeral of the sister, Margaret Leininger, 2538 North Clinton street, will be held at the Klaehn & Melching chapel at 2 o'clock Monday afternoon. One of the county deputies will accompany Keck to the funeral and after the burial will return the man to jail.

Keck is now under bond because of an attack made on members of his family at Cedarville a week ago. He threw all his near relatives out of his home and then walked to Fort Wayne, where he was arrested on an assault charge.

The latest charge against Keck is that of train climbing, but Judge Kerr thinks that the man has also failed to register.

REPORT SHOWS GOOD WORK OF RED CROSS

**Shipping Station Opens for
Northern Indiana Chap-
ters Today.**

One of the busiest weeks of the Red Cross chapter was experienced up to Saturday night, as shown by the report of the chairmen of the various departments in surgical supplies and hospital garments.

Sixty-four enrolments were recorded Saturday afternoon at the headquarters, fifty of them coming from the new auxiliary formed at Monroeville, and eleven from Monroe. Several donations were also reported, \$25 coming from the Howard Council, Royal Arcanum. Mrs. Marion Phares, of Winchester road, route No. 9, gave ninety cents which she obtained from the sale of flowers. Two little girls from Lakeside brought in the headquarters \$1.50, which represented the receipts from a benevolent circus given Thursday afternoon.

Children at the Guildlin, Lakeside and Smart playgrounds are being instructed in the art of knitting, and are putting in some of the time spent at the recreation places helping the Red Cross.

The shipping station for the 120 Northern Indiana chapters which will come under the jurisdiction of the Fort Wayne chapter, opened Monday, although supplies will probably not start coming in for a few days. The room has been completely overhauled, with shelves and tables placed around in convenient places.

GEAKE QUILTS DRAFT BOARD

(Continued from page 1.)

William Geake declares that his only reason for resigning from his place on the draft board is because of the serious illness of his 7-year-old son. The boy is now being treated at a resort in the Adirondack mountains. The father has received word that the condition of the lad is critical and he may be called to the bedside at any time.

"This exception board task is one which would demand the constant attention of the board members until the draft armistice has been completed," Mr. Geake said Monday.

"I do not want to start the work and be forced to break it off later. It is better to get another man before the work begins."

Mr. Geake declares that his action is not moved by any dislike of the painful duties which will fall to the lot of the exemption boards.

Major Hosey states that he has no idea who will be the new member appointed on the second section board. Gustav Boerger is secretary and Dr. L. P. Drayer is the physician making up the remainder of the board.

No More to Quit.

Mr. Geake, who is one of the first men in the country to resign from a draft board after the lottery has been drawn, will be the only member of Fort Wayne boards to quit from the task about to start.

"I am going to stay with the work as a matter of patriotic duty, to loose all of my medical practice," said a physician on one of the three boards Monday. Other members of the three boards, when called by telephone, said that they had no intentions of getting out from under the responsibility about to be theirs.

"I am sure the action of William Geake casts no reflection upon him," said Mayor W. J. Hosey, Monday. "His record as a citizen is too plain for such an insinuation to be well founded."

"The place must be filled at once," Mayor Hosey went on. "This work of caring for the situation at hand must not be halted at this time."

Nothing Definite.

No definite information regarding the time when they shall begin their work and the date of notifying the draft subjects has yet been received by the draft board members.

Headquarters literature relating to the mode of examination and the grounds and processes for exemption were unloaded at the city clerk's office, Monday.

First questions to be answered in writing by conscripts will be regarding their physical condition. The questions which will immediately preclude the physical test, are:

Have you found your health and habits in any way interfere with your success in civil life? If so, give details:

Do you consider that you are now

sound and well? If not, state details: Have you ever been under treatment in a hospital or asylum? If so, for what ailment?

The three questions are to be sworn to and appear above the signature of the young man being examined.

Then comes the physical trial. Nose, throat, teeth, eyes and ears will be important parts of the examination.

With the physical examination the appeals for exemption may be given. A booklet containing forms for preparing affidavits to support claims from army service has been presented to the board and will be given those who appear to escape the army draft.

A bundle of blank forms to be used when appeals are taken from the decision of the local boards are also at hand. Work will be ready to start here as soon as instructions to proceed are received.

Many Queries.

Major Hosey and the office of the city clerk received dozens of letters, Monday, in regard to the drawing of the draft numbers. Many young men in distant cities are anxious to know their conscription numbers. Some young men wish to know if they must come back to Fort Wayne for examination when their number is called. It is the present opinion that reports for examination must be made at the place where registration was conducted.

CHAUTAUQUA ENDS TUESDAY

(Continued from page 1.)

The band will also give a concert in the afternoon.

Although Fort Wayne's first chautauqua, it will not be its last. In every way it has been a success. The Redpath bureau has furnished splendid programs each day and financially the club is more than gratified. A goodly sum, after all expenses have been met, will be realized.

The program this afternoon was featured by an address by George L. McNutt, of New York city, on "How to Meet the High Cost of Living." Mr. McNutt is a food expert of international reputation.

Lieut. Bowman Tonight.

Lieutenant Robert Bowman, hero of Verdun, who spent eighteen months in the European conflict and served with the allies as a soldier in the first line trenches and as a member of the field service of the ambulance corps in France, will speak tonight, following a Mother Goose festival in charge of Miss Katherine Stiles, the children's worker. On account of her congressional duties, Miss Jeannette Rankin, congresswoman, who is on the program for tonight, is unable to fill her chautauqua engagements.

Lieutenant Bowman's lecture is illustrated with views he has taken on the battlefield. He took a prominent part in the Somme and Aisne offensive for nine months and later distinguished himself at Verdun. Because of valorous deeds he was honored with the Croix de Guerre, the Cross of War and the golden star, the highest decoration given up to that time to any foreign non-combatant.

Lieutenant Bowman is an American and returned to this country when diplomatic relations were severed with Germany. He arrived in Fort Wayne Sunday for his engagement here to night.

EMBARGO IS HARD SHOCK

little sign as yet of a change in the temper of the disaffected Russian troops sufficient to bring about an effective resistance to the Teutonic progress, which threatens disaster to the Russians.

On the western front there is a different story to tell. The desperate onslaughts of the crown prince's forces are being met with gallant resistance by General Petain's troops and such small bits of territory as have been gained by the Germans have been dearly paid for.

Last night the German assaults were renewed on the Calonne and Casemates plateaus for the mastery of which colossal efforts are being put forth. Some headway was made on both these elevations. But General Petain's men are clinging bravely to them both, although driven out of first line trenches. The Germans attacked the support trench on the Calonne plateau but it was retained by the French in its entirety.

Today's official reports from the Gallican front are little, if any, more encouraging than those of the last days. While efforts are being made to restore order among the Russian forces, the Austro-German offensive between the Stripa and the Zlota Lipa is being pushed and additional villages have been occupied by the Teutons.

Toward the northeast and of the Russian front the situation is different. The Russians have taken the offensive and opened up a gap two miles deep in an important sector of the German line near Krevo and Vilna, incidentally capturing more than 1,000 Germans. Here, too, however, certain detachments appear to have been worked upon by the extremists and are fighting so indifferently as to jeopardize the development of the Russian success.

**REGISTRANTS WHO
WOULD VOLUNTEER
MUST MAKE HASTE**

(Continued from page 1.)

will then be appended to the registration list of their district and then immediately affected by the selection drawing of last Friday, just as though that had been included in the list at that time.

Prepare for Queries.

Officials of Provost Marshal General Crowder's office were preparing today for the great number of inquiries and requests for rulings which they expect from the local boards as soon as examination of the men for the first draft begins. Probably it will take several days for the boards to become thoroughly familiar with their work.

After that officials expect the examinations and exemptions of men or their certification to the higher boards for military duty will proceed rapidly.

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Seen Shady Brook Park?

CHAOS IN THE RUSSIAN ARMY

(Continued from page 1.)

Let it find encouragement to strike those who by their cowardice are destroying Russia and the revolution."

Referring to the threatened disaster, the telegram says: "Most military units are in a state of complete disorganization. Their spirit for the offensive has utterly disappeared. They no longer listen to orders of their leaders and they neglect all exhortations of comrades, even replying by threats and shots. Some elements voluntarily evacuate positions without even waiting for the approach of the enemy."

"Refuse to Give Relief." Cases are on record in which an order given to proceed with all haste to such and such a spot to assist comrades in distress has been discussed for several hours at meetings and reinforcements consequently have been delayed several hours.

"These troops abandon their positions at the first shot of the enemy. For a distance of several hundred yards long files of deserters armed and unarmed, men in good health and robust, who have lost all shame and fear, they can act altogether with impunity are proceeding to the rear. Frequently entire units desert in this manner."

RUSSIANS GAIN IN DRIVE.

Petrograd, July 23.—The Russians attacked the Germans near Krovo and Vilna, north of the Pinsk marshes, and penetrated the Teuton lines for a distance of two miles, according to an official announcement made here to day. The Russians captured more than 1,000 Germans but the development of the war and the capture of the moral weakness and incapability of certain Russian detachments.

Between the river Sereth Stripa and Zlota Lipa the Russian statement says the Austro-Hungarians continued their offensive, occupying villages. The chief of the Russian divisional staff was killed while re-establishing order among the units on the east Galician front.

See Shady Brook Park to-day.

SUMMARY OF THE DAY'S WAR NEWS

(Continued from page 1.)

Kerensky, concededly the strongest man to be found for the task, is willing to grapple with all his widely recognized force and ability.

The war situation for the moment demands consideration chiefly at two points where the Germans have concentrated their main military efforts—the yielding position of the Russian front in eastern Stripa and the section of the French front near Craonne.

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HARD SHOCK**

(Continued from page 1.)

He said that America had decreed that she would not permit exports to neutrals as long as these neutrals exported to Germany. Consequently, Herr Erzberger said Germany would very shortly lose its source of support.

The terrible fate, he said, had to be faced that the military authorities had entirely figured out these supplies and that nobody in authority could find an answer or give an idea from where these supplies were to come.

GERMANS ATTACK FRENCH.

Paris, July 23.—Continuing their violent attacks on the Alsace front the Germans last night stormed French trenches on the Casemates plateau, the war office announces. On the Calonne plateau the French maintained their supporting trenches.

DUTCH COMMISSIONERS COMING.

Amsterdam, July 23.—The minister of agriculture and commerce has appointed a commission of three to proceed to America to represent Dutch interests in connection with American exports. The commissioners are Engineer Van Elbe, Honen Vandoort, ex-vice president of the East Indian council, and Van Vollenhoven, director of the Netherlands bank.

**PRESIDENT TO
TAKE A HAND**

(Continued from page 1.)

board of three, as voted by the senate. The president may take a hand in some of the other conflicting sections.

President Wilson is understood to prefer the senate prohibition section forbidding manufacture of distilled liquors, but allowing the manufacture of beer and wine. The house passed an amendment to the bill.

Isolated shooting from windows has occurred, but order is being energetic in restoration, and all suspects arrested. It is noted, while drastic measures are being taken to prevent any further insubordination of criminal agitation.

EXAM FOR ROOKY OFFICERS.

Fort Sheridan, Ill., July 23.—Three hundred men at the reserve officers' training camp here from Michigan, Illinois and Wisconsin today presented themselves for medical examinations for provisional second lieutenants in the regular army. Those who pass the medical examination will go before an examining board for inquiry as to their general qualifications for commissions.

EXPLODING TIRE FATAL.

Elwood, Ind., July 23.—Mrs. Martin Shores, 52, was injured fatally six miles south of here today while on her way

IF

you need competent help—
you are looking for a position—
you own real estate and Want to Sell It—
you have a vacant apartment or room That You Want to Rent—
you have an automobile That You Want Cash For—
you Want to Sell Some of Your Household Effects—
you have anything to sell or want—

**MANY DIVORCES ARE
GRANTED AT AUBURN****Three Decrees Are Granted
in the DeKalb Cir-
cuit Court.**

(Special to The Sentinel.)

Auburn, Ind., July 23.—Severing of the marriage ties seemer to occupy the greater part of the time of the DeKalb circuit court Friday and Saturday and three couples settled their marital troubles at this time. Mrs. Loretta Funk Kiggs who was asking for a divorce from her husband on the ground of non-support, was granted the suit and was restored to her maiden name, Loretta Funk. The defendant did not put in an appearance. The couple had been married five years.

James A. Shull, of near Auburn, was granted a divorce from his wife, Sadie Shull, and given the custody of their three children aged 15, 14 and 6 years. Mr. Shull claimed cruel and inhuman treatment and charged his wife with neglecting her home and children. Mrs. Shull did not appear and was represented by Prosecutor James R. Nyce.

Mrs. Myra Ginder was granted a divorce from her better half, Jacob Ginder, a farmer of Wilmington township, on grounds of non-support. The couple were married in 1900 and lived together until 1910. They have two daughters, aged 16 and 14. The plaintiff was granted a divorce and the custody of the children.

Auburn Short Items.

Mrs. C. O. Osborn, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Frank Cook, of West Ninth street, for some time, died at the latter's home Friday night, death being due to cancer. The body was taken to Bluffton, Sunday, for funeral and burial. Besides Mrs. Cook, she leaves one daughter and three sons.

Miss Joyce Kanauer of Pioneer, O., who is visiting Miss Edna Shugars, was the guest of honor at a party given at the Shugars home Friday afternoon when a company of thirty young ladies were entertained. Miss Kanauer is employed in the Ashland College, teaching expression and physical culture. She returned to her home today.

Sheriff Baetz was called upon Saturday when a suspicious acting stranger who had been hanging around the interurban station for several hours, aroused the suspicions of travelers and they called the official who asked the man to move on. The man claimed to be a lecturer. He purchased a ticket Friday afternoon for Waterloo but continued to hang around the station until Saturday afternoon, and made himself a nuisance by the many questions he continued to ask. He carried a large heavy suitcase and a winter overcoat.

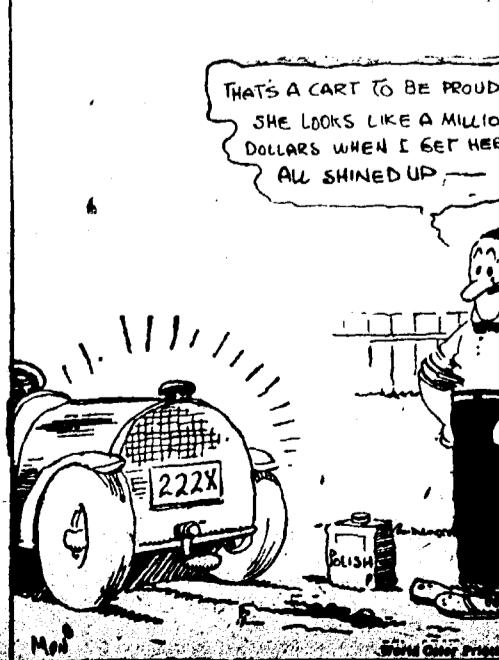
25 choice wooded lots on macadamized streets still left in Shady Brook.

**LESSONS FOR THE AMATEUR FARMER
DOING IT ON LITTLE GROUND INSIDE**

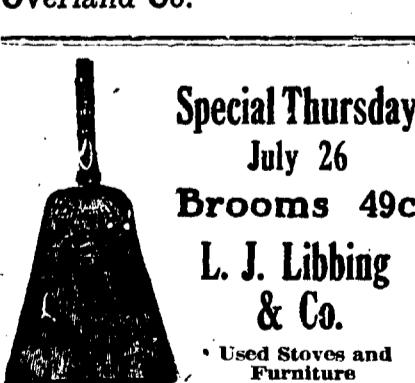
The ideal way to raise tomatoes at their best. There are 6,000 plants in this one greenhouse.

BULL RUNN
BY CARL ED

Here's
Where He
Gets the Noble
Appointment
as Official
Washer for the
Runn Family
Car!

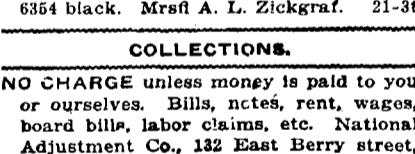


Special Thursday
July 26
Brooms 49c
L. J. Libbing & Co.
Used Stoves and Furniture
205 E. Main St.

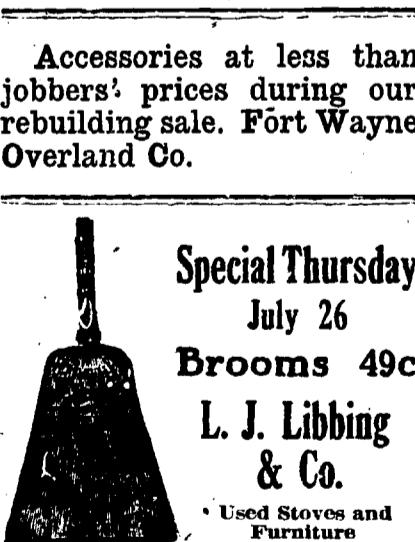


COLLECTIONS.

Accessories at less than
jobbers' prices during our
rebuilding sale. Fort Wayne
Overland Co.



**SENTINEL WANT
ADS. ALWAYS
GET RESULTS**

**START A SENTINEL "WANT AD"****1c A WORD**

Working for You Tomorrow.
Don't Put it Off—
PLACE YOUR AD. TODAY.

Phone 173

Near Electric Works
NEW ALL MODERN 6-ROOM HOME
Pullman kitchen, French doors;
lot 38x140. \$300 DOWN

**A RENTED HOUSE NOT A HOME**

Your family will never have the attachment for a rented house that they would have for a home of their own. Let us build you a real home for your family. You'll be surprised how easy it is to own a home.

City & Suburban Bldg. Co. Second Floor Phone Utility Bldg. 2772

Will Accept Vacant Lot on Any of These Homes—Balance Small Monthly Payments.

6-room cottage, 2 blocks of Keltz Mills; large lot. Price, \$2,300.
7-room semi-modern home near Bowser. Price, \$2,550.
Modern 6-room house on Short street. Price, \$2,300.
6-room semi-modern house on High street. Price, \$2,400.
6-room cottage, on South Webster street, near Dawson. Price, \$2,250.

See MONROE W. FITCH & SONS, The Earth and Insurance Men. Opp. P. O. Surety Bonds. 5% Money.

A DANDY NEW HOUSE
ON THE SOUTH SIDE
Large living room, dining room,
Pullman kitchen, furnace, bath,
three bed rooms, built-in buffet,
FULL LOT ONLY \$3,850
PAYMENT PLAN



NEAR BOWSER'S
Fine 6-room home, new and mod-
ern. LOT 40x140
\$300 Down Takes This

**TWO HARRISON HILL
HOMES**

Strictly modern 8-room house, close
in; \$3,800.00.
3 acres with fair buildings, neat
poor farm. \$4,800.00.

Strictly modern 8-room house, Wal-
street. \$3,500.00.
Strictly modern 9-room house; oak
finish; hardwood floors; fine garage;
Brackenridge, near Webster: \$5,000.

Fine 6-room cottage with soft wood
bath near Bowser's. \$2,500.

Modern 7-room house, oak finish,
hardwood floors. \$4,800.

Good 8-room house on paved
St. near Electric works, \$2,500.00.

FIRE INSURANCE.
K. VORNDRAN

Rooms 3 and 4 Pixley Block
(Second Floor).
Phone—Office, 460; residence, 8074.

H. C. HITZEMANN
SEWING MACHINES CO.

Dealers in New Home and White Sew-
ing Machines. Monarch Needles, repair
for any machine. Bicycles and sundries
Sewing machine repairing a specialty.
New location, 228 West Main Street.

Phones 2480-6820. Machines rented.

**WE WILL SIGN
YOUR BOND**
LENNART ORTIEB
ROOMS 303-304 NOLL BLDG

Martin's Plumbing Shop
PLUMBERS
and
HEATERS
Hanna & Buchanan
PHONE 6379

X

Manson, Fowler and Record Bicycles
\$22.50, \$27.00, \$31.50, up to \$40.00
Choice of Tires. G. & J. Clincher
(Vale & Co.) and Standard
tire tread (value \$1.00), free on
any of our bicycles.

Fancy Tread Bicycles tires not
standard, \$1.00 extra.
Penn Vacuum Cars \$4.00
Section Tread \$3.50
Miss Clincher \$2.50
Standard Tread \$2.00
Techno, Star Fly 2.50
Thorn-Proof, each 1.50
Spun steel, each 1.00
Spun wire, each 1.00
Spun wire, each 1.00
Spun wire, each 1.00

ROOFING.
NORTHWEST READY ROOFING CO.
ROOFING experts over ten years; 4,000
satisfied customers prove our service;
work and material cannot be equalled.
Let us show you. Phone 7206. 4-28-6m

LAST YEAR'S PENN AND THORN PROOF TIRES, EACH
\$2.50. (Electric Lights \$1.25, \$1.75 and \$2.00).
Come to the
BROSUS & BROSUS, 126 East Columbia St.
Good second hand bicycles, \$5 to \$15.
Store open evenings, April 1 to July 1

**WE WILL SIGN
YOUR BOND**
LENNART ORTIEB
ROOMS 303-304 NOLL BLDG

WABASH VALLEY LINER
Effective August 27, 1916.
WEST-BOUND TRAINS LEAVE

6:00 A.M. 1:30 P.M.
7:30 A.M. 2:30 P.M.
8:00 A.M. 3:00 P.M.
9:30 A.M. 3:30 P.M.
11:15 A.M. 4:00 P.M.
12:00 Noon 4:30 P.M.

SOUTH-BOUND TRAINS LEAVE
6:00 A.M. 1:00 P.M.
7:00 A.M. 2:00 P.M.
8:00 A.M. 3:00 P.M.
9:00 A.M. 4:00 P.M.
10:00 A.M. 5:00 P.M.
11:00 A.M. 5:30 P.M.

Trains leaving here at 7:30 A.M. 9:30
A.M., 11:15 A.M., 1:30 P.M., 2:30 P.M.
make connections at Peru for Indiana
and Illinois.

—Limited trains
—To Boyd park only.

—To Huntington only.

—Local stops between Fort Wayne and
Elkhart on Sundays only.

—Daily except Sunday.

J. REEDER, Agent

For Wayne & Northern Indiana Traffic
Co.

WABASH VALLEY LINER

Effective August 27, 1916.

WEST-BOUND TRAINS LEAVE

6:00 A.M. 1:30 P.M.

7:30 A.M. 2:30 P.M.

8:00 A.M. 3:00 P.M.

9:30 A.M. 4:00 P.M.

11:15 A.M. 5:00 P.M.

12:00 Noon 5:30 P.M.

1:00 P.M. 6:00 P.M.

2:00 P.M. 7:00 P.M.

3:00 P.M. 8:00 P.M.

4:00 P.M. 9:00 P.M.

5:00 P.M. 10:00 P.M.

6:00 P.M. 11:00 P.M.

7:00 P.M. 12:00 M.

8:00 P.M. 1:00 A.M.

9:00 P.M. 2:00 A.M.

10:00 P.M. 3:00 A.M.

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12:00 M. 5:00 A.M.

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A DAY WITH WAR TANKS

British Monsters Given a Deal of Attention by Their Keepers.

HUGE AND AWKWARD, BUT ARE TERRIBLE

Only Small, Lithe, Strong Men Fit to Serve in a Tank's Belly.

British Headquarters in France, June 31.—(By Mail)—Under the shelter of a green ridge, about fifteen miles behind the present front line trenches, one may come upon the encampment of the tanks. The parade ground is like a distorted page from Gulliver-Lilliputian men at play with Brobdingnagian toys.

A dozen of the monsters are lying stretched out in the warm afternoon sun, being combed and oiled and scoured by their industrious attendants who are like mere meddlesome pygmies beside their great steeds. Over at the edge of the parade where the level ground breaks up into ridges and hillocks, two or three of the big iron horses are seen in pairs.

Grunting and puffing, creaking and complaining they move along not with the easy stride of the story-book giants, but with the cumbersome gait of a huge muscle-bound turtle, house on back. But nothing discomposes them in their grumbling advance. They mount terrace five feet high with a steady gait, keeping an even balance as though they negotiate a mole hill and the steady pace of their caterpillars is unchanged with their climbing up a steep slope or clattering along the level.

Tank Man Has No Snap.

The job of a tank man is no sinecure. The interior is not built for comfort. It is crowded with machinery and guns and armor and in motion the deck sways and bucks like that of a little torpedo boat in a storm. Nor is the roof high enough to prevent danger of receiving a sound thumping if one is too tall. Men for tanks are picked for small stature and slender bulk. They must be tough as nails but occupy no unnecessary space. A fat man would stick in the manhole which is alike entrance and exit. A tall man would have to spend his time in a half erect position which would interfere not only with his own efficiency but with that of everybody else on board. If you would spend a few minutes on board a tank you must have your steel helmet with you and your gas mask carefully encased in its waterproof bag, ready for emergency.

Climbing through the great manhole requires a little knack of its own. Legs first is the approved technique, although to others there appear grounds for the reverse process may be just as satisfactory.

Lies first, one is in danger of placing a foot or a leather clad ankle against a hot engine case, with disastrous results, but with care this can be avoided.

Spick, Shining and Plain.

Everything is spick and span shining with abundance of oil, but no superfluous luxuries of brass or nickel to take away the business-like bareness and grimness of gray black armor plate which obtrudes everywhere. As in a battleship, the preferential position from the point of view of safety, is given to the engines. They lie just above the floor, stretching in a longitudinal position to the center of the craft while shafts and cranks run under a special armor casing, at the back of the cams which operate the caterpillars and the big push wheels at the rear.

The painting of the tanks is a great pastime in the tank encampment. Modern protective colors of battlefield weapons offer a wide field for the development of the cubist art and the decorative appearance of a tank going into battle suggests that some painter who all his life had specialized in banner-painting had suddenly gone amuck with paint and brush.

Only 25 lots left in Shady Brook, all choice wooded lots on macadamized streets.

GARRETT NEWS.

Garrett, Ind., July 22.—Mrs. Frank Gingery, of Johnson street, is suffering with a broken arm which she sustained in a fall down the cellar stairs at her home Friday. The member is broken right at the joint and the entire arm is badly bruised.

The Garrett Grays defeated the Bluffton team Sunday in a game on the local grounds with the score reading 7 to 4. Garrett has an excellent team this year, having lost but one game.

A special car over the Fort Wayne and Northwestern brought forty members of the men's class of the Simpson Methodist Sunday school of Fort Wayne, to this city Sunday morning and they attended the Methodist Sunday school here in response to an invitation from the Wesley Brotherhood. They remained for church and lunch.

Miss Georgia Laur, of Fort Wayne, is the guest of Miss Esther Cogley for a few days.

Mrs. Charles Brown and sons, Richard and Charles, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Galloway for a few days.

Mr. George Novinger is visiting her son, Carl, at the Great Lakes naval training station, near Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Estes went to Chicago Saturday for a few days' visit with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Galloway, of Danville, Ill., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Gordon.

Rev. Tinkham returned Saturday from a few days' outing at Lake Wawasee.

Mr. and Mrs. George Stone, of Crystal, Michigan, are visiting the latter's brother, Ira Gingery and wife. Mr. and Mrs. Gingery and their guests and L. G. Gingery and wife and Dr. and Mrs. R. M. Barnard motored to Toledo Sunday.

To Shady Brook Park: Go east on Lincoln Highway and follow the river.

A FINAL CLEARANCE OF UNDERMUSLINS

In Which Have Been Grouped Into Special Value Lots the Remainders From Our Early Season Sales of Muslinwear

This is really an occasion for stocking the wardrobe--an opportunity for prospective brides, for summer travelers and the thrifty woman in general.

\$1.50 Petticoats \$1.19

—Of such quality as women like to wear with separate skirts and summer tub dresses. They're made of fine cambric, some with knee flounces of lace and embroidery, others plain tailored with scalloped edge flounce. Exceptional offering at \$1.19.

Other fine petticoats reduced as follows:

\$1.95 values	\$1.49
\$2.25 and \$2.50 values	\$1.95
\$3.50 values	\$2.95
\$4.50 values	\$3.95

All higher priced petticoats at special reductions.

\$1.00 Corset Covers 79c

Dainty little garments with their lace and embroidery trimming, many having short sleeves of solid lace, and all made of an extra quality nainsook.

Neat plain little corset covers, regularly 25c, are specially priced at 19c

Regular 50c covers, with a bit of tasteful trimming; regular 50c; sale price 39c

\$1.50 Pajamas \$1.19

Women's pajamas, of cool Solsette and Madras, in plain, pink, blue and white; regularly \$1.50; sale price, \$1.19.

\$2.95 Wom'n's Gowns \$1.95

A collection of gowns, made of finest quality nainsook, and daintily trimmed with laces and embroideries, some having shoulder strap of insertion.

Regular \$1.50 Gowns \$1.19

Regular \$1.95 Gowns \$1.49

Regular \$2.50 Gowns \$1.95

—A small group of Philippine hand-made women's gowns, originally \$2.95, in this sale at \$1.95.

\$2.50 Crepe de Chine Chemise \$1.89

Exquisitely made of good quality crepe de chine in envelope style, with trimming of laces, and finished with ribbon straps.

\$2.25 Silk Bloomers, \$1.95

Practical little bloomers, plainly made of crepe de chine in flesh color and white.

All Silk Gowns Reduced.

The entire stock of women's crepe de chine and wash satin gowns are reduced for this clearance event.

\$5.00 Gowns \$3.95

\$6.50 Gowns \$4.95

\$10.00 Gowns \$7.50

\$12.00 Gowns \$8.95



FIFTY LINEN SETS

Marked For Clearance This Week

Quality Pattern Cloths with matching napkins—linens of proven worth, sizes for all length tables, in round and oval designs. Linens from our selection of Moravian, Fleur-de-Lis, Derry Vale, Shamrock and Rey Aine' lines.

8-4 Size
\$18.00 sets, \$14.75
\$25.00 sets, \$20.75

8-10 Size
\$27.50 sets, \$22.50
\$35.00 sets, \$29.00

8-12 Size
\$31.50 sets, \$27.50
\$35.00 sets, \$29.00

8-14 Size
\$34.00 sets, \$28.50
\$41.00 sets, \$38.75

EXTRA
For clearance—Tablecloths, size 90x90; \$8.50 value, \$4.98.

8-16 Size
\$38.50 sets, \$32.50
\$42.50 sets, \$36.75

HEMSTITCHED LINEN SETS

Cloth and six napkins to match; size 64x80—\$8.00 values, limited number, they will go at \$5.95 per set.

These Electric Fans Will Blow Themselves Away at \$4.49

Remember last summer—the frightfully hot July and August days, when there wasn't an electric fan to be had for love or money?

Fan manufacturers made up their minds that in 1917 there should be no dearth of fans and forthwith turned out enough to cool the whole hemisphere.

But the perverseness of the weather took another turn and sent us a cool June, a still cooler July—and the fan men were distraught and overloaded with a supply of electric fans!

To come to the point, a manufacturer made us an offer of these fans, and by purchasing a large quantity, we offer them at

\$4.49 EACH

Guaranteed for Two Years.

They're just like cut—five-inch blade size to be used on direct or alternating current; the cost of operation being very small. They can be carried from one room to another—a constant companion on hot days and nights.

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY.



NOTHING TO DO BUT WAIT

Notices Will Be Sent to Those Who Have Been Drafted.

FORT WAYNE TO FURNISH 383 MEN

Many Questions Are Asked by Those Subject to First Call.

GARRETT NEWS.

SPEED MANIA BRINGS DISASTER FOR YOUTH

Sack Cloth Is His Garb for a Time While in the City Jail.

Albert Crowell, 17, repented his misdeeds in sackcloth and in a dark cell of the city jail when his sins had found him out Sunday morning. He was arrested because he forged a check to buy a motorcycle. He was disbarred because the clothes he wore belonged to John Lober. Crowel was given a gunny sack for garment until his relatives brought him clothes. Crowel's cell garment was made by cutting holes in the bottom of the sack for his legs and tying the top of the sack about his neck.

The lad was bound over to the circuit court under \$500 bond Monday morning to Jeffersonville he will be one of the sturdiest inmates in the prison. He pleaded guilty to the forgery complaint when arraigned in police court.

Crowel forged the name of Henry Miller on a check for \$15 in order to purchase a motorcycle, he admits. He was once before convicted on a charge he deemed sufficient notice to charge a man with the duty of presenting him self.

However, each board will try to give notice to each person by mail as to when and where he is expected to present himself, but if the letter fails to reach its destination that cannot be made an excuse for failure to appear.

It is important that each person who has been drafted and who has changed his address since the time he registered shall send his new address to the board.

According to the latest estimates Fort Wayne will be called upon to furnish 383 men for the new army and Allen county 106. Other counties in northern Indiana will be called upon to furnish the following number of men: Adams, 106; DeKalb, 88; Huntington, 139; Jay, 108; Kosciusko, 27; LaGrange, 104; Steuben, 91; Wells, 136; Whitley, 118; Noble, 43; Wabash, 182.

Get the Habit Of Reading Sentinel Want Ads Daily

You can glance through The Sentinel Want Ad Pages each evening with little or no effort, and the habit is a very profitable one—whether with any fixed need in mind or not. One single opening or money-making chance that comes to you through our Want Ad columns more than justifies the time spent in reading them night along.

Afterward refreshments will be served.

men were sent for and the trio confined. The case was dismissed Monday.

Used a Beer Mug.

Fred Rodenbeck, saloonkeeper, will be tried Wednesday on a charge of assault on an Italian. It is alleged that the pair had an argument in Rodenbeck's place of business Saturday night and Rodenbeck struck the foreigner with a beer mug.

Other Police Court Cases.

George Martin, colored, drew a knife on a man who disagreed with his views on when the couple were talking in the court house lobby, it is alleged. Martin was arrested by Detective Sergeant Spillner on a disorderly charge. He will be tried Tuesday.

Charles Fohmuth, 56, charged with mistreating children, was fined \$15 and costs. No criminal charge could be proven against the man, although two boys told of undue attentions.

Cases of public intoxication were: John Mayfield, fined \$25 and costs; Robert Elder, \$5; Theodore Dreyfuss, \$5; Carl Shultz, \$1; Charles Heske, \$1. Harry Fernwell, Joe Osheski, John Curran and Clarence Warren were released. Guy Hellinger will be tried on Tuesday.

Olaf Olson, who was brought back from Logansport and who is charged with neglecting his children, will be tried on Saturday.

Accessories at less than jobbers' prices during our rebuilding sale. Fort Wayne Overland Co.

PATRIOTIC WEEK FOR KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS

Lodges Will Have Union Service and Entertainment Tonight.

. Knights of Pythias all over the country will observe patriotic week, starting today. All of the local lodges will unite in a patriotic service Monday night. On Friday night an ice cream social will be held at Swinney park, the receipts to be given to the Red Cross. The Elks' band will play for the occasion. The program for Monday night is as follows:

Plane Solo..... Miss Esther Thompson

Address Judge R. J. Erwin

(Of the supreme court.)

Patriotic Solo..... Miss Gertrude Potter

Death Story..... George Chapman

Whistling Solo..... Lynn Lined Drill.

..... Python Skin Drill Team

Plane Solo..... "Star Spangled Banner"

..... Miss Esther Thompson

Afterward refreshments will be served.

—The Sentinel, Union, Indiana.

game between the married men and the single, the former winning, 18 to 7.

Veterans Meet.

The veterans of the Sion S. Bass post, G. A. R. meet Monday night in Vandalia hall. They will make arrangements for the flag raising ceremony to be held at Robison park, August 5.

Lodge Notes.

TRYING TO SAVE RUSSIA

FIRST SECTION

The Fort Wayne Sentinel

Only Evening Newspaper in Fort Wayne Receiving the Associated Press Dispatches

ESTABLISHED 1833.

MONDAY EVENING, JULY 23, 1917.

-16 PAGES.—2 CENTS.

WEATHER FORECAST FOR FORT WAYNE AND VICINITY.

PROBABLY SHOWERS TONIGHT AND TUESDAY.

Cannot Enlist After Local Board Posts Name

REGISTRANTS WHO WOULD VOLUNTEER MUST MAKE HASTE

Provo Marshal General Crowder Issues a Ruling That Definitely Fixes Time When Man Is "Called."

MASTER TALLY SHEETS SOON TO BE SENT

Washington, July 23.—Registrants under the selective draft law are not eligible for voluntary enlistment in the regular army or the national guard after their names have been posted by local exemption boards as summoned for examination.

Brigadier General Crowder, provost marshal general, promulgated this ruling today to make definite the status of men on the registration lists who now may desire to join the regulars or the national guard. The ruling which is supplementary to instructions sent to recruiting officers by Adjutant General McCain is as follows:

"After a registered person has been called for military service by his local board and directed to appear for physical examination he ceases to be eligible for voluntary enlistment."

The ruling of General Crowder was necessary in order to establish definitely the time when a registered man was to be considered as failing within this prohibition.

General Crowder held that the posting of the name of a registrant by the local board at its headquarters constituted notification to the registrant that he was called for examination, and thus set the period when he would be no longer eligible for voluntary service.

Prior to that time even though his name may be among those who will be called in the first quota in any district a registrant may be accepted for the regular service as a volunteer.

Checking Official Tally.

Checking the official tally sheets of the draft was about complete today and printing the master sheets which will guide local exemption boards in summoning the men for the first increment of 687,000 troops proceeded rapidly. The sheets probably will start out in the mails late today. Regulations to govern the application of the master list by the local exemption boards have already been promulgated and include a method by which any difficulties arising from confusion of serial numbers are to be overcome. The plan is to regard such registration cards as additional to the number already provided on the local lists.

A separate drawing will be held by state authorities to place these additional cards and such other cars as may have come in by mail, since July 10, in order as they are drawn. They

CHAOS IN THE RUSSIAN ARMY

Deplorable Conditions Reported to Premier Kerensky.

ORDERS GIVEN TO SHOOT DESERTERS

Regiments Run From Positions Before Germans

Fire a Shot.

Petrograd, Sunday, July 22.—The chaotic conditions prevailing on part of the Russian front are disclosed in a telegram sent to Premier Kerensky, the provisional government and the council of workmen's and soldiers' delegates by the executive committee and the commissioner of the provisional government with the second army, on the southwestern front. The telegram announced the inauguration of stern measures to combat disaffection.

Extreme Measures Needed.

"We unanimously recognize that the situation demands extreme measures and efforts, for everything must be risked to save the revolution from catastrophe," the message reads. "The commander-in-chief on the western front and the commander of the second army today have given orders to fire on deserters and runaways. Let the country know the truth.

(Continued on Page 14, Column 2.)

RUSSIA APPEALS TO PEOPLE TO JOIN TO RESCUE THE NATION

Petrograd, July 23.—Following is the text of the proclamation issued by the provisional government calling on the people of Russia to oppose the dangers which threaten the nation from within and from without:

Citizens: The fatal hour has struck. The German emperor's armies have broken the front of the national revolutionary army. This terrible operation has been facilitated by the criminal levity and blind fanaticism of some and the treachery of others.

At this fatal moment when, taking advantage of the general confusion, the hidden forces of counter revolution can raise their heads, the remodeled provisional government clearly realizes its heavy responsibilities. It possesses, however, full and firm confidence in the strength of the great Russian people and in the rapid recuperation of the life politic, now that the contagion which has

shaken the national organism has manifested itself and burned itself out in an acute crisis.

The government firmly believes that the crisis will lead to recovery, not death. Strong in that belief, the government is ready to act with the energy and resolution the exceptional circumstances demand.

The government regards as its first and capital task the application of its whole strength to the struggle against the foreign foe and to the defense of the new governmental regime against every anarchical and counter revolutionary attempt, without hesitating to take the most vigorous measures in its power.

At the same time the government reiterates that not a drop of blood of a Russian soldier shall be shed for any foreign end, as already proclaimed to the whole world.

(Continued on Page 14, Column 2.)

Summary of the Day's War News

Unlimited powers have been granted the Russian provisional government under Premier Kerensky to grapple with the sinister forces threatening to wreck the new Russia born of the March revolution.

The grant comes from the most powerful representative body in the nation, the council of soldiers and workmen's delegates and the peasants of all Russia assembled in Petrograd.

The title of the ruling body, the "Government of National Safety," recalls immediately the famous committee of public safety of 1793, formed in the crucial period of the French revolution. With Kerensky serving not only as premier, but as minister of war and marine, it is apparent that vast powers are thus lodged in the hands of this one man, suggesting those of the virtual dictator.

The mandate of this committee is to restore order both at the front and at home—admittedly a difficult task in the face of the powerful influence both within and without the nation working against the present regime. It is evident one, however, with which

(Continued on Page 14, Column 2.)

EMBARGO IS HARD SHOCK

German High Command Had Counted on Food Supplies as Usual.

GAINED SUPPLIES THROUGH NEUTRALS

That War Lords Calculated on America Is Brought Out.

London, July 23.—That high German command had based its calculations on food supplies which America has been sending to neutrals became known according to the Daily Mail, through the famous speech of Herr Erzberger, head of the Catholic party in the reichstag, made before a secret session of that body.

This newspaper referred to this address as a "bombshell." Herr Erzberger remarked that although America's entry into the war was of little military value it was important owing to the extent to which Germany has depended on the neutrals for food and other supplies.

(Continued on Page 14, Column 3.)

COUNTY FAIRS AGREE TO HELP IN RECRUITING

New York, July 23.—The management of twenty-two county fairs to be held during the summer and fall in all parts of the country have agreed to aid the navy department in its recruiting campaign, according to an announcement made today by the naval publicity bureau. At many of the fairs it was said posters will be displayed and billboards on fair grounds will be erected, should the navy department wish it.

Several of the larger circuses have also agreed to do what they can to aid recruiting. One will carry a special recruiting tent with it during the show season, which will be turned over to the navy department for the purpose of recruiting in each town the circus visits.

(Continued on Page 14, Column 1.)

HUSBAND IN PORT OF MISSING MEN

Grover Scott, 140 Franklin avenue, was in the best of spirits Saturday evening. He kissed his wife and two small children "bye-bye" and went to the barber shop. The night swallowed him up when he left the shop. No trace of him has been gathered by his distressed wife since that time. Police have been informed and are aiding in the hunt for the young man.

"He could not get into the army because of having a thumb off," said Mrs. Scott Monday. "I find that he quit his job at the Brown Trucking company Saturday. I do not know where he can be now."

(Continued on Page 14, Column 2.)

GEAKE QUITS DRAFT BOARD

Critical Illness of His Son Given as Reason for Resignation.

MAYOR WILL APPOINT SUCCESSOR AT ONCE

Other Members of City Boards Declare Intentions of Staying With Job.

William Geake resigned his position as a member of the draft exemption board for the second division of the city, Monday morning. Critical illness of his son, George, is given by Mr. Geake as his reason for quitting the work of examining conscripts.

Mayor W. J. Hosey received the for-

mal notice of Mr. Geake's resignation Monday noon. The signed statement had been left with Deputy Clerk Leroy Swartz two hours before.

The mayor will proceed at once to appoint a successor for William Geake, who was chairman of the board representing the city district west of Calhoun street and north of the Pennsylvania tracks, known as district No. 2.

Mayor Hosey believes the draft law gives him authority to appoint the man himself and to secure the approval of the governor later.

Mayor Hosey may wire Governor Goodrich in order to explain the situation and secure his approval of the new appointment Monday evening. The mayor is anxious to have the vacancy on the important board filled with all dispatch.

(Continued on Page 14, Column 2.)

ARMED KILTIES MARCH CHICAGO STREETS FREE

Chicago, July 23.—The sight of British troops under arms marching through the streets of Chicago was witnessed for the first time today when a battalion of Canadian Highlanders and their regimental band paraded the downtown section.

The Highlanders who are here to stimulate "British recruiting week" came direct from New York, and as a tribute of American regard brought the colors of the Seventy-first regiment of New York.

(Continued on Page 14, Column 2.)

MERCURY ON WAY TO HIGHEST POINT

Temperature Monday Gave Promise of Rivaling the High Mark.

ALL AMERICAN AIRMEN TO GET UNDER ONE HEAD

Paris, July 23.—Plans have been completed for bringing all American aviation forces here under a single direction, working in conjunction with other military branches. The aviation corps will be planned into two classes. One will operate within 125 kilometers and the other within a range of 200 kilometers. The tactical units will cooperate directly with the troops, doing preliminary reconnoitering, pursuing enemy aviators and bombing enemy establishments. The strategic squadrons in general will operate independently. They will be engaged in destroying enemy bases and supply bases. They will also take part in squadron fighting and day and night bombardments. Observation balloons will be used largely as an adjunct to the artillery. It is ordered that hereafter the names of no American officers except Major General Pershing and Major General Siebert be mentioned in news dispatches.

(Continued on Page 14, Column 2.)

RUMORS FROM GERMANY

Uncle Harry Explains the Talk About Revolution

On Page 5.

CHAUTAUQUA ENDS TUESDAY

With Two Grand Concerts by the Famous Creator's Band.

LIEUT. BOWMAN SPEAKS TONIGHT

Mother Goose Festival Will Also Feature This Evening's Program.

PROGRAM
—Tonight.—
Mother Goose festival in charge of Miss Katherine Silles, the children's worker.
Lecture by Lieutenant Robert Bowman, hero of Verdun.
—Tuesday Afternoon.—
Grand concert, Creator's band.
—Tuesday Night.—
Grand concert, Creator's band, with Signor Giuseppe Creatore conducting.

(Continued on Page 14, Column 2.)

HURRY MILK TO ICE, NEWEST HEALTH ORDER

Late Monday afternoon the mercury of the government thermometer was still climbing and evidence was given that this would be the hottest day Fort Wayne has experienced this year. At 2 o'clock, eastern time, or 1 o'clock, standard time, the temperature was 87 degrees.

Thus far last Saturday was the hottest day when the thermometer registered 88 degrees as the high mark. Sunday the highest point reached was 88 degrees. Sunday was an extremely uncomfortable day as people suffered from the intense heat.

A slight breeze Monday made the weather more bearable. The weather man predicts showers for tonight and Tuesday, which will undoubtedly give temporary relief. The temperature at 1 o'clock Monday afternoon was 86 degrees and at 2 o'clock 87 degrees.

(Continued on Page 14, Column 2.)

NOBLE RED MAN BULLY SOLDIER SAY CANADIANS

"These are the sun baked days when bad milk will kill many babies," said Dr. J. H. Gilpin, Monday.

Put milk on ice just as soon as it is received at your home, is the order given by the health department as a result of the sultry spell.

Lay the milk bottles directly against the ice chunks is added. Direct contact with the ice means an added coldness of twenty degrees. Keep the milk as cold as possible.

"If milk is not on ice it will be unfit for baby's use in a half hour," says Dr. Gilpin.

Besides precaution in caring for milk the health men urge that all garbage be carefully wrapped. Flies and other germ carrying insects must not be given a chance if health remains with the burning days.

(Continued on Page 14, Column 2.)

KERENSKY GETS POWERS TO ACT WITHOUT LIMIT

Council of Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates and Peasants of All Russia Vote for Safety.

COUNTER REVOLUTION IS NOW FEARED

Petrograd, July 23.—The council of soldiers' and workmen's delegates and peasants of all Russia voted today after an all night session to grant the government of Premier Kerensky "unlimited powers" under the title "Government of National Safety" for the re-establishment of public order, both at the front and at home.

There are indications that the workmen's and soldiers' council, after the events of the past week and all circumstances connected therewith are apprehensive of a counter revolution.

The central committee has issued a manifesto calling local organizations of the revolutionary democracy and army to be ready at any moment to rally round their political centers, namely the councils of the workmen and soldiers.

The sweeping new powers were granted to the provisional government in a resolution adopted today by a combined sitting of the executive committees of the council of workmen's and soldiers' delegates and the council of peasants' delegates. The resolution which was passed by 252 to 57 reads: "Recognizing that the country is menaced by a military debacle on the front and by anarchy at home it is resolved:

"First—That the country and the revolution are endangered; "Second—That the provisional government is proclaimed the government of national safety;

"Third—That unlimited powers are accorded the government for re-establishing the organization and discipline of the army for a fight to a finish against the enemies of public and for the realization of the whole program embodied in the governmental program just announced."

(Continued on Page 14, Column 2.)

SUPREME LODGE OF MOOSE OPEN IN SMOKY CITY

Pittsburgh, July 23.—With more than 15,000 delegates registered, the twenty-ninth annual international convention of the supreme lodge, Loyal Order of Moose, was formally opened here today. The delegates were welcomed to Pittsburgh by Mayor Joseph G. Armstrong. John W. Ford, acting supreme dictator, presided. Vice President Thomas R. Marshall, who was to speak at today's session, was unable to come to Pittsburgh.

SHOOTING AND LYNNING.

Petrograd, July 23.—Three occupants of a motor car dressed as sailors and soldiers shot at a group of officers and soldiers on the steps of the People's

(Continued on Page 14, Column 2.)

NOBLE RED MAN BULLY SOLDIER SAY CANADIANS

London, July 23.—(By Mail)—Canadian officers on leave here from the French front, have informally recommended to American officials that Indian Indians be employed or enlisted for service with the American expeditionary forces. Manitobans, with the Canadians, have done excellent work at scouting in No-man's land.

"Again and again, during the past two years I have seen them go out at night between the trenches without firing a shot, without making the slightest noise or creating the slightest disturbance, come back leading a half dozen or so Germans, from whom much valuable information has been obtained."

Two.

ONLY 75 Lots Left in SHADY BROOK PARK!

All Choice Wooded Lots on
Macadamized Streets!

Here are the names of the people
who have already purchased building
sites in Shady Brook Park:

Lots—Name of Purchaser.
 1—F. Schanz, W. Washington.
 2—F. Schanz.
 3—M. Schanz, W. Washington.
 4—John Meyer.
 5—James Ross, 1932 Sinclair.
 6—George Ystroem, 2510 Maumee.
 7—Floyd Potts, R. F. D. 3.
 8—Theresa Lerner, 317 W. Third.
 9—A. Banta, 336 W. Main.
 10—Joshua A. Bunch, 1601 E. Washington.
 11—John R. Elg, 664 Putnam.
 12—Frank H. Hauck, 1115 Eden Ave.
 13—Chas. Speckert, 2528 Caroline St.
 14—Curtis Z. Kromm, 1621 Boone.
 15—C. E. Freiburger, 2023 Bowser Ave.
 16—Henry Franke, 1215 Hugh St.
 17—Ernest Jewell, New Haven, Ind.
 18—Perry J. Ellis, New Haven, Ind.
 19—Oliver Wimans, 1344 Scott Ave.
 20—William J. Becker, 1709 Frank St.
 21—S. S. McQuown, R. F. D. Fort Wayne.
 22—A. C. Seery, 320 E. Butler St.
 23—Cyril Brown, Wayne Trace.
 24—Charles DeVaux, 2402 Wayne Trace.
 25—Charles DeVaux.
 26—Henry Franke, 1215 Hugh St.
 27—C. E. Freiburger, 2023 Bowser Ave.
 28—A. C. Kromm, 1621 Boone St.
 29—Charles Speckert, 2528 Caroline St.
 30—Frank H. Hauck, 1115 Eden Ave.
 31—Lawrence Criswell, Lamp Wks.
 32—John Reig, 664 Putnam St.
 33—Joshua J. Bunch, 1601 E. Washington.
 34—Abu Bunta, 338 W. Main.
 35—John C. Marshall, 1739 Bayer.
 36—John C. Marshall.
 37—Paul Lerner, 317 Third.
 38—Floyd Potts.
 39—H. Smaltz.
 40—H. Smaltz.
 41—August Kruse, 628 Loft.
 42—August Kruse.
 43—Otto Scholl, 3122 S. Calhoun.
 44—Cecil Miller.
 45—Cecil Miller.
 46—William Jackson, Putnam St.
 47—William Jackson.
 48—Gertrude Dregegemyer, 223 W. Jefferson.
 49—William Jackson.
 50—William Jackson.
 51—Lester P. Apperson.
 52—Peter Potts.
 53—P. F. Potts.
 54—Clarence Borrett, 1613 Barr St.
 55—Claude and Ezra Devinsky.
 56—Claude and Ezra Devinsky.
 57—Chas. P. and Jeanie Kern, 1813 College.
 58—Frank McHollister, 1318 Michigan.
 59—John Bilett, 224 Douglas Ave.
 60—Clarence Z. Bortett.
 61—Peter Potts.
 62—H. Oswald, 815 Loft.
 63—F. D. Faught, 1013 Wells.
 64—Valma June Harrord.
 65—Camille H. Kurn.
 66—Joseph A. Friche, 936 Lake.
 67—Joseph A. Friche.
 68—P. J. Swinney.
 69—P. J. Swinney.
 70—Lawrence Criswell, 1319 Clinton St.
 71—Lawrence Criswell.
 72—Frank H. Ross, Bultes Ave.
 73—Frank H. Ross.
 74—J. S. Bowyer, 236 E. Butler.
 75—Carl Puff.

SEE Shady Brook Park Today

Our ground floor office will give you full information concerning this choice property.

Remember the Terms: \$10 down and \$5 a month.

The prices range from \$175 to \$375 for choice lots.

ALL LOTS ARE WOODED.

Shady Brook Park is reached by two concrete drives from the downtown district.

Only twelve minutes from the court house on the Ohio Electric line.

Electric lighting connection for homes in Shady Brook Park at the same rate as down-town users pay.

In fact, the purchaser of a lot in Shady Brook Park buys a lot in beauty and advantages which are worth many times what he pays for the property.

ACT QUICKLY BEFORE ALL THE LOTS ARE GONE

J. S. PEDDICORD
Phone 357.

C. S. KITCH CO.
Phone 74.

Ground floor office on Calhoun St., three doors north of the Jefferson Theatre entrance.

RAILROAD NEWS

FORT WAYNE BOY IS GIVEN A PROMOTION

John Quinn Made Foreman of I. C. Erecting Shops at Burnside, Ill.

John J. Quinn, a Fort Wayne boy, is making good in railway work and will soon be, it is believed by his admiring friends, in a high and responsible office. Word was received here Saturday to the effect that he had been appointed general foreman of the erecting department of the "Burnside" shops of the Illinois Central company at Chicago. These are the most important shops of that company. Mr. Quinn was born, reared and educated in Fort Wayne. He learned the machinist's trade in the Wabash shops in this city, commencing the apprenticeship seventeen years ago. Later he went to the Pennsylvania shops and was for awhile a gang foreman there. Three or four years ago he went to the Burnside shops, where he passed through some minor promotions until he assumed the present responsible office. John is a brother of Thomas F. J. Quinn, the well known Pennsylvania train dispatcher.

COMMERCIAL BRANCH MEETS.

Convention of G. E. Salesmen Opened This Morning.

The fourth floor of the big factory building of the General Electric works, on the south side of Wall street, very much approaches in appearance a mechanical and electrical exhibition, rather than a convention hall. Nearly every product of the big electrical plant is on exhibition on the floor and is taking an important part in bringing out the salient points of the various papers that are being read before the gathering. There are salesmen and "special men" from every part of the United States and Canada at the meeting, which will continue until tomorrow night. General Manager F. S. Hunting gave the opening address, which complimented the men for the part they have taken in the immense traffic the company has enjoyed the past year or two and predicting even greater achievements in a business way for the coming years. Today's program included an address by T. W. Behan on "Fractional Horse Power Division;" Mr. Kline, on "Apparatus Division;" Mr. Smith, on "Price Books and Contract Forms;" Mr. Roberts, on "Estimates and Quotations;" Mr. Hirsch, on "Compensaries and MIC Charging Sets;" Mr. Archibald, on "Furni Lighting Conservators and Panels," and Mr. Towne, on "Advertising of Fort Wayne Department Specialties." After each paper general discussion followed.

RAISED AGE LIMIT.

A Strong Man of Any Age Can Now Find Employment.

Posters from the east announce that the Pennsylvania company has practically eliminated the age limit for new employees. It announced that all men in good health and able to work will be given employment temporarily on that road. Of course when it comes to reducing the force, the old ones will be dropped out first. The General Electric works has also raised the age limit for new employees to fifty and several who are above that age and below fifty-five have been employed. The company recognizes that there are many men over fifty years old who are able and willing to perform as much labor in a day as many of the men under thirty-five years.

SOLDIER LOSES A FOOT.

George Bowman Wounded While Stealing Ride on Train.

Saturday afternoon at Ada, O. George B. Bowman, a member of the Second regiment of Ohio national guards, lost a foot when he fell from the bumpers of a car as he was "stealing a ride" on Pennsylvania extra No. 9,087. The wounded soldier was turned over to his superior officers, who sent him to a hospital. Bowman resides at Leipzig, O. The train was in charge of Conductor S. O. Middleton and Engineer Beidemanneyer.

GEORGE PLACIER HEARD FROM.

Ray Hoffman, general foreman of the general testing department of the General Electric works, received a post card from somewhere in France, on which was written, in addition to the address, the name George Placier. And nothing more. On the opposite side of the card was a peaceful farm scene—four or five children seated on the grass watching a number of sheep and cows grazing in a wooded field. There was nothing suggestive of war in the post card, except the absence of news. Mr. Placier is in the marine service of the French. He worked several years at the General Electric works in this city. His first service there was four or five years ago, following which he resigned to go to the United States navy, where he remained three years. Then he returned and after a course at a college at Columbus took up the surgery, which he followed one season. Re-entering the testing room, he worked a year and then left for France and the post card received by Mr. Hoffman was the first heard from him since he left the works.

FELL FROM CHERRY TREE.

Peter N. Neuman Badly Hurt at Warsaw, Sunday.

Peter P. Neuman, an air brake machinist at the Pennsylvania shops, is suffering severely at his home, 2230 Oliver street, from injuries sustained by a fall Sunday afternoon while engaged in picking cherries at Warsaw. He had ventured out on a limb, which broke and allowed him to drop to the ground, a distance of twelve or fifteen feet. His side, back and right leg were bruised, but luckily no bones were broken and the man was brought home on a train Sunday afternoon. He is unable to walk and

THE FORT WAYNE SENTINEL

The Store That Does Things.

The Last Week of Our July Sale

JUST FIVE DAYS MORE
To Buy Such Extra Values as These:

40 Dozen Of our regular 80c quality Athlete Union Suits for 59c

40 dozen \$1.50 Fast Colored Shirts.....	95c	50 dozen \$1.00 Genuine Cowhide Belts.....	59c
60 dozen \$1.00 Grade Laundered Shirts.....	69c	50 dozen 50c Silk Fibre Wash Ties.....	29c

Hart Schaffner & Marx All-Wool Dixie Weave Suits, \$15.30

And hundreds of other articles that represent the great values

PATTERSON-FLETCHER CO.

Wayne and Harrison.

Two Railroad Men in the Officers' Reserve Camp



Left—Engineer Everett O. Miller, of the Pennsylvania; right—George Tholen, clerk in Superintendent Otto Scholl's office, Pennsylvania. Both went to the officers' reserve corps training camp in May. Prospects of successful examination in each case.

JOINS THE ELECTRICAL DEPARTMENT.

George Bowman Wounded While Stealing Ride on Train.

Joseph Sowers, of the testing department of the General Electric works for the past two years, resigned Saturday and this morning left for Fort Thomas, Ky., to take service as an electrician with the government. He will join Z. M. Brown, who resigned and went to Fort Thomas three or four weeks ago to take service as an electrician.

PRESIDENT KEARNEY GOES EAST

E. F. Kearney, president of the Wabash, passed through the city on train No. 28, en route from St. Louis to the east. Some of the members of the official staff of Mr. Kearney were with him; also some of the division officials.

F. H. Tristram, general passenger agent of the Wabash, went through the city yesterday, stopping off a short time to look after some business.

DELEGATES ARRIVING.

Nearly every train and interurban car arriving in the city today carried one or more delegates to the international con-

vention of the Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen's today, and by midnight all who are to take part in the proceedings will be on hand. The convention will be held in the Lau block, will last two days and be attended by nearly 300 delegates.

INDUSTRIAL NOTES.

After a week's sojourn at Rome City, Oscar L. Lepper resumed work this morning.

H. Louer and M. Junk, of the Pennsylvania shops, are off duty on account of sickness.

E. W. Kann, messenger in the Pennsylvania machine shop office, is sick and off duty.

Machinist C. A. Scott, of the Pennsylvania Voluntary Relief association, leaves this evening for Pittsburgh, where he will attend a two days' session of the advisory committee.

John Wickliff, a carpenter residing on Phillips street, is very sick at his home.

Ed. Docherman, assistant Nickel Plate ticket agent, is out on a vacation trip, accompanied by his wife.

H. C. Hartman, a Pennsylvania cabinetmaker, has resumed work after a vacation spent at Clear lake.

Elmer J. Volon, report clerk at the Pennsylvania superintendent's office, has entered upon a vacation.

Boliermaker C. Henkel and Flue-welder H. G. Thomas, of the Pennsylvania shops, are sick and off duty.

Herbert Krook, a tester at the General Electric works, is out this week on a vacation.

J. F. Bells was in Grand Rapids yesterday on business for the telegraph department of the G. R. & I.

Michael J. Shea, foreman of the wheel department of the Pennsylvania machine shop, is suffering severely from tonsilitis and is not on duty.

Joseph Romary, foreman of the labor department of the Pennsylvania machine shop, is off duty to attend the funeral of a friend.

Hermon W. Kortum, Ross Van Horn and Erwin Rechter, draftsmen at the General Electric works, have gone to the lakes on vacation trips.

Robert Getty, clerk in the Pennsylvania erecting shop, has returned from Dayton, Ohio, where he spent a couple of days with friends.

After a week's outing at Crooked lake W. J. Meshan, a machinist, resumed his duties in the lathe department of the Pennsylvania shops.

Joseph Bowman, of the testing department of the General Electric works, is at Waterloo visiting his parents this week.

C. J. Hermes, foreman of the labor gang at the Pennsylvania car machine shop, and Pat Sculley of the same shop, have started a vacation trip through the country.

the east, which will include a stop at each of the main cities.

Vice President J. J. Turner, of the Pennsylvania, passed through the city in his private car on the G. R. & I. road, Sunday morning, en route south.

Charles Rippe, foreman of the Pennsylvania pattern shop, and his family have returned from a two weeks' stay at Lake George.

J. Laughlin, of the Pennsylvania planing mills, has recovered from an illness that kept him from his work for a week.

F. Blank, Joseph Waligand and J. E. Randol, of the Pennsylvania planing mills, left yesterday for Pittsburgh, where they will attend the convention of the Moose Lodge.

B. A. Karriger, a carpenter under Foreman Henry Shuster, of the Pennsylvania shops, who resigned this morning has enlisted in the United States marine corps.

The Fort Wayne Federation of Labor will meet tonight in Dehm's hall, at which preliminary arrangements for Labor day celebration will be made.

Machinist Neal Beattie, who was knocked down and severely injured two or three weeks ago, was able to resume work at the Pennsylvania shop this morning.

Master Mechanic E. E. Griesel, accompanied by Mrs. Griesel and daughter, Marian, left Saturday for Indianapolis, Ind., to spend a few days with her parents and other relatives.

Earl Saften, after a visit to Chicago and Indianapolis and three or four days at Lake George, resumed his duties as chief clerk in the Pennsylvania boiler shop office this morning.

Conductor and Mrs. J. Gruenert, the former of the Pennsylvania, and his family, are in the August Rahe cottage at Clear lake for a two weeks' stay. Their niece, Miss Lillian Matott, is with Mr. and Mrs. Gruenert.

Hugh Stephenson, a member of the Ohio National Guard, and for several months employed as draftsman at the General Electric works, resigned Saturday, having been summoned to the colors.

I. Chamberlain, brakeman, will be off duty a week or two, as the result of a sprained ankle. He was running to catch a freight train in the east yards, when his foot turned under when it struck a piece of ballast.

Mrs. Bertha Cour, stenographer for T. W. Behan, in the commercial department of the General Electric works, entered upon a vacation this morning. She will spend a part of the time in Buffalo.

Reports from the committee which had charge of the benefit social at Swinney park for the striking Dudo employees, showed net receipts of \$364. The social was given under the auspices of No. 68, Electrical Workers' union.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Sarver, the former the general foreman of the Pennsylvania boiler shop, have gone east to spend a couple of weeks with relatives and friends. They will visit Pittsburgh, Altoona and New Castle and then go to the seacoast.

Train Dispatcher T. J. Costello, of the Pennsylvania, is sick and

Monday, July 23, 1917.

THE FORT WAYNE SENTINEL

THE BOSTON STORE

SOME MIGHTY TEMPTING BARGAINS FOR A FEW DAYS ONLY.

Fancy Dress Voiles, sale price 15c a yard.
40-in. Fancy Voiles, sale price 25c a yard.
Fancy Batistes, 15c values, at 10c a yard.
Sport Striped Suitings, all colors, sale price,
22c a yard.

Fancy Dress Ginghams at 12½c and 15c a yd.
32-in. Plain Kephry Ginghams, special price
17c a yard.

All Percales sold at Sale Prices.

WHITE GOODS SPECIALS.

Plain 40-in. Dress Voile at 25c and 35c a yard.
Corded Splash and Checked Dress Voile 25c
a yard.
Plain and Figured Flaxon at 20c and 25c a yd.
Natalia Silk at 35c and 40c a yard.
Seco Silks, 36 in. wide, all colors, 35c a yard.
Silk Poplins, 27 in. wide, all colors, 50c a yard.

SPECIAL

LADIES' \$1.00 AND \$1.25 LAWN KIMONOS FOR A FEW DAYS ONLY (40c EACH).

WM. HAHN & CO.

NEWS OF FORT WAYNE'S NEIGHBORS

QUESTIONS STATE EVIDENCE.

Defense in Fishback Trial Hints Witness Was Instructed.

Hartford City, Ind., July 23.—That the state's counsel operated a school at Redkey to instruct witnesses how to testify in the trial of William Fishback, charged with the murder of Roy Brown, was intimated by attorneys in the examination of Guy Lacey, called by the state today. Lacey denied that he had been instructed how to testify and had been offered \$500 to find convincing evidence.

Lacey said that Fishback told him in a Dunkirk saloon, "I'll bet \$100 I'll be arrested with Ray Landers for the fight, but there'll be another."

IN HANDS OF RECEIVER.

Huntington, Ind., July 23.—The C. B. & C. is again in the hands of J. C. Curtis, the receiver, who was appointed by Judge S. E. Cook in 1908, when Eben Lesh brought suit asking the appointment of a receiver. Mr. Curtis arrived in Huntington at 10 o'clock and immediately took charge of the short line. He will manage it until the date of sale, September 17. Mr. Curtis, while still receiver, had retired from active management in April to give J. M. Wilson, who bid in the road last January, a chance to demonstrate that he could make the road pay its expenses and to give him time to pay for the road.

INSTITUTE AT WINONA.

Winona Lake, Ind., July 23.—The opening session of the thirteenth annual Christian Citizenship Institute was held on Sunday. Those on the program were Dr. A. Phiman, of Philadelphia; Dr. James S. Martin, of Pittsburgh, and Dr. Lyman Davis, president of the Methodist Protestant church and editor of the Methodist Recorder. The institute will continue throughout the entire week.

HORSES KICK MAY BE FATAL.

Ossian, Ind., July 23.—As the result of being kicked in the head by a

STUFF TO LOSE
SLEEP OVER.CONDAMNS PATENT
REMEDY PROMOTION

National Tuberculosis Association Swats U. S. Commerce Department.

New York, July 23.—Recent action of the United States department of commerce in recommending China to American patent medicine interests as a good field in which to develop their business, is unanimously condemned by anti-tuberculosis workers all over the country through a resolution adopted by the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis made public today.

It is maintained that the information and advice on this subject given in the department's special consular report No. 76 practically places a branch of the United States government on record as promoting a traffic that has been condemned as an evil by every reputable medical or public health body in the country, both official and unofficial. This is of particular moment to anti-tuberculosis workers in view of the fact that the sale of alleged "consumption cures" constitutes one of the most tragic phases of the patent medicine traffic.

The National association in its resolutions severely criticizes the department's action in these words:

"Resolved, that the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis condemns such action on the part of the United States department of commerce, and that the executive secretary be instructed to forward a copy of this resolution to the secretary of said department, urging that hereafter the influence of the United States government should not be used in support of the patent medicine business."

The National association estimates that not less than \$20,000,000 is invested in the business of manufacturing and exploiting fake cures for tuberculosis, and that the annual income from these concerns and individuals is \$15,000,000. About one-third of this amount is spent for advertising, leaving a profit of \$10,000,000 a year, which is characterized by the association as "blood money" taken from ignorant consumptives. There are over 500 of these so-called fake tuberculosis remedies listed. No drug or specific cure for this disease has yet been found, it is declared; but, if discovered early enough, tuberculosis may be cured by proper medical direction and the application of fresh air, rest, and good food.

It is pointed out that China has not yet recovered from the effects of the opium habit that was foisted upon it by western civilization and that it is particularly uncivilized of the United States government to help foist a new evil upon this people while they are in the throes of reorganizing their society on a more intelligent and democratic basis.

Electric fan bargains. V. M. Nusbaum & Co.

WOODEN WARE FACTORY SOLD.

Angola, Ind., July 23.—Orville Carter has sold the wooden ware factory to Frank T. Dole and sons, who hope to have the machinery in motion within a few days. Mr. Dole is at present county treasurer and his term of office does not expire until next Jan-

\$22,000 SCHOOL BONDS

BRING \$200 PREMIUM

New Addition Is Being Built
to School in Whitley
County(Special to The Sentinel.)
Columbus, Ind., July 23.—The \$22,000 Washington township center school addition bonds were sold Saturday afternoon by Trustee D. V. White to a score of residents of that vicinity, who offered a combined premium of over \$200, receiving their bonds at once. The new addition is ready to be roofed.

COLUMBUS CITY SHORT NOTES.

Milo Harshbarger had a foot badly crushed Friday afternoon when a timber fell upon it on his farm.

Samuel H. Flickinger, 56 years of age, a prominent farmer for several years of Union township, was found dead at the foot of a binder he had been operating in his wheat field, Saturday noon, by his employee, Forrest Maloney, who had been called a few minutes before by the stricken man. Death had been due probably to apoplexy or heart failure. Mr. Flickinger had not felt well upon arising in the morning. He leaves his widow, a daughter, Mrs. Lloyd Morey, and the following sisters: Mrs. J. Martin, Mrs. Steve Martin, Mrs. Steve Shaw and Mrs. David Kinsey.

Art Benward, Churubusco barber, received a telegram from A. Anderson, restaurant proprietor of that place, who went to Bay City to identify a man held as the suspected assailant of Benward on the night of May 1. Anderson stated in his message to Mr. Benward that the man held at Bay City was not the one who assaulted Benward.

Lee Carver, employee of the Peabody saw mill, is today suffering with three fractured ribs, the result of being grazed in the side and back by a heavy piece of timber, which, having been pushed into a rip-saw, was allowed to travel back again, and strike the saw, which hurled it into the air, Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the mill.

The case of the state of Indiana vs. William Nichols, of South Whitley, for maintaining a public nuisance—a barn between his home and that of Mrs. Web Trump, was decided against the defendant, who was ordered to remove the same from the front portion of his lot.

CIVIL WAR VETERANS TO RIDE
IN SPECIAL CARS

Civil war veterans of Lawton-Wayne post and Sion S. Bass post, G. A. R., have accepted the invitation of Manager C. H. Williams to attend the patriotic celebration in Robison park, Sunday, August 5. It is also announced that special cars will be provided to take the heroes of the war of '61 to the park, where they will be the guests of honor. All patriotic orders of the city have been invited to participate in this grand celebration, which will also in part be a fitting farewell demonstration for Company E and B as it is expected that they will leave for the mobilization center a short time after this Sunday.

Despite Jail She
is Picketing AgainHow to Overcome
Foot Troubles

If you have tired, burning, aching feet, corns or painful callouses, you know only too well the misery and torture that they bring. It is unnecessary, however, to suffer longer with any of these foot troubles.

Go to your druggist and get a small jar of Ice-Mint. Rub a little of this cooling, healing discovery on your tired, aching, corn-pestered, swollen feet. Instantly the pain of corns and callouses vanishes. And shortly the most stubborn and painful hard corns, soft corns, corns between the toes, or aching callouses, will shrivel up and fall out easily with the fingers, roots and all.

Ice-Mint costs little, is easy and delightful to apply and aside from removing every painful corn or callous will keep your feet cool, easy and comfortable even on the hottest days. Try it. There is nothing better. Advertisements

FRANK DRY GOODS COMPANY

114 W. Berry

Fort Wayne Sole Agents for Sweet-Orr Women's Alls.

Second Floor—Ready-to-Wear Section.

Tub Skirts and Silk Skirts

Tomorrow is Skirt Day

Now is the season for Separate Skirts, for street wear, for sport wear, for knock-about. The July Clearance brings a wonderful assortment at exceptionally low prices.

All Tub Skirts

Are now divided into four price groups. There are more than a score of styles. The savings are very interesting. There are Piques, Gabardines and Corduroys, principally white; a few in colored plaids and stripes.

95c \$1.95 \$2.95 and \$4.95



Elegant Silk Skirts

Nearly three hundred of them with clever pockets and shirred effects—all now underpriced.

\$5.95 Silk Skirts

—Of good quality taffeta, plaids and stripes; also navy and blacks; all sizes.....

\$4.95

Regular \$7.50 and \$8.75 Skirts

\$6.50

for Skirt Day

These are of fine quality heavy, high-lustered silks, in smart styles, plaids and stripes and plain taffetas.

Silk Dresses Formally \$15.00 and \$19.50

You save nearly half on these tomorrow. There are fine crepe de chines and combination taffeta and georgette crepes; plenty of wanted colors; sizes for women and misses; come make your selection early tomorrow.....

\$12.50

YOUTH WHO HAD FALL
IS BUT SEMI-CONSCIOUSHoward Mannier Hovers Be-
tween Life and Death
in Hospital.

Howard Mannier, 17, who lives on Lilian avenue, rural route No. 4, is a patient in the Lutheran hospital with only a slight chance of recovery. He was thrown over the handlebars of his motorcycle Sunday when the machine struck a rut in the road. His skull is fractured, his nose almost torn from his face and his body lacerated.

The accident occurred near Muldoon bridge when the youth was on a fishing expedition Sunday morning. Fred Boehler, 2111 Weisser Park avenue, and Charles Ebert, 2128 Weisser Park avenue, and William Mulgery, 1334 John street, were other members of the party. The young men were fishing when Mannier

took a test trip on his machine. When Mannier neared the bridge his companions heard a crash. They ran to the scene and found the youth unconscious. Paul and Albert Hohman, who were at a farm house near by, gave the use of their automobile to bring the wounded boy to Fort Wayne. He has never fully regained consciousness since placed in the Lutheran hospital. But slight hopes for his recovery are held out.

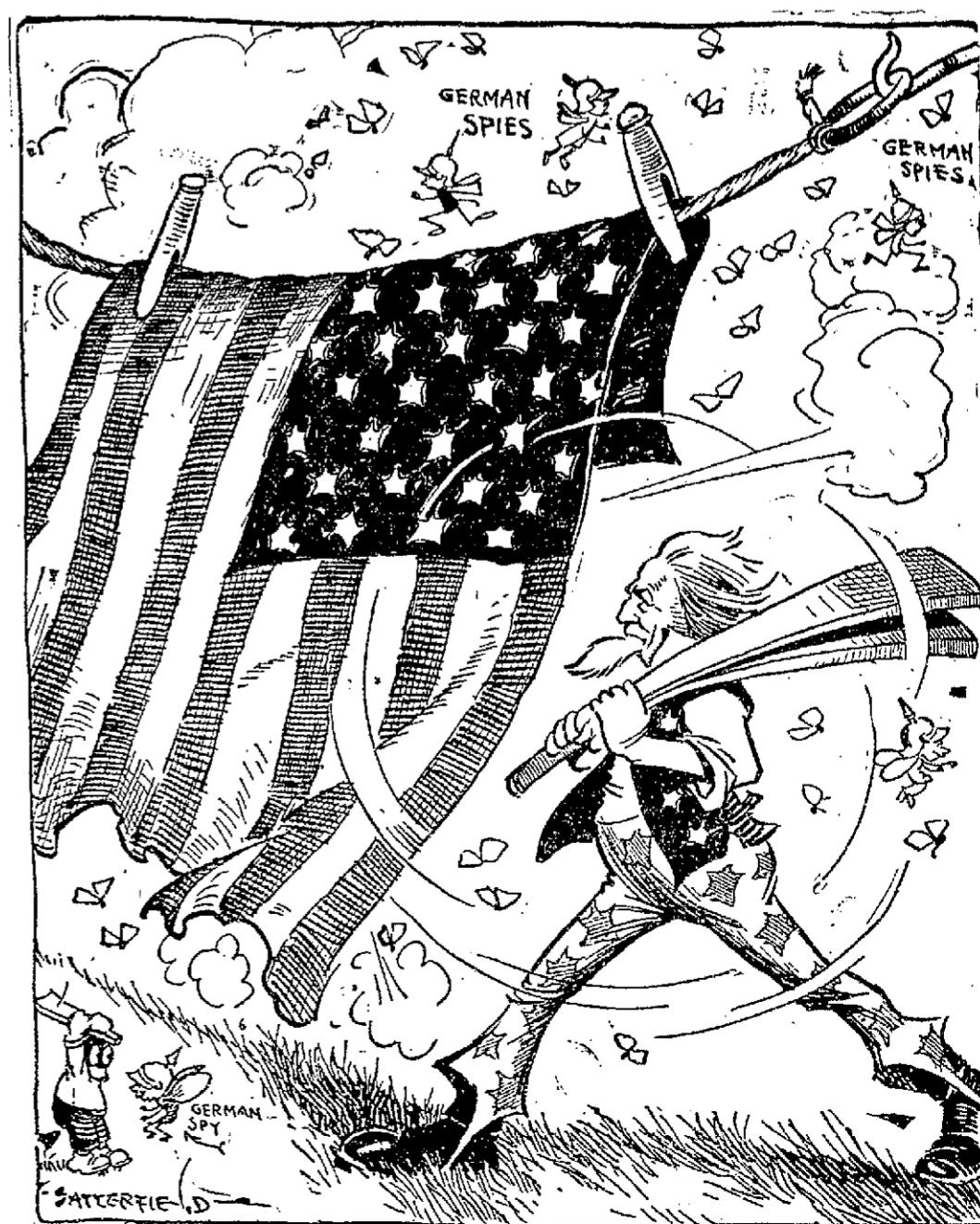
Shady Brook Park lots.
\$175 to \$375. J. S. Peddicord
and C. S. Kitch Co.

WHITE DRESS

PARADE JUDGES

Miss Colarick, of the Daily News; Miss Hood, of the Journal-Gazette, and Mrs. Belle Clark-Williams, of the Fort Wayne Sentinel, together with Attorney William N. Ballou, of the Shoaf building, are the judges who will select the queen and maid of honor at the Annual White Dress parade at Robison park, Wednesday, July 25.

Cleaning Out the Moths!



Hotel Aflantic

Clark St. off Jackson Boulevard
Chicago

The hotel's excellent service, its convenience for the quick transaction of business, its proximity to theatres, shops and public buildings make it the ideal stopping place

450 Rooms
\$1.50 Up
with Bath
\$2.00 Up

Write for Folder F
With Map.The Protective
Electrical Supply Co.Distributors in Any Quantity of
ELECTRICAL, TELEPHONE, AUTO SUPPLIES

Store Closes at 1 P. M. on Saturday.

Phones 1813, 1977

CITY TRUCKING CO.

Storage of Household Goods, Planes, Etc.
Hauling and Moving of Every Description.

OFFICE—CORNER CALHOUN AND SUPERIOR.

Phone 122-1429.

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CHICAGO OFFICE—Mallers Building, Madison and Wabash Avenue, Robt. E. Ward, Representative.

Vol. LXXXIV. No. 283



MONDAY, JULY 23, 1917.

A LITTLE PATIENCE WILL PAY.

The suffering suffs mobilized in Washington for guerilla warfare on the president are to have unmolested privilege to picket the white house, to march their solemn rounds and to carry their emblazoned banners at their own sweet will, personal convenience or obligation to soldierly duty. Having got near a score of picketers out of a Virginia workhouse with its mangy associates and its vermin and its jail soil and its uninviting toil and still more uninviting fare, the president has let it be understood that future interference with the ladies will be distasteful to him. That is not doing what the picketers want him to do and expect him to do, but it is doing a good deal.

The militant women want President Wilson to pass a law giving universal suffrage and put it in the constitution as an irremovable and unamendable part of the great American palladium. These functions usually are initiated by congress and approved by the people through indirect referendum in which the legislatures of the states functionate. But that's neither here nor there. The militants want the president to pass that law or make congress pass it or give them "the vote" without any law or something or other and want him to "do it now." The National Woman Suffrage association wants the same result, but recognizes that there is a prescribed course and that the president is just as powerless as itself to make congress do anything.

That has been given emphasis in these later days. The national association is preparing to urge its claims upon congress and we believe that if this great body of women, numbering something more than two millions of members, will bear patiently with congress and the president until the most pressing of the war measures are disposed there will be excellent chance of a friendly hearing and perhaps something more to the point.

Mrs. Catt, president of association, and other leaders of that body have besought the Congressional union, the small body of suffragists under whose auspices the white house picketing proceeds, to cease trying to annoy the president and to heckle congress while the vital measures of the war were pending, but even this appeal of sister to sister in the name of a common cause, has failed to influence the unionists, who appear to be more interested in their martyrdoms and its notoriety than in forwarding "votes for women."

Universal suffrage is coming to the women of America. The war will set it forward here as it has set it forward in Great Britain. President Wilson is friendly to the cause and doubtless there is a majority in either branch of congress ready to support a resolution to submit the Anthony amendment to the states. Whether the votes necessary to make such a resolution valid can be had at this time may be doubted, though there has been a notable loosening of sentiment toward national enfranchisement of women and when congress can get to it there may be no trouble attending the matter. When it does come it will be the patience and the good sense of the workers in the National Woman Suffrage association and not the spectacular and silly tactics of the Congressional union that will have achieved the victory.

RUSSIA'S BAD PLIGHT.

There lie ahead of Russia critical times. The wisest minds and the stoutest hearts in all of that new and unformed mass of democracy will be needed to save the nation from its ruthless foes that assault it from without and its insidious enemies that plot against it from within. It is plain that Russia has more to fear from the elements of disorder at work among the people inciting resistance to authority and scheming against stability of government than she has to fear from the German armies massed along her frontiers. The

Germans may beat Russia down as a military factor, put her out of the war, exact indemnities and rape her of territory, but with that leave her free to dispose of her internal affairs as the people may elect; but if Russia must fight Russians to preserve national entity there cannot be much hope that she will succeed. Anarchy if not strangled will tear the nation to shreds and leave it to be preyed upon from the outside and besides that set the people to preying upon one another.

When the new offensive of the Russian armies was launched the first of the month and notable successes were won by the brilliant Korniloff, it looked as though authority had gained the upper hand and that the spirit of loyalty and the fighting morale of the troops had been aroused and restored through the efforts of Kerensky. Events of the past few days have well-nigh destroyed every hope that sprung up three weeks ago. On the battle front Russian regiments have given way to permit unmolested advance of the enemy. In Petrograd mutinous regiments have defied authority and fought with the loyal troops of the capital garrison. Anarchists who preach disorder for disorder's sake and hireling agitators who foment internal strife for the German gold they jingle have made common cause against the government. Prince Lvoff, the premier, a great democrat and one of the superb figures of Russian statesmanship, has found it desirable to quit the provisional government. Young Kerensky has become premier and is exercising practically the powers of a dictatorship. Into no better hands could supreme authority to strive for the fencing of Russia from her war foes and for the saving of the land from the forces of disorder descend than into the hands of this amazing young genius. It may be that for the time the provisional government will have to completely abate its complaisance to the free and easy spirit of unqualified democracy that pervades the civil masses and the armies and manage matters with strong hands. If Russia is going to be a democracy and go forward to prosper in material ways, to build up a capable and self-governing people and to found a state strong enough to hold itself together and fend its territories and its rights, there cannot be much further going in the direction pursued since last March.

Events moved with such swiftness in Russia when the revolution broke loose that every national mooring was torn up and the country has been drifting until it finally has brought up in very rough water. Finland is attempting to cut loose and establish complete political independence. The Ukraine presents a problem of menacing difficulty, the soldiers and sailors of Kronstadt have been in a state of mutiny and asserting independence for several weeks and other provinces are rebellious and adding both to the din and to the danger.

Russia is in a bad way when her people will lend no ear of reason to men like Lvoff and Kerensky. Her strong men must save her from her foes and from her ignorant and disordered masses who lately have freed themselves and have a fatuous notion that that is all there is to it. Once Russia plunges herself into a civil war or into unbridled anarchy, as the prospect seems to flatter, the people will understand the need of leadership and strength in their government.

A WORK THAT CANNOT BE OVERDONE.

There is constantly increasing call for the supplies made by the Red Cross branches. There are not enough workers in this department of service to the nation in war. Here in Fort Wayne, the Red Cross chapter numbers some eight thousand members and a vast amount of work is going ahead, yet the volume that is done, great as it is, does not answer the demand. This seems to be true over practically the whole of the country.

Workers are needed for the Red Cross service at home. It should be borne in mind that this service is just as necessary, just as patriotic and just as pressing as service at the front. America has not only her own soldiers to look out for in the matter of Red Cross supplies, but the soldiers of some of her allies. There is a shocking dearth of even the simplest and most elementary things on some of the battle fronts, where sick and wounded men suffer agony wholly needless and in some cases go to death that might easily be escaped save that hospital supplies are wanting.

America is now the only country fighting on the side of democracy that is able to provide these supplies and America is abundantly able to do it. It needs only that there be plenty of workers to turn out the things most commonly needed. Almost every woman can devote some measure of her time to this work. Some are today giving practically all of their time to it. This is most worthy on the part of such as can do it, but it is not necessary in all cases, nor any great percentage of them. All who are able doing what is reasonably possible without neglect of domestic concerns would serve the country admirably.

The senate at length got through with the food control bill and produced something the house will not stand for. Perhaps that was the idea.

THE TRANSFER CORNER

By R. E. M.

"Fare, please! All the glad ones, and the sad ones; all the good ones, and the bad ones—see on here!"

DOG DAYS.

I'll sing a curious little song.
Perhaps you'll find it dull and dreary:
In truth, I drive the Muse along,
And often notice she is weary.
To sing of dog days I'll confess
Requires a lot of nerve and notion;
Still, if you'll bear with me, I guess,
You'll save lost motion.

When Sirius upon the scene
Creeps upward with his constellation,
The other stars feel real mean,
And drive the world to consternation;
Poor mortals must, perchance, throw fits,
Or seek the heart-destroying places;
Freak baths allure, the mud and sitz
Preserve our graces.

The angry stars get jealous now
Of Sirius, who roars and blusters—
He stirs all heaven to a row
With hypochondriac-like flusters.
Throughout this time when flies abat—
Our beam refuse to let us swat them,
This heavenly bully drives us daft—
We know we've "got them."

Our cows—they give us buttermilk;
Our pigs break through our beds of tulips;
Our silk worms all refuse to silk;
We keep alive by mock mint juleps;
Just how we strive through heat and wet
Proves that our life's no bed of clover—
Well—let us sweat and swear and get
These dog days over!

Our Daily Affirmation.

THE DOG DAYS ARE HERE AT LAST, AL-
SO THE CAT NIGHTS—BUT THE LATTER
ARE NOT SO SIRIUS.

Passport to Patriotism.

(July 23.)

"Let us go to the limpid fountain of unadulterated patriotism, and, performing a solemn lustration, return divested of all impurities, and think alone of our country and our glorious Union."

—Henry Clay.

Remosophy.

Truth has the lines of beauty.
Diogenes was the only original spine hunter.
When death lies like a gift in your hand, you
must show mercy.

The only reform most of us care for is the re-
form that works on the other guy.

The women lead us to believe that the vote in
Indiana will never again be a silent one.

Food conSERvation is great business, but we
personally know a great deal more about food con-
VERsation.

Dying for an ideal, according to our observation,
is usually far easier than living with her.

Probably it would be just as well to let the suf-
fragists of Washington act as censors—it would give them
place without pain and importance without
usefulness.

The optimist asks, "Hasn't it been nice and wet
for us?" The pessimist queries, "Doesn't it beat
all hell how the rain has killed the corn?"

Temperament takes the high note; temper swears
at it.

It is injudicious to lie until you have found out
that the truth is unacceptable.

Thanks!

Anthrax, who seems to have climbed back over
the pales of civilization, writes us that we can re-
fer to it as a jardinero (now that Sammyn is in
France) if we do not care to call a vase a vaws.

We have heard W. B. G. call it a vaws, but we
know that the effete East has tinkered with his
taste. Over in Ossian we refer to it as "that there
posy holder-r."

Our Tiresome Friend Remarks:

"MOST PEOPLE WHO HAVE BEEN ARCH-
ITECTS OF THEIR OWN FORTUNES HAVE
FAILED TO LEAVE BLUE PRINTS BEHIND
FOR US TO USE."

Socialistic Idea.

Magistrate—What is this man charged with?
Officer—Economic waste. He has two wives, and
he ought to be satisfied if the law allows him to
starve one.

Thrift.

Ossian Housewife—What's that canned hominy
worth?

C. I. W.—Two cans for a quarter.

Housewife—How much for one, please?

C. I. W.—Fifteen cents.

Housewife (who hasn't been married long, you
know)—Oh, goody! Send me the other one.

Memory Gem.

"The blessing of friendship only falls upon those
who are worthy of it. It lessens the hardship of
wearing toll, and makes poverty less poor. It flashes
brighter than jewels in the palaces of the great.
Not only do the flowers of friendship bloom in the
sacred recesses of cultivated gardens and sheltered
groves; they may be plucked from the dusty way-
side hedges that line the beaten tracks of every-
day life."

The Gentle Philosopher.

Carried Their Bluffing Too Far.

"She said that she disliked all men."

"Yes?"

"He said he just hated women."

"Yes?"

"She said the man she married must have ten
thousand a year."

"Yes?"

"He said that he personally never expected to
have more than a hundred a month."

"Yes?"

"She said the man she married must be able to
live on soda crackers and tea."

"Yes?"

"He said he liked home-made bread, and a wife
who could cook everything in the grocery store."

"Well—what happened then?"

"He told her that he had intended to marry her,
but that under the circumstances they'd better re-
main Platonic friends."

Our Daily Tip to the Kaiser.

WILLIAM, YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED
WITH GARGLING YOUR SOUP, YOU WANT
TO GET BOTH YOUR FEET INTO IT.

Out of Style.

Maude—The play wasn't up-to-date.

Certainly—not—all the actresses wore
clothes.

To a Coquette.

(From the French Vulture.)

Your charms, which, but a face adorn,

can never control a soul well-born.

Your sway's too harsh to be secure,

If any one can't endure—

With all its scorn, ingratitude—

He must be born for servitude,

Or be some wretch whom gods pursue,

In wrath, by giving him to you,

For praise and honor vainly moved.

You cannot love, yet would be loved.

Sketches from Life . . . By Temple



A Friend's Friend

CHINA IS DONE WITH THE MONARCHY SAYS AMERICAN MISSIONARY LATELY HOME

By TYLER BENNETT,
Returned Missionary to China.

"Too bad you are leaving so soon," I remarked a Chinese friend the day I left Peking early last month. We had just received news that the revolting military governors had set up their provisional monarchies in Tientsin and were preparing the bombs with which they expected to blow up the young and feeble Chinese republic and thus clear the way for the restoration of the old monarchy.

"There is likely to be a good show here in a week or ten days," he continued. "I am already bidding for the moving picture privileges. We think we will stage the show down on Feng Tai flats and run special trains from Peking."

"How can you talk like this," I exclaimed, "when the fate of your country is trembling in the balance?" He smiled blandly, as orientals will, and assured me the situation was not serious. When I reached Tokio a week later, I learned from confidential sources the revolution was expected to be little more than an opera bouffe affair. More recent dispatches confirm this.

Yes, China has already tasted of republican government and likes it.

In the last four months I have been in ten provinces and have talked with hundreds of leading Chinese.

Although republican government was so new to China six years ago that a new word had to be invented and incorporated into their vocabulary to convey the idea, nevertheless these people with striking unanimity told me, "We shall never go back to the monarchy."

Furthermore, I am just as sure that, in spite of the long struggle which lies before the new republic, China will never, never go back to autocracy or a Manchu monarchy.

Some People Have Luck

OTHERS Have
Steele-Myers' Glasses

The trouble with luck is that it isn't the thing you can depend upon. But

Steele-Myers' Glasses

are thoroughly dependable. So much so that we give a written guarantee with every pair sold. Showing the confidence we have of giving you perfect satisfaction.

Let us make a thorough examination of the nerves and muscles of your eyes and advise you how to obtain maximum efficiency with perfect comfort. We never advise glasses except when necessary.

Examination Free!

**STEELE-MYERS
OPTICAL**

GERMAN EAST AFRICA
HAS HARD FIGHTINGGermans Make a Stand in
Face of the Allied
Forces There.

London, July 23.—The German troops in German East Africa attempted to make a stand last week against the allied forces which are gradually closing in on them. An official statement issued

THE LINE-UP ON GIRLS' DAY

The line-up will be four abreast on Girls' day, Wednesday, July 26. Girls, 10 years of age and under, should assemble on the lower side of the pavilion and face the depot, while those above 10 should line up on the river side and face the grove. Headed by the band, the parade will move to the grove band stand, where the new queen will be crowned by H. E. Williams, principal Toledo Junior High school, whom all the girls in Fort Wayne know. Two-thirds down the parading column, the American Fifes and Drums corps will lend its inspiring march step to the marching girls. It has been difficult to procure the extra quality clamp dyed flags used in former years on account of the great demand made all over the United States upon the manufacturers. Only 1,200 flags have thus far been secured. Hundreds of girls in Fort Wayne have three or four flags procured in former years at Robison park. Every girl in the parade should carry the flag this year above all other years. Therefore, that none may be disappointed, Manager Williams would regard it as a mark of unselfishness and loyalty if the girls of Fort Wayne would bring their flags with them. Hundreds of girls have never been in the White Dress Parade and will enter this year for the first time, and Manager Williams wishes that these girls receive the 1,200 flags now. If the day be pleasant and the sun smiles two thousand girls will be in line this year.

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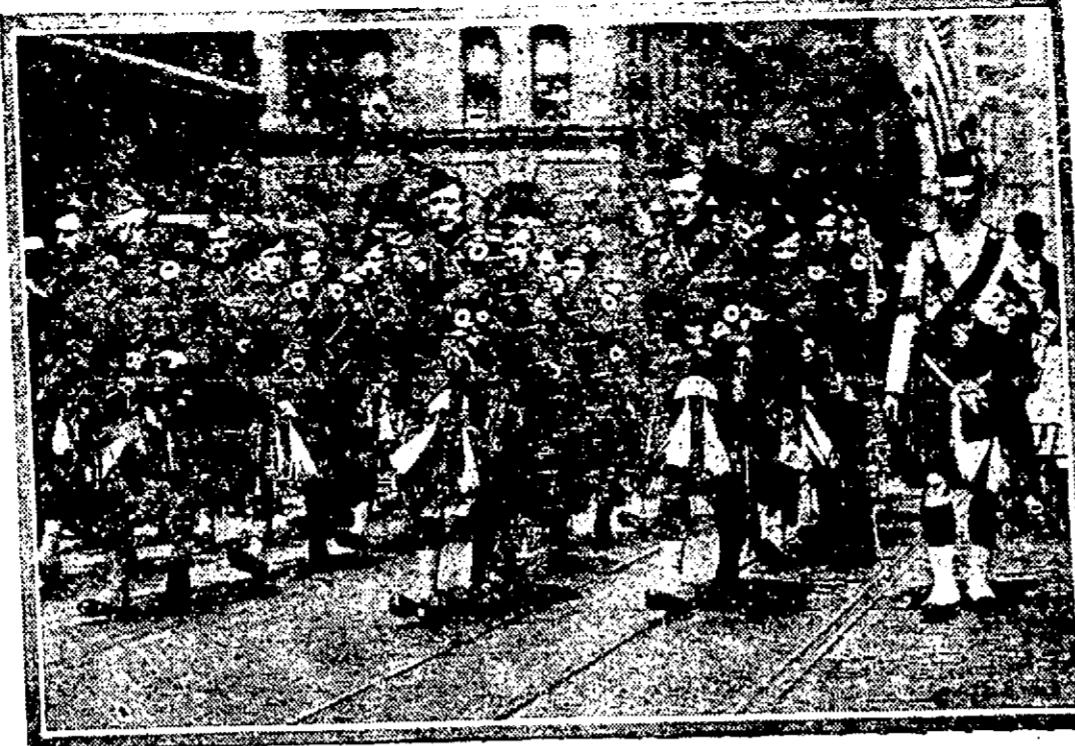
Do You Consider the
Hiring of a Servant
a Greater Lottery
Than Even Mar-
riage?

Even so, errors of judgment in selecting a servant are more easily repaired than are errors of judgment in selecting a husband. And as to the servants, the want ads help you to keep up the hunt until you make a "winning choice."

NOTICE—Please phone 6-745 for news items.

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PHONE 173

THE KILTIES MARCH THE STREETS OF GOTHAM
TO GAIN RECRUITS FOR THE ARMIES OF BRITAIN

Detachment of the Forty-eighth regiment of Canadian Highlanders, who are in New York to help British recruiting. The photograph shows them marching down Fifth avenue. According to letters from the westward front the German soldiers refer to Highlanders as "The Ladies From Hell."—Copyright Underwood & Underwood.

Uncle Harry Explains the Peace
and Revolution Rumors From Germany

"There's something about Germany that I wish you would explain to us, Uncle Harry," said Helen.

"Be glad to, if I can," answered Uncle Harry. "But that's a pretty big order."

"Well, it's this," said Helen. "For weeks there have been dispatches and articles in the paper saying that there are rumors from Germany that the German people may rise in revolution and overthrow the kaiser and the imperial government. Why do people

and the workmen in the factories and the soldiers," answered Jimmy.

"And the reasons the soldiers joined with the workmen in the revolution were that they, that is, the soldiers, suspected that the czar and his ministers were not doing all they could to help the Russian people get food, and they suspected that the czar was not playing fair with them," explained Uncle Harry. "It is pretty generally known now that the czar's government did not furnish the Russian sol-

garding of the war?" asked Jimmy.

"Many of them are, of course, but many have also begun to think for themselves and ask pointed questions," said Uncle Harry. "And many, many more German people would be thinking of revolution if the German newspapers were allowed to print all the news from the rest of the world. But in spite of the government, that news is getting into Germany just the same, and it is spreading among the people."

"Do you think the Russian revolution has changed the ideas of any of the German people?" asked Joe.

"Most assuredly," answered Uncle Harry. "You may not remember it, folks, but for years before the war started the German government used every opportunity to frighten the German people into believing that the czar and his government and the Cossacks of Russia were just waiting for a chance to sweep down over Germany and into the Balkan states, and capture and rule over the greater part of central Europe. And in July, 1914, just before the war started, Russia was mobilizing her millions of soldiers, the German government flashed the word all over the German empire: 'Look out now! the great Russian bear is going to gobble us all up.' Millions of Germans were unquestionably frightened and deceived by that warning. But since then, everything in Russia has changed. The czar and his government have gone. The Russian people, speaking freely for the first time, through their provisional government, the duma and the all-Russian council of workmen and soldiers' delegates, have declared that they have no desire to overrun and gobble up Germany or any part of central Europe. Russia has said she does not seek Constantinople or the exclusive right to the Dardanelles. Now don't you suppose that this new Russia is making the German people think?"

"I do," said Helen, "and besides there have been a good many food riots in different parts of Germany, haven't there?"

"Yes, there have been a good many food riots in Germany, more, I believe, than the outside world knows about," said Uncle Harry. "And don't forget, children, that millions of German people have lost brothers, sons and fathers in the war. And don't forget that since the war started, one neutral country after another has dropped its neutrality and joined the allies, until today almost all the leading nations of the world are fighting Germany and the central powers of Austria, Bulgaria and Turkey."

"Maybe the German people are begin-

ning to wonder what is wrong with their government that almost the entire world has turned against them," said Jimmy.

"I haven't any doubt of it," said Uncle Harry. "And my reason for saying that is that a number of German citizens have been sent to jail and many newspapers have been suppressed by the government because they have tried to talk about these matters to the people of Germany or have demanded that the government make peace offers that the allies would probably accept."

"Do you think the German people are as loyal and patriotic to their government as they were at the be-



ginning of the war?" asked Jimmy.

"I don't believe the people in Germany are thinking anything about starting a revolution; almost all the men are in the army and lots and lots of the women are working in the factories making munitions," said Joe.

"I'll answer your question in a minute, Helen," said Uncle Harry. "But first I must explain a few things to this young man."

"Isn't that so, Uncle Harry?" asked Joe.

"Part of what you say is correct," explained Uncle Harry. "It is true that most of the men, and many boys of eighteen and nineteen in Germany are in the army, and it is also true that thousands of women are working in the munitions factories, but—"

Uncle Harry turned to Jimmy and said: "Jimmy, who was it started the revolution in Russia that overthrew the czar and the Russian imperial government?"

"The women who were starving,

workers with sufficient supplies, and what is more, the soldiers and workmen of Russia and their leaders believed that the czar or some of his representatives were trying to make a separate peace with Germany. In plain words, the soldiers did not think the czar was playing square with them."

"Do you think any of the German soldiers and workmen feel the same way toward the kaiser and the imperial government?" asked Joe.

"I haven't any doubt of it," said Uncle Harry. "And my reason for saying that is that a number of German citizens have been sent to jail and many newspapers have been suppressed by the government because they have tried to talk about these matters to the people of Germany or have demanded that the government make peace offers that the allies would probably accept."

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"Maybe the German people are begin-

ning to wonder what is wrong with their government that almost the entire world has turned against them," said Jimmy.

"I haven't any doubt but that many of them are asking themselves that very question," added Uncle Harry. "And the more the Germans ask that question, the nearer the kaiser is to landing where the czar landed."

Editor's Note—Uncle Harry will be glad to answer inquiries, either in this column or by mail, provided letters are signed with the full name and address of the persons writing. The correspondents' names will not appear in the articles. (Copyright, 1917, by The M-C Syndicate, Philadelphia, Pa.)

See Shady Brook Park to-day.

NEW ROOMING HOUSE
ON WEST WAYNE STREET.

Some time ago the beautiful home of the Mrs. Porter, 209 West Wayne street, was sold to one of Fort Wayne's prominent business men, and today the word is abroad that same has been leased for a number of years to Mrs. O. G. Reuter, who, as soon as the home is vacated, will completely refurbish this palatial home as a modern rooming house.

This magnificent home will make an ideal rooming or boarding house, and it is the intention of Mrs. Reuter to furnish the place and surround herself with such people that it will be a home for her guests, and not simply a rooming house.

The house is complete in its appointments, the first floor has large, airy rooms and the dining room is unusual in size and arrangement.

This room is thirty-three feet long and has a fireplace and built-in sideboard, with other arrangements that add to comfort and convenience.

The second floor has ten large bedrooms and two baths, spacious halls with plenty of light and windows. An electric pump connected with three large cisterns will furnish an abundance of soft water for the baths, another convenience not found in many rooming houses.

Accessories at less than jobbers' prices during our rebuilding sale. Fort Wayne Overland Co.

IMPRESSIVE PICTURE IS POSED
FOR THE "DESOLATION OF BELGIUM"

Mrs. Reginald C. Vanderbilt with Anita Fosdick, daughter of Pauline Fosdick of New York, representing "The Belgium of Today" at the Newport Red Cross fete.—Copyright Underwood & Underwood.

Sensational Clearance SHOES

95C

- 200 Pairs Wom's White Canvas & Kid Pumps ..
- 100 Pairs Wom's Black Pat. & Dull Kid Pumps
- Child's 1.50 Black Pat.
- Baby Doll Shoes all sizes
- Boys' \$1.50 Elk Skin Oxfords at
- Women's \$3 White Nu-Buck Button Shoes 95c
- Girls \$2 White Canv's Shoes
- Men's & Wom's \$2 Tennis Slippers, Choice 95c

Over 700 pairs in this great 95c sale: be near the doors early; sale starts at 8:30 o'clock sharp.

Wom's \$3 & \$4

SLIPPERS

200 pairs of women's and misses' white and colored kid and patent pumps and oxfords; all sizes and widths; new toes and heels while they last, at

\$1.85

\$2.69

Up to \$10 Colored Boots

5.90

UP TO \$10.00 SLIPPERS

About 175 pairs in the lot, classy slippers; regardless of former price or cost, for clearance at....

Child's \$1.00 Baby Dolls

Black and colored kid and patent, one-strap baby dolls; sizes 4½-6½; special clearance sale at

365

53c

HATS
TRIMMED
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BOYS' \$3 SHOES NOW \$1.85

WOMEN'S 3.50 KID BOOTS 1.98

Men's 3.50 Work Shoes 1.98

Misses \$2 High Shoes 1.24

Wom's \$5 Kid Boots 2.84

GO WHERE THE CROWD GOES

THE STORE THAT UNSELLS Grand Leader

Grand Leader

Forget something every day

For instance

That you can argue with a woman and get the best of her, even if she is wrong

That the neighbors will approve of

your twin six practising on a cornet or trombone

That you can fix the plumbing yourself and save money instead of paying it out to the plumber

That you can play golf and never lose your temper

On your vacation, to write, "am having a fine time, wish you were here."

That genuine panamas are selling for \$2.95

Accessories at less than jobbers' prices during our rebuilding sale. Fort Wayne Overland Co.

Outbursts of Everett True



SOCIETY

The canning demonstrations with Miss Alma Garvin, of Purdue, demonstrator, whose coming has been announced several times, will begin tomorrow. There are to be four of these demonstrations in the Scottish Rite cathedral which has been offered for the occasion, and the movement is along the lines which the national food relief committee is pursuing in different states to conserve the food supply of vegetables and fruits. Locally the effort is under the management of the home economics department of the Woman's Club League, with Mrs. J. G. Schwarze, chairman, in connection with the Fort Wayne food relief committee, of which Frank Hilgenman is chairman. The days and time of the demonstrations, which are free to every woman in the city, are these: Tuesday, 9 a. m. and 2 p. m.; Thursday, 9 a. m.; Friday, 9 a. m. Members of different clubs will act as ushers, as follows: Tuesday, Round Table members; Thursday, Library Table members; Friday, Nineteenth Century Club members.

Mr. and Mrs. John Lapp, of 1213 Maple avenue, announce the marriage of their niece, Miss Lillian Lapp, to Mr. Edwin H. Dickermeier, of Sweeney Avenue, which took place in Muncie on April 20, 1917. The bride is a well-known musician of the piano and has been librarian for the Morning Musical society for several years. Mr. Dickermeier travels for the Perfection Biscuit company. Both bride and groom are well known and have many friends.

Miss Winifred Callahan is taking a course in Red Cross work in Chicago.

Miss Loretta Heit left on Saturday for a trip of both business and pleasure to Waukesha and South Bend.

Mrs. Henrietta Tanner motored to Indianapolis on Monday, accompanied by Miss Golda Gierhart.

Mrs. Frank Park, of Rushville, is visiting her brother, Samuel Rosenthal.

Mrs. Fred Willson, of St. Paul, Minn., is visiting her sister, Mrs. Charles Lang, of Oak Knoll.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Doedemeyer, of Cleveland, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. August Rahe, at Clear lake, this week.

Mrs. Bertha Strauss, of Ewing street, has gone to Decatur, Ill., for a visit with her daughter, Mrs. Nathan Erber.

Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Gaston spent the week-end with friends at Lake Maxinkuckee.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Blanchard and son, of Detroit, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Bond.

Mrs. William Klett and Mrs. William Yergens spent Sunday at Arcola with Mrs. Yergens' niece, Mrs. Cook.

Mr. and Mrs. Marriott Price and daughter, Patty, of Arcadia Court, are at Clear lake for an outing.

Mrs. Ed Kover and Miss Esther Kover left at noon on Monday for a six weeks' visit in Denver, Colo.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Root are entertaining Walter Root and family, of Seattle, Wash.

Miss Helen Lane, of Wildwood, has as her guest, Miss Effie Abraham, of Oxford, Ohio.

Rev. J. F. Vichert spent the end of the week with Dr. and Mrs. Morse Harrod.

E. Ralph Yarnelle, of Easton, Pa., made a short visit with Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Yarnelle Sunday, on his way west.

Miss Vera Nipper, of Wallace street, has returned from a visit with her sister, Mrs. W. D. Ebbinghaus, of Detroit, Mich.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Richard and Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Lepper and fam-

ily, returned on Sunday from a week's outing at Crooked lake.

Miss Julia Calhoun, of Rudisill boulevard, has gone to Lakeside, Ohio, to spend a fortnight with relatives, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Calhoun.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Gumper, Mr. and Mrs. Anselm Fuebler and Mrs. Fuebler's niece, of Philadelphia, have gone to Rome City for a week.

Walter B. Grover, of East Berry street, accompanied by his mother, are to leave next Friday for Walloon Lake, Mich.

Fort Wayne people who are taking a holiday at Asbury Park, N. J., include Mr. and Mrs. Theodore F. Thiele and son, Wayne, and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wilding and Miss Margaret Wilding.

Woman's Franchise League. The Woman's Franchise league has opened headquarters in Welker's old store on East Berry street, which are open every day from 10 until 12 and 2 until 4, the phone number being 4145. The organization will be glad to have anyone who is interested come in at any time when the can secure literature of all kinds on the suffrage movement.

Crider—Robertson. Miss Irma Robertson, of 2510 Ramsey street, and Mr. Irwin Crider, of 947 Home avenue, were united in marriage by Rev. L. M. Buckley at his residence. Mr. Crider is employed at the General Electric plant and he and his bride have begun housekeeping at 3433 Broadway. The marriage took place on Saturday evening.

Plephenbrink—McCreary.

Miss Reva McCreary, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. S. McCreary, of Hugh street, and Mr. Elmer Plephenbrink, of East Lewis street, were married on Friday afternoon by Justice of the Peace Rayhouse and the ceremony was witnessed by immediate relatives. In the evening a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, where the bride and groom are at home for the present. Mr. Plephenbrink is employed at the Wayne Knitting mills.

Non-Partisan League.

On account of the Chautauqua some of the meetings booked for this week have been postponed, but will be held two weeks from the day set for their regular meetings. The meetings which will be held are as follows:

Section 9—Hoagland school, Friday at 5 p. m. Speaker to be announced.

Wayne Knit—This section will have registration Wednesday noon as usual.

Section 10—James H. Smart, Friday afternoon, at Weisser park. There will be a joint meeting of this section and the W. C. T. U. at a picnic to be held by the latter. Mrs. Honeck will talk on "Mothers' Pensions" and there will be a speaker who will talk on "Voting."

Precious Blood—Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Speaker to be announced. These meetings are open to everyone, men as well as women.

A Country Party.

The following friends enjoyed a celebration of the birth anniversary of Frank Tremay, who lives north of Tocsin, on July 18, when he passed the fifty-first milestone of his travels: Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Tremay, Mr. and Mrs. William Tremay and daughter Florence, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hickley, Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Comer, Mr. and Mrs. Rufus Matmensmith and children, Mr. and Mrs. John Graft, of Echo; Mr. and Mrs. John Lenkert and daughter Geneva, of Holland; Mr. and Mrs. Frank L. Smock, Mrs. Sam Wolf, Mrs. F. C. Peters, Mrs. Will Peters, Mrs. H. H. Pollak, Mrs. H. C. Paul, Mrs. E. W. Puckett, Mrs. J. A. Shoffa, Mrs. T. R. Staples, Mrs. Walter Bar-

rett, Mrs. McCallen, and Misses Smyser, Staples and Puckett.

Mr. and Mrs. William Nicholson, a bride and groom of recent date, were given a dinner party and a shower of gifts at the home of the groom's parents, 413 East Berry street, when they came home from their wedding trip. Enjoying the affair besides the honored ones were Mr. and Mrs. George Richhart and family and Elson Shenebrook, of Woodburn; Mrs. E. J. Summers and daughter Dorothy, of Bluffton; Miss Hazel Bottner, of St. Joe township; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Richard and family, who live in the country. Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Gebhard, Mr. and Mrs. Frank DeVaux, son and daughter, Edward and Edna, and Henry Nicholson and Ralph Tremay.

A Country Party.

A pleasant birthday party was given Sunday at the John Kronmiller farm, seven miles north of Fort Wayne, in honor of their daughter's second anniversary of her birth.

Games were played and a large dinner was served to the guests, who were Mr. and Mrs. Ed Stouder, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Sutter, Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Feiger, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Kerr and the Misses Helen and Leila Kronmiller, Hazel and Irene Feiger, Ruth, Esther and Lois Kerr, and the Masters Elmer, Howard, Clarence and Homer Kronmiller, Karl and Paul Sutter, Robert Kerr and Herman and Harry Feiger.

REV. T. P. POTTS TO SPEAK AT GRABILL

Fort Wayne Pastor to Tell of Relation of Present War to Prophecy.

(Special to The Sentinel)

GRABILL, Ind., July 23.—Rev. T. P. Potts, pastor of the Westminster Presbyterian church, at Fort Wayne, will deliver a lecture at the Mennonite church here on Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. His subject will be "The Relation of the Present War to the Fulfillment of Prophecy."

GRABILL SHORT NOTES.

Mrs. Lydia Schlaeter and daughter, Martha, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. William Schlaeter and family, near Spencerville.

Leo Stuckey, of Fort Wayne, spent Sunday with relatives and friends here.

Albert Neunschwander was a business caller at Fort Wayne Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Eli Gerig and family, also Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Neunschwander, took Sunday dinner with Rev. Aaron Souder and family.

Mrs. Benedict Schlaeter, who died last Thursday night, was buried Sunday forenoon in the Leo cemetery. Funeral services were conducted by Rev. Foster in the Leo M. E. church.

The funeral services of Mrs. Armor Ronney, who died on Friday, will be held today. Interment at the Leo cemetery.

Albert P. Smith is rapidly recovering again from his recent attack of pneumonia.

The farmers are busily engaged in making hay and cutting wheat, and everybody is appreciating the present hot weather, which gives them an opportunity to attend to their crops, which are very heavy, with very few exceptions.

SECTION 9—HOAGLAND SCHOOL, FRIDAY AT 5 P.M. SPEAKER TO BE ANNOUNCED.

WAYNE KNIT—THIS SECTION WILL HAVE REGISTRATION WEDNESDAY NOON AS USUAL.

SECTION 10—JAMES H. SMART, FRIDAY AFTERNOON, AT WEISER PARK. THERE WILL BE A JOINT MEETING OF THIS SECTION AND THE W. C. T. U. AT A PICNIC TO BE HELD BY THE LATTER. MRS. HONECK WILL TALK ON "MOTHERS' PENSIONS" AND THERE WILL BE A SPEAKER WHO WILL TALK ON "VOTING."

NON-PARTISAN LEAGUE.

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WAY

Monday, July 23, 1917.

GOING AWAY?

Wherever rails run or wires reach we can keep in touch with those of our patrons who desire us to serve them throughout the vacation season. Many little things are needed from time to time. We only need a hint or a word to know and understand your wants and to supply them with promptness.

Isn't it fine to have Uncle Sam covering so much territory with his postal system and giving you safe delivery of your orders?

Isn't it fine to have a store like this to draw on for the things you need?

It's a Good Time to Buy Linens

Good Linens will be scarce and higher in price. There is no doubt about it. We anticipated our needs and bought liberally at low prices. You get the benefit now.

SEE THESE VALUES

18-inch Linen Crash Toweling.....	15c a yard
18-inch Bleached Linen Crash Toweling.....	20c a yard
19-inch Bleached Linen Crash Toweling.....	20c a yard
17-inch Unbleached Linen Crash Toweling.....	14c a yard
18-inch Unbleached Linen Crash Toweling.....	20c a yard
21-inch Unbleached Linen Crash Toweling.....	25c a yard
All Linen Bleached Table Damask in choice patterns, 60 inches wide.....	.75c a yard
Mercerized Table Damask in many choice patterns, 72 inches wide.....	.75c a yard
Fine All-Linen Bleached Table Damask, 72 inches wide; special.....	\$1.25 a yard
Linen Finish Bleached Table Damask, 72 inches wide; special.....	.98c a yard
All Pure Linen, Fine Bleached Table Damask, 72 inches wide; beautiful patterns.....	\$1.98 a yard
22-inch Napkins to match.....	\$5.00 a dozen
Silver Bleach Linen Table Damask, extra quality, 72 inches wide.....	\$1.75 a yard
22-inch Napkins to match.....	\$4.50 dozen
8-4 Hemstitched Linen Table Cloths with Napkins to match; choice of many patterns.....	\$8.00 the set
8-10 Hemstitched Linen Table Cloths with Napkins to match.....	\$9.00 the set
8-10 Embroidered Edge, All-Linen Table Cloths with Napkins to match.....	\$10.00 the set
Hemmed Crochet Bed Spreads, extra large size, Mar- seilles pattern.....	\$1.25 each
Hemmed Crochet Bed Spreads, extra large size.....	\$1.78 each
Satin Finish Bed Spreads, with Embroidered edge.....	\$3.50 each
Hemmed Satin Finish Bed Spreads, exceptional value.....	\$2.98 each
Embroidered Edge Satin Finish Bed Spreads, with Bolster Covers to match.....	\$5.00 each

The Clearance Sale On the Carpet Floor

Odd Lots and Discontinued Lines Ordered to Move Out

RUGS

Now is your opportunity to treat your home to a new rug and save. We offer to close some very desirable Rugs in room sizes away under present values—

Wool Tapestry Brussels Rugs, size 9x12, regular price \$17.50; sale price...\$15.50

Wool Tapestry Brussels Rugs, size 9x12, regular price \$27.50, sale price...\$22.50

Axminster Rugs, in choice patterns; size 9x12, \$25.00 value, for....\$22.50

Axminster Rugs, you know their worth, size 9x12, \$22.50 value, for....\$19.50

Velvet Rugs, in handsome patterns and colorings, size 9x12, \$35 value, for \$31.50

Axminster Rugs, beautiful in designs, size 9x12, \$32.50 values, for....\$27.00

Axminster Rugs, in new designs and color effects, size 9x12, \$42.50 values, for....\$35.00

Velvet Rugs, a choice selection in size 9x12, \$25.00 values, for....\$21.50

Axminster Rugs, in the finest quality, size 9x12, \$55.00 value, for....\$37.50

Seamless Chinille Rugs, a bargain, size 9x12, \$75.00 value, for....\$50.00

Wilton Rugs, there are none better, size 9x12, \$52.50 and \$55 value, for....\$40.00

CARPETS

Room lengths of Carpets of various sorts to close out. Bring your room measure with you. You'll surely find something to fit it. Note the values and prices:

Tapestry Brussels Carpets, \$1.50 values, for....\$1.10 a yard

Tapestry Brussels Carpets, \$2.00 values, for....\$1.35 a yard

Velvet Carpets, \$1.50 values \$1.10 a yard

Velvet Carpets, \$2.25 values \$1.85 a yard

Axminster Carpets, \$2.50 values....\$1.75 a yard

Wilton Carpets, \$2.75 values, \$2.00 a yard

Best Body Brussels borders, \$3.00 values, \$1.85 a yard

LINOLEUMS

Special July prices on the best grades of Linoleums in the newest patterns—

The 75c grade at.....65c a yard

The 85c grade at.....75c a yard

\$1.25 Inlaid Linoleums.....\$1.00 a yard

\$2.00 Inlaid Linoleum, 4 yards wide...\$1.50 a square yard

Inlaid and Printed Linoleums in short lengths up to 10 square yards at one-half price.

Linoleum Varnish preserves the colors and increases the wear—
1/2 pt., 30c; 1 pt., 50c; 1 qt., 85c

Cleaning Preparations

Liquid Veneer outfit, consisting of Mop, Duster and one quart of Liquid Veneer, \$1.75 worth, for.....\$1.00

Magic Cleaner outfit, consisting of one dry Mop, one Oil Mop, one Duster and bottle of Polish; \$1.00 worth for....43c

Curtain Materials

Odd lots at clearance prices—

Marquisettes in white ivory and ecru.....19c a yard

Filet Nets, 38 in. wide, small neat patterns.....29c a yard

Sunfast Drapery Materials, 36 in. wide.....45c a yard

One and two pair lots of Lace Curtains, values from \$1.25 to \$15.00, to close out at.....ONE-HALF PRICE

Short lengths of various sorts of Drapery Materials, lengths up to 5 yards, \$1.00 to \$2.50 values, to close out at....ONE-HALF PRICE

Oriental Rugs and Carpets

The largest and most dependable collection in the state. As a pleasant surprise to the art loving public we are glad to announce that we have just received the finest collection of Oriental Rugs at most reasonable prices.

We invite your inspection and comparison.

Have your Oriental Rugs washed and repaired by our native Persians.

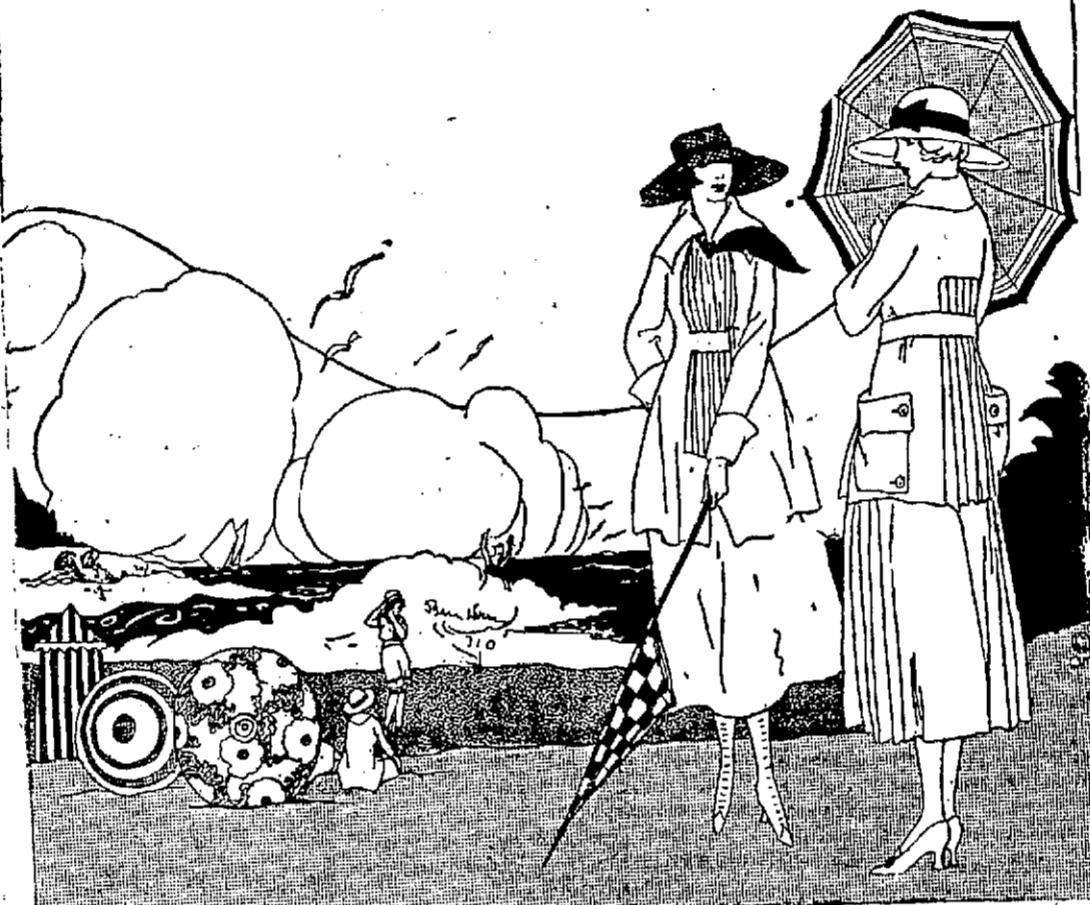
Rodes'
Where Fort Wayne Buys

May we help you complete
your Summer Wardrobe?

INTEREST INCREASES

As the closing days of our great July Sale draw near, satisfied customers tell their friends, and every day the buying becomes more brisk. While the mercury is going up—prices are going down on many lines of Summer Goods which are marked for Clearance this month.

There are Values Here That Have Made Our July Sale the Talk of the Town



To Be of Greatest Service to You

We have arranged special offerings in apparel suitable for summer travel, outings and sports.

Waists, Separate Skirts, Sweaters, Motor Coats, Raincoats, Middy Blouses, Bathing Suits, Caps and Shoes, Dressing Sacques and Negligees.

Rousing Values in Summer Dresses

Further price reductions for final clearance. Hundreds of new and bewitching styles are offered now at sensational prices. It is our determination to carry nothing over that price will sell that will give you this startling and unusual buying opportunity.

Beautiful white Net, Voile and Organza dresses; every one in our stock repriced. See the style and prettiness you can buy for

\$5.95, \$9.95, \$14.95, 19.95

The Clearance In Wash Goods

Just at the opening of the hot season comes this chance to buy cool wash fabrics for less.

A lot of lawns, black and navy, with small figures, to close out, 5c a yard.

A lot of voiles and sossine silks with small woven and embroidered designs, were 75c, to close out, 29c a yard.

Sport Suitings, white and tan ground, with large dots and odd designs, 35c value, to close out, 19c a yard.

IN THE DRESS GOODS

A lot of 36-inch suitings, some all wool, some cotton warp, 50c values, 35c a yard.

A lot of novelty check and stripe suitings, 54 inches wide, \$1.00 and \$1.25 values, to close out, 75c a yard.

A lot of printed lawns, 40 inches wide, were 25c and 35c, to close out, 10c a yard.

IN THE MEN'S STORE

The men, too, have a chance to save during this sale. Our entire stock of Men's Furnishings is at your service this month at prices much less than regular.

A special lot of Men's Madras Shirts, made coat style with attached cuffs, neat and stylish patterns; they are the best you ever saw for the price—

85c Each

Summer Supplies in Dainty Muslin Underwear

Garments of the highest order; the finer quality of underwear that every woman takes pride in having in her wardrobe. Fascinating styles that are irresistible at prices that are most reasonable. Night dresses, skirts, combination suits, corset covers, chemise, etc., in muslin, cambrie and main-silk, handsomely trimmed with pretty laces and embroideries.

Muslin Underwear to Clear Out

A lot of Muslin Wear in good style and qualities in Skirts, Gowns, Corset Covers, etc. Slightly mussed and soiled from display to close out at very low prices.

LACES AND WHITE GOODS

To speed them on their way to usefulness these items marked for less:
Fancy white stripe voiles, 36 inches wide;
Special 39c a yard
Plain white Poplin, 36 inches wide;
Special 29c a yard
Plain white voile, 40 inches wide;
Special 21c a yard
All our ladies' fancy neckwear, \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2.00 values, all in one lot, at.....\$1.25 each
National corded middy ties, something new 69c each
Auto veils, all shades, in extra quality; Special \$1.95 each

In Our Juvenile Section You Will Find



Everything needed in infants' apparel from their birth up.

Children's Wash Dresses, fresh looking and serviceable, in sizes from 2 to 14 years.

Children's White Dresses, daintily made and prettily trimmed; sizes 2 to 14 years.

Children's Coats, in all the favored fabrics from the two-year-old and up to the miss of 14.

Infants' Caps and Children's Hats that are distinctively dainty and youthful.

Children's Middy Suits and Middy Blouses that are decidedly smart looking.

Juvenile Shop Clearance

All our Children's Coats at half price.

All our Children's Hats at half price.

A lot of Gingham Dresses for children, choice neat styles to close out at half price.

WHY GERMANS FOLLOW OUT ORDERS

AMERICANS who take orders from nobody find it difficult to understand why a great and educated people like the Germans can eat, drink, dress themselves, walk, talk, sleep, get up and wash their faces according to the orders of one man, William Hohenzollern.

Americans can understand why the Germans should be for Germany. Why Germans should be for, not Germany, but the kaiser is something that Americans can't get around.

Hardest of all to understand is why the German people can send their sons to hardship and death when the six sons of this one man, William Hohenzollern, some of them fine officers, have not received a scratch in this terrible war.

In other words Americans do not know or understand German history, especially Prussian history, or how the house of Hohenzollern achieved its unique prestige and power over great people.

There are historians who say that the Hohenzollerns have molded the German people to their will, changed the character of the race, and made it over, not German, but Hohenzollern.

To accomplish such a thing a family must produce remarkable men. Thus the story of the Hohenzollerns is worth reading.

First let these conditions be understood. Wedged in between hostile countries, Sweden, France and Russia, often battlefield for the wars of outside nations, as Belgium is today, tillings a rocky, sandy, boggy and unkind soil for living, the German people had to work so hard that they had little time for thought of forming governments of their own.

Autocracies were the governments of the day. Liberty flourished only in England, which was free from invasion; in the inaccessible mountains of Switzerland and the Basque Mountains of Spain, where land was poor and undesirable. A democracy could not live in open Germany, surrounded by and at the mercy of autocrats. So being too busy working the Germans took the best government given them, an autocracy. And it must be said that the Hohenzollerns have been the best of autocrats.

Germany was open to invasion by autocrats. This explains why one branch of the German race went to England and founded a democratic system of government, which has since become world-wide; the Germans who remained in Germany had to submit to autocracy.

Hohenzollerns and Bourbons.

It may be asked why did not the Germans throw off the Hohenzollern yoke when the French got rid of the Bourbons? The answer is that the Hohenzollerns were much better, kinder and more capable autocrats, better governors than the Bourbons, and that they kept a great standing army to overawe people. Then Prussia was a small country, some 4,000,000 to the 20,000,000 of France and hence easier to overawe. The Prussians did not have the great grievances against the Hohenzollerns that the French had against the Bourbons. Also, the Hohenzollerns were stronger men than the French kings.

When it is understood that the Germans of Roman times were the most liberty-loving people in the world, free as air, that branch of the German race founded the great democracies of the world, the subjection of the German people to the house of Hohenzollern becomes all the more remarkable.

The Germans of the times of Caesar, about 50 B. C., were the very opposite of the Germans of today. They lived in fortresses, each man was a law unto himself. The only chiefs, leaders or kings they acknowledged were in wartime. In peace the individual German was as free as the American pioneers. He cherished that freedom. He acknowledged no chief but himself.

Those who know the Germans of today will see how utterly different the present-day nation is to his ancestor. The Germans are now hard workers, great agriculturists, community dwellers, governed by orders in every action.

This tremendous ethical change has been due in no small part to the labors of one powerful family—the house of Hohenzollern.

Good Business Men.

Speaking broadly, the men of the house of Hohenzollern have been good business men, far-seeing, hard-headed and almighty hustlers. They have been far-seeing men, fellows who, having come into possession of a few square miles of swamp and bog in Brandenburg, labored incessantly to increase their possessions and, according to their view of it, increase the possessions and prosperity of their people.

The Hohenzollerns are akin to the American farmer who is always coveting the "next eighty acres," and who works hard until his lands grow from an original quarter section, 160 acres, to half or maybe an entire county. Very often these thrifty farmers are fine agriculturists. They get out of the ground what they can and treat the ground right. So they hate to see short-timers and thrifless "boun' do's" farmers owning land about them. It is easy, too, for these men to feel that a man who does not get all the land is capable of producing should not own a farm.

So it has been with the Hohenzollerns.



KAISER,
KAISERIN and
GRANDCHILDREN

They have been great developers. They covered their neighbor's goods, "tis true, but very often the neighbor, in their point of view, was a bad farmer, who was not worthy of owning good land.

This trait crops out in the seizure of Belgium and Serbia.

It is the great characteristic of the Hohenzollerns. They have been good husbandmen. They have craved land. Sometimes they bought it for cash. Sometimes they fabricated what, in their minds, were perfectly good titles to land and made good these titles with the sword. But always the Hohenzollerns tried, first, the easiest methods. If they could buy at a fair price, and had the money, they bought. If they could marry into fair provinces they married into them. If they could lay claim to other provinces or counties or pieces of land or cities, by way of legacy, they laid such claims. Last of all, when they could attain their ends by no other means, they just went out and "jumped" by force the other fellow's claim.

Disliked to Fight.

Many people have an idea that the Hohenzollerns have always been freebooters, men who robbed for the fun and excitement of robbing. Nothing can be farther from the facts in the case. The Hohenzollerns have always been business men, robbers, if you will, but they have never acted precipitately or without full consideration, and, above all, without full preparation. They disliked to fight, but when they made up their minds that they had to fight to gain their ends they fought just as William II. is fighting, after full preparation, with the utmost consideration and with a terrific first punch. The Hohenzollerns have always been slow to hit, but when they hit they hit hard.

Nothing in all the history of this famous and, in many wise, great family is as indicative of its character as was the manner in which it prepared for and started the present war. In so much as William II. has been thoroughly trained in the practices and traditions of his house this was but natural and to be expected.

The first Hohenzollern with whom history has to deal was born of a family that lived in a castle of Hohenzollern in the Swabian Mountains. The name means Hohen, high; zollern, toll, and fully sets forth the very soul of the family. The first man to get the name of Hohenzollern got a patent from the constituted authorities of the time to collect toll on roads running through his property. He made his roads so good that people chose to use them in preference to shorter but less well-kept roads. Then he raised the toll charges. Hence Hohenzollern, "high toll."

This passion for improvement which marked the founder of the fortunes of the family is the passion which marks the Germans of today, the passion for improvement of property and the extension of that property. The famous Berlin-to-Bagdad railroad is the lineal descendant of the Swabian turnpike built 500 years before.

The "Hustling Kids."

The Hohenzollerns date from the eleventh century. They were first counts, then burgraves. Owning an original small property, prudent marriages and purchases made their holdings very considerable. Their prudent councils make them men of mark. The first of them to count for much was Frederick, the sixth burgrave of Nuremberg. To him Emperor Sigismund gave the mark or march of Brandenburg. Then, for our purpose, the history of the Hohenzollerns begins. It was not much of a gift. Brandenburg

was mostly swamp and bog, inhabited by some 200,000 wild and warlike people. It was something like giving a man the Everglades of Florida filled with Seminole Indians. Only the climate was not good, like that of Florida. Probably few people would have accepted the gift. Frederick was a hustler. He accepted with thanks and set to work to make Brandenburg a country. He pacified the people as best he could, set them to work, drained the bog and, sticking to his trade, made roads. He did not accomplish very much, but he set the wild swamp dwellers of Brandenburg to work and to make farms of bogs and of swamps and to build roads.

And since that time the house of Hohenzollern has been making its people drain bogs, make farms and build roads. Later came great factories and railroads and steamship lines, but the Berlin-to-Bagdad railroad is merely an offshoot of the Swabian toll road.

Right there, in Brandenburg, started the paternalism of the Hohenzollerns. They were farmers, millers, road builders. The original inhabitants of the marshes were little better than wild Indians, hunters, fishermen, robbers. Frederick could not see that sort of thing. So he set to telling his people just what to do. The Hohenzollerns have been telling their people what to do ever since.

For some 200 years after Conrad, his descendants kept on the work. They did not fight much, for Brandenburg was a weak province between strong provinces. But by 1400 they had Brandenburg in pretty good shape, cultivated, roads built, mills, and people all working hard.

Then came the thirty years' war, which almost extirpated the German people. Brandenburg and Prussia had nothing to do with the war. It broke out first between Sweden and Austria and was renewed from time to time by other principalities. Brandenburg was the Belgium of that war. The Austrian and Swedish armies overran the country and fought over every inch of the drained bogs and good roads that the Hohenzollerns and their people had reclaimed and built by 200 years of toll.

Brandenburg and Prussia were what Northern France will be when they got through fighting the thirty years' war. It was a ruined country. Then came the man whom Wilhelm II. has so often stated was his model—the Great Elector, Frederick William Hohenzollern, born at Nurnberg.

When the Great Elector came into office he found Brandenburg a wilderness. He could not revive the dead nor reconstruct the destroyed. So he started all over again.

The Kaiser's Model.

The states which acknowledged the rule of the Hohenzollerns were scattered through Northern Germany. There were old and new marks of Brandenburg, the duchies of Prussia and several towns and small properties dispersed among the states of other princes. Indeed, until the time of Frederick the Great, the grandson of the Great Elector, the elector of Brandenburg had to solicit permission from other princes to cross their states when he wished to visit parts of his own territory.

The Great Elector, in so far as was possible, set his decimated people to work, retilled the farms, rebuilt the roads and cemented his scattered possessions to the best of his ability. He did a wonderful work. He found Brandenburg a waste. When he died it was a powerful state. He was the first of the Hohenzollerns to

start out on the theory that Brandenburg and Prussia should not be dependent upon Austria or upon the German Empire of which Austria was the head.

He was a great man, the Great Elector, and in many wise his descendant, William II. resembles the ancestor, whom he has often said, he has taken as his model. The Great Elector was brave but always disliked to fight. He was wily as a fox, haughty as a god; yet, when it suited his turn, he could cringe and fawn like a dog. He was impatient of opposition, yet bore with it. He did many cruel things, even had his own minister tortured, yet he was an affectionate husband and father and a wise, paternal ruler. Historians have been puzzled by the character of the Great Elector and have often enlarged on his faults while forgetting his virtues. It must be remembered that he found his country ruined and his people destroyed by a war that they had no part in creating. He left his country strong and his people, relatively speaking, prosperous.

Here again it is easy to see how the ancient German, so individualistic, and so free, came under the rule of the autocrat. Germany had been almost destroyed by the thirty years' war. The strong men, the leaders in battle and in Parliament had either died or been killed. Only women, children and weak and衰老 men prevailed.

The Great Elector took these war-wrecked men and women and made them strong and prosperous. It is not to be marveled therefore that the autocrat obtained a tremendous prestige among the German people. As freemen they had been destroyed. Governed by a benevolent despot they had prospered.

Some historians say that had this great historical figure not appeared when he did Germany would have disappeared from the map of Europe, that France, Sweden, then a first-class power, and Russia would possess the lands now known as Germany and also those of Austria-Hungary and Bohemia.

The Great Elector did a wonderful work outside of Brandenburg and Prussia. He was the man who gave German troops their first prestige. He built a fleet. His support placed William of Orange on the throne of England. He welcomed the Huguenots when France threw them out.

To these Huguenots Germany owes her present pre-eminence in trade. Prior to the advent of these French artisans Germany had practically no craftsmanship.

The Great Elector was succeeded by his son Frederick, who tried only to emulate the kings of France in spending money. Then came Frederick Wilhelm, who became the first king of Prussia. It should be remembered that in all this hard work

the German emperor, who was then king of Austria, was the big man in Germany. But Frederick Wilhelm laid the emperor under such obligations that, after much fussing, he was allowed to assume the title, not king of Prussia, but of king "in Prussia." This meant that he was not a king save when he was in Prussia.

It was quite a boost for the Hohenzollerns, who had been electors and dukes to become kings. Frederick Wilhelm made the most of it. He was the chief farmer, the chief husbandman, the great farm and factory foreman, the price and cost man of the family. He was a sour, crabbed, mean, hard-drinking, hard-working, old chap, but he kept up the good work for the family. He paid especial attention to the army, and under his hand the Prussian infantry came to be known as the best in Europe.

The Original Drillmaster.

Frederick Wilhelm was the original Prussian drillmaster. To his right-hand man, the duke of Ahalt-Dessau, is given credit for being the one to introduce modern drill into armies. Frederick William was the first German militarist. He kept a great standing army and instituted the famous Potsdam Guards, made up of giants obtained from all parts of the world. Pomerania, to a degree. Frederick Wilhelm would spend untold sums for a tall man. It is recorded that he paid \$325,000 for an Irishman named Corbett who was some 8 feet tall and the biggest man in the famous guards.

Frederick was so parsimonious that he would not clothe himself or feed his family decently, but he would spend great sums on the army. He was his own auditor and weeded out any defaulter. He collected taxes with an iron hand, but he spent the money honestly. He kept

Cut to pieces and ground down by the people working hard, improving Swedish and Austrian armies, the sub-farms and stock and building roads. The Prussian peoples found comparative peace, rest and profit under the hard au-

thocratic rule of the Hohenzollerns. They might tell a farmer how to breed his cow and how to milk her and when to wean her calf. All of which is too much government for free Americans. But, to a people coming out of the thirty years' war, the fact that they could drink their own milk and eat their own beef and vegetables, instead of having them consumed by foreign armies, the rule of the Hohenzollerns was like the rule of heaven.

Here again we get a glimpse of how the Hohenzollerns further secured their remarkable ascendancy over the originally wild, free, independent, individualistic German people. Frederick the Great, son of Frederick Wilhelm I., kept up the farming, reclamation, roadmaking and craftsmanship of the family. He disbanded the famous Potsdam Guards, but kept up and improved the great Prussian infantry. Prussia had become a great state, for the reason that it could furnish anywhere from 20,000 to 100,000 first-class troops to Austria, Saxony, Poland, France or any other country that needed help. Therefore all these countries courted Prussia.

It is doubtful that Frederick the Great was at all so great a man as his father, and he certainly was not at all so great a man as his great-grandfather, the Great Elector. These two laid the foundation of success for the so-called great warrior, Frederick the Great.

Frederick Admitted Mistakes.

Frederick was a great soldier, though he ran away from the Austrians in his first battle, Mollwitz, which was won by his Prussian infantry after his flight. He wrote of himself that no general ever made more mistakes than he did. He won great victories and he was not particular about his methods in war or in peace. Though the Hohenzollerns have the name of being war-like princes, Frederick the Great is really the only warrior of the house. The Great Elector was a great soldier, but he fought only when he saw he could win. But he started the system that left the men and meant to Frederick the Great.

Frederick the Great's most notable work for Prussia was done when he organized the Furstenbund, a convocation of German princes opposed to Austrian preponderance in the empire. It was Frederick the Great that laid the foundation in this Furstenbund of the work that Bismarck set the crown, the subjection of Austria and the elevation of Prussia to first place among the German states.

He also abolished serfdom and corporal punishment within his domains. The great blot on his name was the partition of Poland, which took place during his reign. The Empress Catherine II. of Russia, a German princess, was the chief mover in this iniquitous act, but Frederick was a willing participant therein.

Frederick William II., one of the few weak Hohenzollerns, succeeded his uncle, Frederick the Great. This prince was given to wine, women and song, for which indeed few members of his family fell. He started the ill feeling between France and Prussia, countries which had been friends to that time, when he sent the Duke of Brunswick, with 45,000 Prussians and 65,000 Austrians, to put down the French revolution and establish Louis XV. on the French throne. The French defeated and destroyed the invaders, and the bitter animosity between the countries was born.

Frederick William II. did this only to aid a brother monarch, something that the Great Elector or Frederick William I. never would have done. Unless these princes could see advantages for Prussia in a war, that war did not take place.

Prussia fell low under his successor, Frederick William III. This prince ruled by Napoleon overran Europe and almost destroyed Prussia at Jena. These two Frederick Williams, the second and third, were the weak princes of Hohenzollern. However, Frederick William III. was not all weak. When beaten by Napoleon he took heart and helped Scharnhorst, Gneisenau and Von Stein to rebuild the state.

No Modern Army.

It may be said here that Scharnhorst, who founded the modern German army, was a Hanoverian. It was Scharnhorst who not only gave Germany its modern army, but also started the philosophy of war which Gneisenau, Clausewitz, Treitschke and Bernhardi brought to its present culmination. Scharnhorst trained Gneisenau, who trained Clausewitz, who trained Von Moltke, who trained Hindenburg, Von Falkenhayn and Ludendorff, the leaders of the German armies of to-day. Scharnhorst, Gneisenau and Von Stein were the men who foisted Napoleon, who refused to let Prussia main-tain more than 12,000 men under arms. By taking up and training 12,000 men as rapidly as possible then sending them back to their civil occupations and taking up another 12,000, Scharnhorst, Gneisenau and Von Stein managed to have 100,000 trained men to finish Napoleon in 1813 and again in 1815. Singularly enough, none of the three were Prussians. Scharnhorst was a Hanoverian, Gneisenau of Austrian descent, while Von Stein was from Nassau. Of the three, Von Stein was the only one of noble birth.

Frederick William III. was not all bad. He had his good points, but he was not a true "get along" Hohenzollern. He was succeeded by his son, Frederick William IV., an easy-going king. This young man was liberal and favored a limited monarchy to a greater extent than any other Hohenzollern. He helped his people along. Under him came the abortive revolution of 1848, crushed by the Prussian army of Prussia.

After Frederick IV. came Frederick William Louis, grandfather of William II. Bismarck and the modern German state, the history of which is so recent that it does not need even brief recapitulation. After Frederick IV. came Frederick William Louis, grandfather of William II. Bismarck and the modern German state, the history of which is so recent that it does not need even brief recapitulation.

SECOND SECTION

The Fort Wayne Sentinel

Only Evening Newspaper in Fort Wayne Receiving the Associated Press Dispatches

ESTABLISHED 1833.

MONDAY EVENING, JULY 23, 1917.

2 CENTS.

BIG CAMPAIGN CAN GET IN SAME COMPANY

Fort Wayne Knights of Columbus Will Help Raise \$1,000,000.

HAS ENDORSEMENT OF DIGNITARIES

Social and Moral Protection of Soldiers Is Object of Movement.

Bearing the endorsement and blessing of James Cardinal Gibbons, venerable primate of America, Rt. Rev. H. J. Alerding, bishop of the Fort Wayne diocese, and Rt. Rev. Joseph Chatrand, coadjutor bishop of Indianapolis, a big campaign to assist in raising \$1,000,000 was launched in Allen county Sunday under the auspices of the Knights of Columbus.

The one million dollars which is to be raised in this campaign throughout the country will be expended to provide social and moral protection for the American soldiers regardless of creed.

It is the plan to establish Catholic recreation centers and to provide more Catholic chaplains for the army and navy. This will give the Catholic soldier boys an opportunity to hear mass and receive the sacraments and other consolations of the Catholic faith.

Announcement of the campaign was made in all the Catholic churches Sunday and great impetus was given to the movement when the letters from the three dignitaries of the church were read in which all endorsed the campaign as a highly commendable one.

Headquarters have been established in the Knights of Columbus hall and reports will be made there every day by the various teams. The office will be kept open night and day.

Organization has already been completed and is as follows:

Maurice C. Niezer is general chairman; Alex A. Kortholl, secretary, and Othmar N. Heinly, treasurer. Members of the advisory committee are Rt. Rev. Herman J. Alerding, William P. Breen, Louis Fox, Henry C. Berghoff, John B. Reuss, A. A. Serva, Robert E. Kelly, George M. Haffner, J. Herman Bueter, John Suelzer, Jr., Stephen A. Callahan, Joseph F. Miller, Harry F. Kenner, Charles M. Niezer, Julian F. Franke, Joseph C. Hutzell, A. C. Gocke, H. G. Hogan.

Following are the parish committees already organized:

Cathedral.

James B. Cahill, captain; Clem P. App, Dr. H. O. Bruggeman, T. F. Kerby, Dr. Edward J. McOscar, Chas. M. Niezer, George Ryer, Robert C. Smith, James J. Hayes, Byron Hayes, Carl Weber, Clem Weber, Frank Hogan, Thos. Lane, Clem Lanternier, Geo. B. Niezer, John E. O'Connor, William O'Neill, Henry F. Peignot, Frank Perry, A. Schoenbelin, James Shieids, Mathew Drennan, Robert Sommers, Charles Mueller, John J. Woulfe, Joe Hutzell, Bernard Hedequin, Harry Beekler, Clem Fox, Julian Oswald, Jos. M. Schwartz and Harry Hogan.

St. Patrick's.

A. A. Serva, captain; Chas. D. Nolan, vice captain; Raymond Doyle, Thomas Hayes, Walter Knecht, John S. Moran, William Mulhaup, George Sosenheimer, Chas. E. Welch, Harold Beur, Oscar Collis, William Cunningham, George L. DeWald, Elmer Freiburger, Frank C. Graffe, Lawrence Heinly, William Lennart, Vincent D. Agostino, Frank Munogian, Thomas McArdle, Jerry McCarthy, Victor Nussbaum, Eugene Paley, Albert Raach, Michael Shea, M. J. Sullivan, Joe Tremple, Ralph Urbine, William P. Walsh, Russell Mullien, Chas. B. Hart, F. D. Nordstrum, Edward J. Dusser and John Dissler.

St. Mary's.

A. A. Kortholl, captain; Charles Hillier, vice captain; Clarence L. Alter, Amos L. Jockey, John B. Kocks, Al J. Niedhart, Elmer Wunderlin, Jos. Ball, Edward Alter, William Kuhlbach, William Ehman, John Heinly, Louis Schwart, Jr., Ed Offenbach, Carl Burlage, Carl Feist, John Uebel, Carl Ankemeyer, Charles H. Allgeier, Bernard L. Baltes, Chas. M. Brink, Ed DeLaGrange, Martin Noli, H. David Halstern, John Rissling, Geo. M. Haffner, Chester Pearson, Clem Mettler, Charles Partrot, Mart Ankenbruck, John Bergoff, Henry Allgeier, John Deppen and Othmar Heinly.

St. Peter's.

Julian F. Franke, captain; Elmer Grosh, Wm. E. Harber, John Suelzer, Jr., Ervin Zern, Oscar Ankenbruck, Louis E. Autenz, Frank Bangert, George Christen, Raymond Hoffman, George B. Jensen, Michael Kinder, Jerome Klingenberg, Edward Myers, Peter Olenoch, Mart Rinehart, John E. Rodemuth, Arthur Rosenberger, Frank Rosenberger, George Stang, Hubert Stegner, Charles Uebel, J. Claude Wierman, Philip Wyss, Bernard Jensen, Louis Deck, Harry Arens, John Landgraf, Lawrence Bliske, Frank Rinehart, John Rinehart, Lawrence Becker, Albert Franger and Edward Voged.

St. Paul's.

Edmund C. Niezer, captain; A. C. Gocke, Herbert F. Niezer, Edward Nohe, Joseph Wiedemyer, Albert Euchheit, Edward Bangert, Louis Disk, William Held, Clarence Mensing, Joseph Rieman, Fred Suelzer, Ad. Wolfson and John H. Miller.

Fredon's Blood.

Robert Kelly, captain; William Geary, Herman J. Miller, Jared J. Reed, Alois Rieg, Wm. P. Schinckle, Joseph Studer, Jos. E. Till, Gust. W. Libbing, Elmer J. Voigt, Andrew Dietrich, Charles Michael, John H.

ANDERSON BEATING DRAFT.

Anderson Signed the muster roll of Company M, Indiana national guard, and it is expected the necessary quota of 150 men will be secured within a few days. Because of many enlistments in the army and national guard since the war began only about one hundred young men will be drafted within the next few days.

SPENDS SUNDAY HERE.

Emil Koenig, of Columbia avenue, a member of the hospital corps unit of the United States army and who is now on special detail as chief clerk at the officers' reserve corps training camp at Fort Benjamin Harrison, visited with his parents here over Sunday.

AT LAST THE SECRET OF HENRY FORD'S TRACTOR IS UNCOVERED THE GASOLINE ENGINE AGAINST THE SUBMARINE IS THE WAR ISSUE

Detroit Motor King's Jitney

Horse Is Already at Work and Is Declared a Huge Success—Will Be Turned Out by Thousands in New Factory Built for That Purpose.

(By B. E. LING.)
Detroit, July 23.—Henry Ford against Krupp.

Detroit against Essen.
Tractor against submarine.

This is the new array of forces in the world war.

The submarine is the engine of starvation; the tractor is the engine of plenty. The submarine stands for destruction; the tractor for production. It is the submarine's mission to starve the allied world into submission to Germany; it is the tractor's purpose to nourish it for victory over kaiserism.

Henry Ford has invented the tractor. He has perfected it. He is beginning to manufacture it in large quantities.

Ford's tractor will revolutionize farming. It will multiply the production of farms. It will double, triple, quadruple the yield of crops. It will stock the allied world's pantry.

"My tractor is a proved success," said Henry Ford today. "It will accomplish all I have sought for it to accomplish."

Ford, the patriot, is fighting eighteen hours a day in the fore line of the battle against autocracy. He believes victory rests with the alliance or nation that can feed its people longest. And Ford is fighting to produce the food.

This is Ford's conviction:
If the allies fail to force a victory with land forces, sea navy and air navy, their last weapon is the tractor. A military stalemate means a war of starvation. And the tractor will feed democracy while kaiserism shrivels from the starving.

Captain Clark Coming.

Lieut. H. C. Moriarty, of Battery B, received a telegram from Capt. Harry Clark, commanding officer of this company, that he would arrive in Fort Wayne Monday evening and that he intended to conduct an inspection of the company. This is regular drill night and it is obligatory that every member is present.

Dr. A. C. Arnett will be in Fort Wayne until 9 o'clock Monday evening and every recruit who has not yet undergone a physical examination must report before this time tonight. It is understood that any recruit who does not make his appearance will be brought by a detachment or by the sheriff.

For Medical Corps.

Edward H. Cook, son of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence F. Cook, 1010 West Wayne street, satisfied Saturday afternoon at the Fort Wayne recruiting station. He entered the medical branch of the service. He left Saturday night for Fort Thomas, Ky. "Ned," as he was familiarly called, was a graduate of the Fort Wayne high school and for the past three years was employed as a skilled mechanic by the Fort Wayne Overland company service department.

Somewhere in France.

For several months relatives and friends of George Placer, who resided on West Jefferson street, did not hear a word from him. Saturday afternoon a friend received a card bearing his name and bearing the heading, "Somewhere in France."

No Furlough Granted.

Kinner Blitz, who sails for France with the Williams college ambulance unit, was unable to secure a furlough and visit his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Max Blitz, as he had planned. His parents were to meet him at Pittsburg.

Gets a Promotion.

Word has been received that J. J. Bowersox, of 1480 Swinney avenue, has been promoted to corporal in the aviation corps at Fort Kelly, Texas. This young man enlisted last March and has showed such ability that he has been promoted and is in line for a sergeant's promotion. He has been detailed to the United States aviation post at Rantoul, Ill.

Hammond Organizes Unit.

Sergeant Welch, one of the live wires of Captain Ryan's staff, has sent word to his captain stating that he has begun work of recruiting an entire company in Hammond with good prospects that his plans will be realized. He already has seventy men for this new unit and has about 200 lined up.

St. Mary's.

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EDWARD KAHLER.

DESTROYED BY FIRE.

Flames of Incendiary Origin

Cause Estimated Loss

of \$2,800.

(Special to The Sentinel.)

Bluffton, Ind., July 23.—Fire of incendiary origin destroyed the old Davison elevator in this city early Sunday morning. The loss is estimated at \$2,800. H. C. Arnold & Sons, who own the building, announced that they will rebuild at once.

The fire was discovered at 1:45 o'clock Sunday morning and was all ablaze before help arrived.

In addition to the building a half carload of salt, a carload of coke, one and a half cars of coal and a large amount of flue tiles were destroyed by the fire.

Another attempt to destroy the building was made several weeks ago, but the attempt failed.

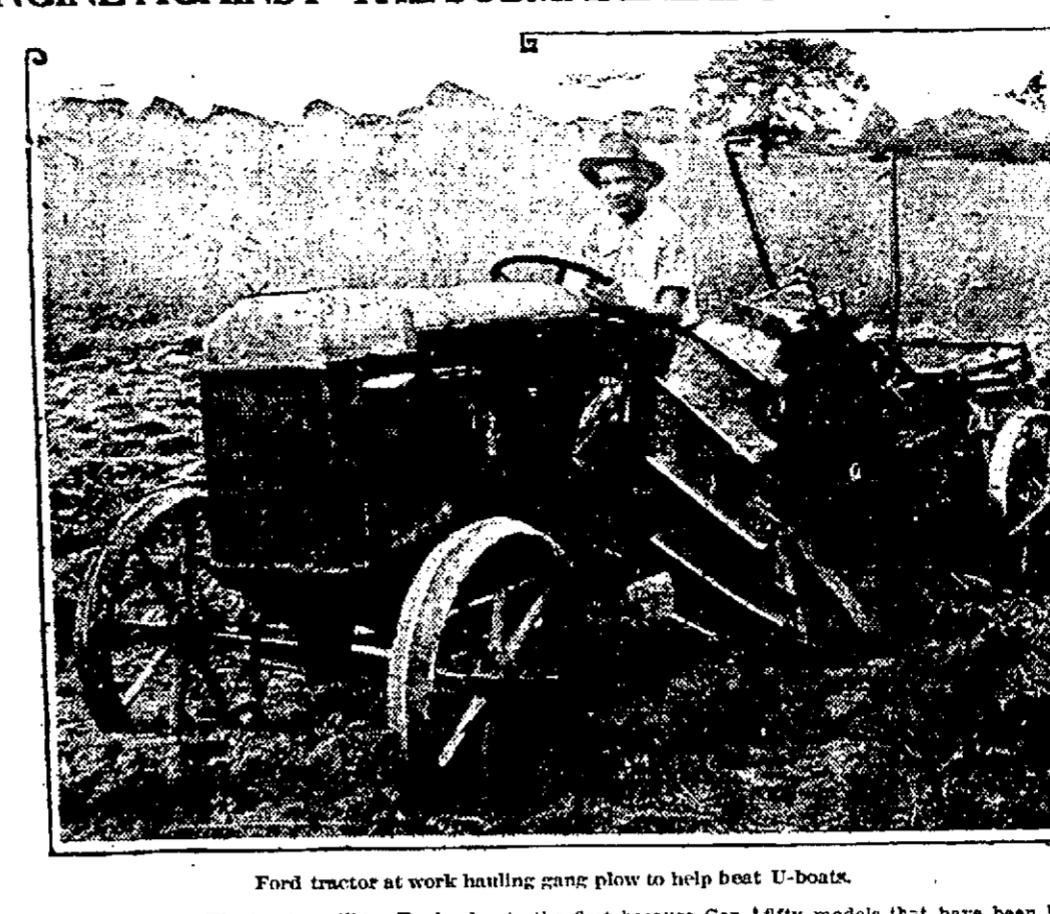
Bluffton also had a fire last week which officials

believe was also of incendiary origin.

Authorities suspect the incendiary and it is likely that an arrest will be made within the next few days.

SPENDS SUNDAY HERE.

Emil Koenig, of Columbia avenue, a member of the hospital corps unit of the United States army and who is now on special detail as chief clerk at the officers' reserve corps training camp at Fort Benjamin Harrison, visited with his parents here over Sunday.



Ford tractor at work hauling gang plow to help beat U-boats.

labor expended on it. The tractor will labor twenty-four hours a day; seven days a week; 365 days a year. It will plow, harrow, plant, cultivate, reap, furnish power for farm machinery and haul crops to market.

Other tractors now on the market will do these things and do them well. Four thousand tractors were used in the spring planting in Kansas alone.

But Ford's new tractor is to the tractor world what Ford's auto is to the automobile world. The Ford tractor's characteristics are these:

It is cheap. It is easy to operate. It burns gasoline, kerosene or alcohol.

It is simple to construct.

It can be built in vast quantities. "Quantity production" is the key word of Ford's plan for defeating the submarine with the tractor. The more tractors, the more food.

Ford has begun to build tractors for England at his experimental plant at Dearborn, a Detroit suburb. He is rushing enlargement of this plant to make certain delivery of 7,000 tractors to England by February—in time for next year's farming.

England gets the first because Germany is trying to starve England first.

Ford is building another tractor plant at Cork, Ireland. Tractors built in Ireland are sure to reach their destinations in the British Isles. And food raised in the British Isles is sure to reach the mouths of the British people.

Ford thinks of his tractor not only as a weapon in war, but a blessing in peace.

He foresees the day when the 50,000 farmers in the world will be equipped with tractors.

The price of each tractor, when materials reach a normal level, will be about \$300.

The United States government is cooperating with Ford to obtain quantity production of the tractor as a farm necessity. The house of representatives, largely on recommendation of Secretary of War Baker and Secretary of Agriculture Houston, has appropriated \$490,000 to make the River Rogue navigable. This is to provide water transportation to assist Ford in building the immense tractor plant and burn furnaces he plans.

The tractor plant and furnaces will eventually dim in magnitude the Ford auto plant, with its 37,000 employees. Detroit will defeat Essen. Ford will triumph over Krupp.

The "winner" is the evolution of

Country Conscription Names

Disappear From Bulletin Board in Court House.

Mother-in-Law and Son-in-Law Die in Local Hospitals.

BOTH ARE CLAIMED WITHIN TWO HOURS

Mrs. Mary Ann Crouse, 82, and Mason Mellot, 70, Pass Away.

Mary Ann Crouse, of Ossian, died at the Lutheran hospital Monday morning at 1:45 o'clock. Her death came just two hours after that of her son-in-law, Mason Mellot, who died at the St. Joseph hospital at 11:45. She was 82 years old, death resulting from cardiac dropsy.

Mrs. Crouse was the widow of Dr. J. W. Crouse, of Ossian, who died thirty-three years ago. She had lived in Ossian all her life. She had been at the hospital for the past fourteen months. Surviving relatives are five children: Mrs. Mason Mellot, of this city; Dr. J. W. Crouse, Jr., of El Paso, Texas; Mrs. H. W. Emmanuel, of Miller, North Dakota; Bert Crouse, of Hicksville, and Mrs. R. A. Russey, of Salt Lake City; twenty-nine grandchildren and many great-grandchildren also survive. The remains were taken to Ossian for burial.

Death of Mason Mellot.

Mason Mellot, age 70 years, a retired plasterer contractor, died Sunday night at 11:45 at the St. Joseph hospital, after an illness of eight months. Death was the result of cancer. His home was at 1435 St. Mary's avenue.

Mr. Mellot had lived in Fort Wayne for the past fifteen years, coming here from Ossian. He was a member of the Lawton post, G. A. R., having served in the civil war as a member of the fifty-sixth regiment, Company B, Pennsylvania volunteers. He came to Ossian, Ind., immediately after the war. He was married to Almina Crouse, daughter of Dr. J. W. Crou

Twelve.

THE FORT WAYNE SENTINEL.

Hay Fever Patients
Test Reality of Cure.

A brochure has just been published dealing with the new treatment for Hay Fever. It quotes cases, tells of interesting and daring experiments of patients to test the reality of the "cure." Hay Fever patients will read this brochure with deep and particular interest. It will give them an entirely new viewpoint on hay fever. A disease that can now be cured. This brochure will be sent upon request to any address.

DR. K. L. SEAMAN,
Ear, Nose and Throat Specialist
312-313 Shoaff Bldg.

White Dress Parade
Robison Park, Wednesday, July 25

The Annual White Dress Parade will be held at Robison Park, Wednesday, July 25. Ten cents street car fare for all boys and girls for the round trip. Just board any street car in any part of Fort Wayne. Give the conductor your nickel and ask him for a transfer to Robison park. Conductors will not collect from boys and girls again enroute. On returning home you pay your nickel at the turnstile. The conductor will give you a transfer to your city home. If Wednesday, July 25th, be stormy and rain falling up to 1 o'clock p.m., the fete will be held the next fair day.

Hints and Reminders
on the Burning
Subject

It is a fact that we keep in touch with the highest class of coal that is in the market which goes a long way towards satisfying the coal trade. You can depend on the Independent Coal Co. giving you just what you buy. Call us for prices.

Independent Coal Co.
Phone 3863, 547 Fairmount Place.

Order Your Suit Now
Made to Your Measure.

HEIDER & CO.,
113 E. Wayne St.

**You Can
Get Dishes
-at-**

PICKARD'S

ELECTRIC
Light & Power
PHONE
340

**INDIANA'S COMPLETE
HOME OUTFIT**
Three-Room Outfit
This outfit is an ideal one for the newlyweds. All that is needed to furnish three rooms in the most comfortable manner. Three complete rooms—bedroom, dining room and kitchen.
Special Price \$95

Indiana Furniture Co.
121-123 East Main Street.

SCHLOSSER'S
OAK GROVE
ICE CREAM

DR. J. A. CHAPMAN
OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN
Specializing in Acute Diseases.
Shoaff Bldg.—Fifth Floor.
2722—PHONES—2614 Blue.

UNDERTAKERS.

KLAHN & MELCHING
UNDERTAKERS & EMBALMERS
221-222 East Washington Boulevard
OFFICE—HOME PHONE 222
Best of Service at Reasonable Prices
MOTOR AMBULANCE.

CHALFANT & EGLEY
Undertakers—Embalmers
NEW LOCATION
421 E. Berry. Phone 362.
Very Best Services at Nominal Cost.

**REPUBLICAN HOLDS
THAT STATE OIL JOB**

Marion Circuit Court in Ruling Enjoins Democratic Pretender.

Indianapolis, July 23.—Marion Caldwell, a republican, was adjudged to be the legal oil inspector of the state, in a decision made public today by Judge Louis Ewbank, of the Marion circuit court. An injunction to prevent Adam H. Felker, a democrat, and men he had appointed as deputies from acting as oil inspector was granted. An appeal to the Indiana supreme court will be taken it is said. Caldwell was appointed by Governor Goodrich and Felker was named by State Geologist Barrett. There has been a dispute as to who should name the oil inspector since the United States district court some time ago gave the oil companies an injunction against the oil inspection department as it had been operating in the last few years, preventing collection of fees for the work.

Today: See Shady Brook Park.

**ASKED TO SECURE
PROFESSIONAL COOKS**

H. J. KEENAN of the Anthony Named by Quartermaster General.

By virtue of holding the office of president of the Indiana State Hotel Keepers' association, H. J. Keenan, manager of the Anthony hotel, has been appointed by Henry G. Sharpe, quartermaster general, to secure for the government the services of as

many professional and expert cooks as possible.

The professional cooks will be taken into the service of the government for six or eight weeks and will instruct men who wish to be cooks in the army. It is explained that fifteen cooks will be needed for each regiment. These instructions will be given at the various cantonments.

The professional cooks who can be spared by the hotelkeepers in the state will be paid the same wages that they are drawing while in the employ of the hotel.

**BRITAIN FACING
LARGEST OF HER
LOANS FOR WAR**

London, July 23.—In the house of commons tomorrow the government will ask for a vote of credit of £650,000, the largest single vote since the outbreak of the war. It will bring up the total for the war to £5,292,000,000.

John L. Sullivan on Overeating.

John L. Sullivan, the ex-pugilist, says that more people die from overeating than from drink. One of the most prominent physicians in England says that is also the case over there. No wonder that so many people are troubled with indigestion. If you have trouble with your stomach adopt a diet suited to your age and occupation. Then if you should have indigestion take Chamberlain's Tablets. They strengthen the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally.

Advertisement.

FOR SALE—Bowser & Co. preferred stock, Wayne Oil Tank preferred stock, City Suburban Bldg. Co. preferred stock. C. F. Pfeiffer.

Sentinel Want Ads. Bring Results.

5-2-14

**SHIPPING BOARD
MEMBER RESIGNS**

White Quits and Then Is of Mind to Stay to Aid Friend Denman.

Washington, D. C., July 23.—John D. White, of Kansas City, has resigned as a member of the shipping board and President Wilson was said today to have accepted the resignation. Officials at the white house declared Mr. White's resignation was not connected with the difficulties that have developed between Chairman Denman, of the board, and Major General Goethals, of the emergency fleet corporation, over the government's ship building program.

Mr. White was said to have found the work exceedingly heavy and was anxious to get out on this account. He was one of Mr. Denman's supporters on the board.

Report that John A. Donald, of New York, another member of the board, has resigned, was denied at the white house.

Officials in close touch with the Denman-Goethals controversy said today it was not probably that President Wilson would summon either man to the white house to discuss the questions involved.

The president has all available information before him. He knows the two men thoroughly and is expected to settle the matter as quickly as possible on the information he already has. Captain White, it turns out, offered his resignation to the president one week ago on the ground of ill-health and went on a vacation. When he returned the row between Chairman Denman and General Goethals had become acute and now, it is understood, he would like to remain until the situation clears. Captain White has supported Mr. Denman and Vice Chairman Brent in their opposition to General Goethals. John A. Donald and R. B. Stevens, the other two members of the board, are said to have taken sides with the general.

President Wilson probably will take a hand in the controversy within a few

days and supplement his order dividing authority conferred on him by issuing instructions putting either Denman or General Goethals in supreme charge of shipbuilding. As it is each claims he is responsible. Mr. Donald denied emphatically today reports that he would resign.

THE WEATHER

LOCAL OFFICE UNITED STATES WEATHER BUREAU.

Local data for the 24 hours ending at noon today:

Temperature at the End of Each Hour.	1:00 P.M.	8:00 A.M.	11
2:00 P.M.	87	2:00	70
3:00 P.M.	87	3:00	68
4:00 P.M.	88	4:00	68
5:00 P.M.	85	5:00	67
6:00 P.M.	85	6:00	67
7:00 P.M.	84	7:00	65
8:00 P.M.	78	8:00	73
9:00 A.M.	77	9:00	52
10:00 P.M.	77	10:00	53
11:00 P.M.	74	11:00	53
Midnight.	72	Noon.	58

Highest temperature yesterday, 88.

Lowest temperature this morning, 68.

Highest since the first of the month, 83

degrees on the 1st.

Lowest since the first of the month, 50

degrees on the 11th.

Precipitation for the 24 hours ending at noon today, none.

Precipitation since the first of the month, 4.33 inches.

Maumee river stage at 7:00 A. M. today, 5.5 feet.

Relative Humidity—

7:00 P. M. yesterday, 52 per cent.

7:00 A. M. today, 78 per cent.

Noon today, 48 per cent.

Banometer, Reduced to Sea-Level—

7:00 P. M. yesterday, 30.03 inches.

7:00 A. M. today, 29.94 inches.

Sun sets today 7:06 P. M. Sun rises tomorrow 4:29 A. M.

BIG REVIEW AT FORT BEN.

Columbus, Ohio, July 23.—Through an invitation received by Governor Cox of Ohio today, it became known that the governors of all states which sent men to the officers' training camp at Fort Benjamin Harrison have been invited by Major General Barry of the central department of the United States army to attend a review of the men at the camp on Friday, August 10.

**THERE ARE 365
INDEPENDENCE DAYS
IN EVERY YEAR!**

Proven Experience



YOU may be independent the year around and greatly reduce your cost of living if you will take advantage of this season's

CANNING TIME.

Our many helpful utensils and devices will aid you greatly in canning fruits and vegetables in a scientific and economical way.

Some People Do Find Good Servants

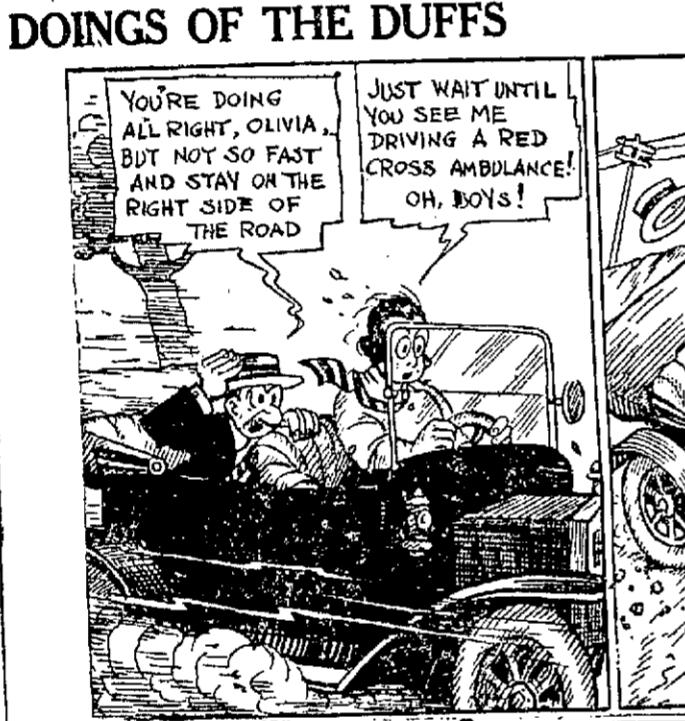
They may be "lucky," of course. But perhaps it's more like good management than good luck.

Most of the good servants are found through "WANT ADVERTISING" or through answering ads. The patient advertiser, who tries again and again—is sure to find, as a reward of persistence, a servant who will be all the trouble of the guest!

Phone Your "Wants" to The Sentinel—173.

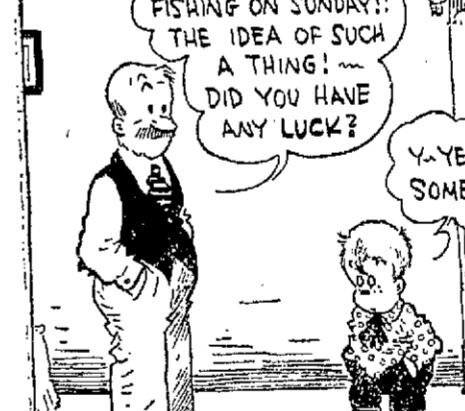
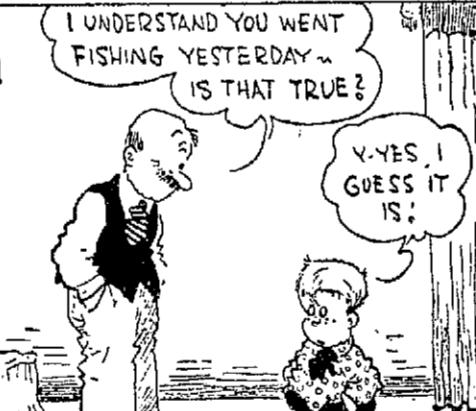
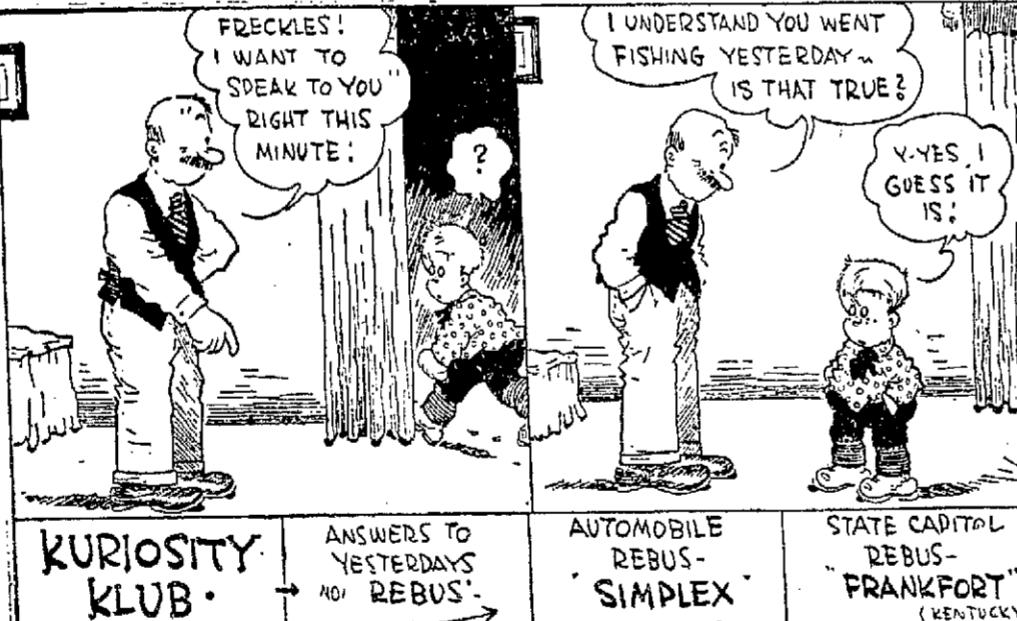
Try Sentinel Want Ads.

BY ALLMAN

**FRECKLES AND HIS FRIENDS**

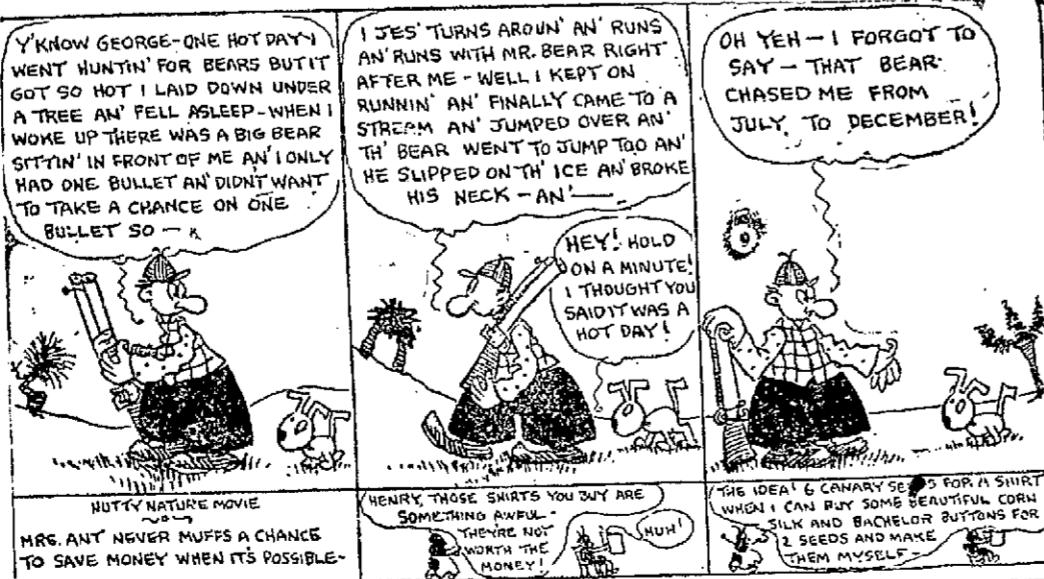
YES, IT WAS LUCK, FOR SUNDAY.

BY BLOSSER

**SQUIRREL FOOD**

THAT LEAVES YOU, BENNY.

BY AHERR

**CHESTNUT CHARLIE**

NOW THE QUESTION IS:—WHY IS

“SOUTH CAROLINA

“CANARY BIRD”?

WALDO ZABASH

“GENE AHERN”

“WOTZA MATTA WITH

“CHEWING TOBACCO?”

BECAUSE IT

WANTED TO

SEE—SEED!

(SECEDE)

“ZAHM-S.H.”

“DRAH-S.H.”

“ZAHM-S.H.”

“DRAH-S.H.”

“ZAHM-S.H.”

“DRAH-S.H.”

The Mighty "KNUCKLE" Ball and its effective elusiveness described by Eddie Cicotte



HOW
"KNUCKLE" BALL
IS DELIVERED
Posed By
BILL DOAK,
TWIRLER FOR
ST. LOUIS
CARDINALS

BY J. B. SHERIDAN.

THAT HAS been said that there are more methods of poisoning a dog than by filling his stomach with melted butter. So, too, there are more ways of keeping batters from batting in a baseball game than by throwing the ball past or through their bats. The "knuckle ball" is one of these ways.

When Eddie Cicotte—now don't say "Si-cot" nor yet "Si-cottay," but "See-kote"—pitched Chicago against St. Louis on April 14, 1917, his name was flashed all over the United States, Canada, Alaska and the island possessions of the United States. Everywhere an American lives, in the trenches of Flanders, Africa, etc., it is known now that Cicotte pitched a no-hit game.

Great is the fame that follows the pitching of a no-hit game. Few pitchers have done it—as many as one each year, perhaps. Joseph McRoy Mann, a student at Princeton College, was the first man to pitch a no-hit game. That was against Yale, May 29, 1875. In 1876 George Washington Bradley pitched a no-hit game for St. Louis against Hartford. On July 12 the first perfect no-hit, no-man-to-first game was pitched by J. Lee Richmond, a left-hander, for Worcester, Mass., against Cleveland. This Richmond must have been some ballplayer. Batted in second place and had six assists the day he made his famous record.

Lots of them have pitched no-hit games since that time. Larry Corcoran, the famous White Stocking, pitched three no-hit games between 1880 and 1884. Jim Galvin pitched two between 1880 and 1884. The famous Cy Young pitched three no-hit games in twenty-three years, one of them a no-man-to-first affair. Young pitched his first no-hit game in 1887, his last in 1898, eleven years later. Addie Joss pitched two no-hit games, one of them a no-man-to-first soiree. Mountjoy of Cincinnati pitched his last game against Toledo in 1883. Breitenstein of St. Louis pitched his first no-hit game in 1891, his second seven years later. Atkinson, Terry, Kilroy, Weyhing, Seward and other old-timers all got in their no-hit games. Gordon and Devlin pitched no-hit games in 1875. But the honor of having pitched the greatest number of no-hit games goes to Jimmie Galvin, a St. Louis boy, who began in 1876 with the St. Louis Reds and wound up twenty years later with Pittsburgh.

Galvin was a great pitcher. He pitched two no-hit games within six weeks. On July 4, 1876, he held Philadelphia hitless, and on August 17, repeated against the Cass Club of Detroit. The same J. Lee Richmond pitched two no-hit games within sixty days for Worcester against Chicago and Springfield in 1873. Kimber (Brooklyn, 1884), McIntyre (Brooklyn, 1904), King (Chicago, 1890) and Wilts (New York, 1908) all pitched ten innings without a safe hit being made off them. King lost his no-hit ten-inning game.

One No-Hit Game a Year.

Harry Wormwood, a minor leaguer, went seven hitless innings for Fall River in 1910. Toney, now with Cincinnati, then with Winchester, Ky., went seventeen innings, struck out nineteen batters, yet lost, 1-0, May 10, 1909. Wolfgang, now with the Chicago Americans, went ten innings of a no-hit, no-man-to-first game. Justus of Lancaster, Ohio, 1910, pitched four no-hit games in one season, but these were in a small minor league. No-hit games average one a year. All told, Jim Galvin has the best record of no-hit games. He pitched four of them in major league company—two in 1876, one in 1880 and one in 1881. Galvin was a short, stout fellow, a native of St. Louis, and without doubt a very great pitcher.



Ball Is a Hobo

THE "knuckle" ball is the hobo of balldom, its course, even when under "control," being entirely beyond the influence of the pitcher, so far as the "break" at the plate is concerned.

Without the spiral motion that causes a curve ball to do the will of the pitcher, the knuckle ball, floating up to the plate, gathers a pad of air in front of it and then veers, no one in advance knows whither.

It is a hobo!

thrown with variations of pace, slow, medium or reasonably fast.

When it is understood that the fast and curve balls are governed by very rapid rotation, it will also be understood that the "knuckle ball," coming absolutely without any rotation whatever, surprises, and, to some extent, puzzles the batter. Instead of a whizzing, spinning sphere which looks about the size of a pea, a great, big, globular affair comes up, grinning like a full moon. It seems to be easy to hit. The fact is that it catches the batter off balance. He is expecting a fast one or a curve, and is "set" for that sort of ball. Here comes a lazy, loafering, soft-looking ball, seemingly as big as a football.

The ballistics of it is that just as it reaches the point where it makes good hitting, the ball takes an entirely inexplicable "shoot" and drops, it seems, into the ground.

This disappearance of the "knuckle ball" is easily explained. The science of ballistics teaches us that air packs up in front of any projected missile and forms a cushion. The density of the air just in front of a rifle bullet, or a baseball, or football, or even balloon, is greater than the density of the air on either side of said moving projectile.

To pierce this air cushion, the rifle bullet is given a rotary motion. That is what rifling is for. The bullet bores into the cushion of air as an auger bores into soft wood. If the bullet did not have this rotary or boring motion the cushion of air in front of it would divert it from its mark and make its final destination uncertain. That is why a smooth-bore musket is inaccurate in bullet delivery.

The cushion of air in front of the bullet that does not rotate diverts the missile and makes aim uncertain. The rifling of the piece gives the bullet the rotary motion essential to accuracy.

The Ball and the Air.

So it is with pitched balls. The rotary motion given them by the pitcher controls their motion. The fast ball will shoot in or up for the reason that the pitcher imparts a side or upward rotation to the sphere. The curve ball will break out or down because the pitcher gives it a rotary motion that acts when the air cushion becomes so dense as to impede its progress in a direct line forward, the "knuckle ball" is responsible for a greater part of his success.

Ball Does Not Rotate.

The delivery itself is a variation of the old slow ball. The pitcher grasps the ball, in so far as he can, between the thumb and the knuckles of the first and second fingers. The third finger lies extended along the ball.

The result is that the sphere does not rotate. It sails or "slides" up to the batter. It may be

but the floating, nonrotating "knuckle ball" has no rotary movement to take it past the air cushion in any designed direction. It packs up an air cushion in front of it. When the air cushion becomes so dense as to impede its progression in a direct line forward, the "knuckle ball" does one of three things.

It takes a shoot either straight ahead, to the right or to the left and downward.

Not even the pitcher can foretell in what di-

rection the ball is liable to break. It is very difficult to obtain control of this ball, just as it is extremely difficult to hit any object with a smooth-bore musket. Difficulty of control is the reason why so few pitchers successfully use the "knuckle ball."

The fact that the "knuckle ball" is liable to break any one of three ways makes it extremely difficult to hit. In the first place, the batter is surprised to see the great, big, white globe of butter floating up smiling at him. He is expecting a ball of different pace and a ball that is rotating rapidly. The unexpected pace throws his stroke out of time. He may recover his balance and hit. Just as his bat is about to meet the ball the latter drops, it seems, into the earth,

The spitball always breaks one way—down. There have been pitchers who could, it is said, break the spitball three ways—in, out or down. These have been very few. Mathewson's famous "fadeaway" broke outside and away from the batter. There is but one speed to the spitball and one to the "fadeaway." You cannot vary pace on them. You can throw the "knuckle ball" in as many various speeds as you can control. Cicotte says that he can change the pace on the "knuckle ball" at will, but that he never can tell just what direction it will take after it breaks.

Varies the Pace of Ball.

"I use it very frequently during a game," said the latest no-hit pitcher after his great game at St. Louis on April 14. "I vary pace on it, and very frequently I do not ask it to break at all. I throw it with some rotation. When I know a batter is going to hit—when I know and he knows that I must lay a strike over the plate—I pitch the "knuckle ball" with as little rotation as possible, so that it may break as well as possible. The different paces deceive the batter, and the break simply makes it impossible to hit safely save by the greatest fluke."

"The spitball has but one pace—fast. The "fadeaway" had but one pace—medium slow. I can pitch the "knuckle ball" at any pace from medium fast to dead slow."

"I began using this ball when I was a kid. It was always impossible to hit, but I found it very hard to obtain control of it. It was not until I joined Boston in 1908 that I began to get control of the "knuckle ball." Even then it evaded me for months at a time. When I got it going right I was hard to beat. Even now I often lose control of it."

"I joined Chicago in 1912, and began to do better with the difficult delivery. I had trouble, however, with my general control. I had been a slim kid, but I was growing fat. I weighed 135 pounds when I had my first engagement with the Sault Ste. Marie team, way back in 1903. I weighed 190 pounds in 1913. Since that time I have tried to keep down to 170 pounds, but I find it hard to do so."

"This year I made a special effort to reduce my weight. I am down to 170 pounds lighter than I have been in ten seasons. I find that my control is better than it has ever been. To this

I attribute my early success this season. You see, when I am fat I can't get my arm to follow through with my pitch. My upper arm hits my right breast and won't go any farther. Thus my pace is slow and won't go any farther. Thus I have been pitching with a short, jerky motion, which is not good for control."

Cicotte is a native and resident of Detroit. He got his first engagement in his native state, at Sault Ste. Marie. After one season there the Detroit club signed him. Then the manager, a clever chap named William Armour, thought Cicotte was too light to succeed in the major leagues. He sent him to Augusta, Ga.

"Armour and Detroit could not see me as a pitcher," said Cicotte, "but I did my home town good turn when it sent me to Augusta. On the same team with me was a green young outfielder. He was wild and would make any number of mistakes and 'bone' plays, but he could hit the ball a mile now and then, he was fast, and he was burning with ambition."

"I recommended this young man to Detroit. They accepted my recommendation and signed him. He is still with them. His name is Cobb."

Sold to Lincoln.

If Detroit appreciated what Cicotte had done for it in recommending Cobb it did not show its appreciation by retaining the little pitcher. He was sent to Indianapolis. He did not stick in that company, but retransferred to Des Moines in a lower class league. He did well there. Detroit recalled him again in 1907, but could not find him as a pitcher. They sold him outright to Lincoln, in the Western League. Cicotte had another good year and Boston took a chance on him in 1908. He stuck after five years trying.

Weight began to worry Cicotte now. He did well in 1908 and 1909, but not so well in 1910. In 1911 he had a bad year because his wife was very ill during the summer. So Boston released him to Chicago for the small sum of \$1500, waiver price.

Cicotte did good work for Chicago. He has been the club's leading pitcher for several years. He cannot be worked very often, but when he does pitch, his team and the spectators know that the club that beats him will have to play ball."

Like Lajoie, Dubuc, Rondeau, Fabrique, etc.

Cicotte keeps busy in winter. He has a garage in Detroit, which takes a lot of his time. He hunts and fishes whenever he can find leisure.

A wife and two daughters represent his family. He is 34 years old and seems to have many years of pitching left in his right arm.

The Basques are a very independent, liberty-loving people. When Don Carlos was fighting to become king of Spain, he solicited the aid of the Basques. It was granted him on condition that while he might call himself king of the other provinces of Spain, he must be content to be known as president and plain Don or "Mister" in the Basque provinces. The French Basques always refused to acknowledge the sovereignty of Napoleon I., or of any other French sovereign or government of which they did not approve.

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THE FORT WAYNE SENTINEL

**WILL HAVE COMPANY
AT SISTER'S FUNERAL**

**Officer Will Accompany Man
Who May Not Have
Registered.**

Commodore Keck, who formerly lived in Cedarville, made a mistake when he rode a Wabash freight train into Fort Wayne Monday morning to attend his sister's funeral. He was halted by Wabash Detective Buuck. When a razor was found on him Keck was taken to jail.

Keck told Judge Kerr that he is 27 years old, and has lost his registration card. The judge does not like the story. He ordered Keck held under \$100 bond until Tuesday.

"But I must attend my sister's funeral," insisted Keck.

"We will arrange that," assured Judge Kerr.

The funeral of the sister, Margaret Lehman, 2338 North Clinton street, will be held at the Klaché & Melching chapel at 2 o'clock Monday afternoon. One of the county deputies will accompany Keck to the funeral and after the burial will return the man to jail.

Keck is now under bond because of an attack made on members of his family at Cedarville a week ago. He threw all his near relatives out of his home and then walked to Fort Wayne, where he was arrested on an assault charge.

The latest charge against Keck is that of train climbing, but Judge Kerr thinks that the man has also failed to register.

**REPORT SHOWS GOOD
WORK OF RED CROSS**

**Shipping Station Opens for
Northern Indiana Chap-
ters Today.**

One of the busiest weeks of the Red Cross chapter was experienced up to Saturday night, as shown by the report of the chairman of the various departments in surgical supplies and hospital garments.

Sixty-four enrollments were recorded Saturday afternoon at the headquarters, fifty of them coming from the new auxiliary formed at Monroeville, and eleven from Monroe. Several donations were also reported, \$25 coming from the Howard Council, Royal Arcanum. Mrs. Marlon Phares, of Winchester road, route No. 9, gave ninety cents which she obtained from the sale of flowers. Two little girls from Lakeside brought in to the headquarters \$1.85, which represented the receipts from a juvenile circus given Thursday afternoon.

Children at the Guidlin, Lakeside and Smart playgrounds are being instructed in the art of knitting, and are putting in some of the time spent at the recreation places helping the Red Cross.

The shipping station for the 120 Northern Indiana chapters which will come under the jurisdiction of the Fort Wayne chapter, opened Monday, although supplies will probably not start coming in for a few days. The station has been completely overhauled, with shelves and tables placed around in convenient places.

**GEAKE QUILTS
DRAFT BOARD**

(Continued from page 1.)

William Geake declares that his only reason for resigning from his place on the draft board is because of the serious illness of his 7-year-old son. The boy is now being treated at a resort in the Adirondack mountains. The father has received word that the condition of the lad is critical and he may be called to the bedside at any time.

"This exemption board task is one which should hold the constant attention of the board members until the draft armies have been completed," Mr. Geake said Monday.

"I do not want to start the work and be forced to break it off later. It is better to get another man before the work begins."

Mr. Geake declares that his action is not moved by any dislike of the painful duties which will fall to the lot of the exemption boards.

Major Honey states that he has no idea who will be the new member appointed on the second section board. Gustav Boerger is secretary and Dr. L. P. Drayer is the physician making up the remainder of the board.

No More to Quit.

Mr. Geake, who is one of the first men in the country to resign from a draft board after the lottery has been drawn, will be the only member of Fort Wayne boards to quit from the start about to start.

"I am going to stay with the work as a matter of patriotism, if I loose all of my medical practice," said a physician on one of the three boards. Monday. Other members of the three boards, when called by telephone, said that they had no intentions of getting out from under the responsibility about to be theirs.

"I am sure the action of William Geake casts no reflection upon him," said Mayor W. J. Hosey, Monday. "His record as a citizen is too plain for such an insinuation to be well founded."

"The place must be filled at once," Mayor Hosey went on. "This work of caring for the situation at hand must not be halted at this time."

Nothing Definite.

No definite information regarding the time when they shall begin their work and the date of notifying the draft subjects has yet been received by the draft board members.

Heads of literature relating to the mode of examination and the grounds and processes for exemption were unloaded at the city clerk's office, Monday.

First questions to be answered in writing by conscripts will be regarding their physical condition. The questions which will immediately precede the physical test, are:

Have you found your health and habits in any way interfere with your success in civil life? If so, give details.

Do you consider that you are now

soud and well? If not, state details: Have you ever been under treatment in a hospital or asylum? If so, for what ailment?

The three questions are to be sworn to and appear above the signature of the young man being examined.

Then comes the physical trial. Nose, throat, teeth, eyes and ears will be important parts of the examination.

When the test has been passed the appeals for exemption may be given. A booklet containing forms for preparing affidavits to support claims from army service has been presented to the board and will be given those who appear to escape the army draft.

A bundle of blank forms to be filled in when appeals are taken from the decision of the local boards are also at hand. Work will be ready to start here as soon as instructions to proceed are received.

Many Queries.

Mayor Hosey and the office of the city clerk received dozens of letters, Monday, in regard to the drawing of the draft numbers. Many young men in distant cities are anxious to know their conscription numbers. Some young men wish to know if they must come back to Fort Wayne for examination when their number is called. It is the present opinion that reports for examination must be made at the place where registration was conducted.

**CHAUTAUQUA
ENDS TUESDAY**

(Continued from page 1.)

The band will also give a concert in the afternoon.

Although Fort Wayne's first chautauqua, it will not be its last. In every way it has been a success. The Redpath bureau has furnished splendid programs each day and financially the club is more than gratified. A goodly sum, after all expenses have been met, will be realized.

The program this afternoon was featured by an address by George L. McNutt, of New York city, on "How to Meet the High Cost of Living." Mr. McNutt is a food expert of international reputation.

Lieut. Bowman Tonight.

Lieutenant Robert Bowman, hero of Verdun, who spent eighteen months in the European conflict and served with the allies as a soldier in the first line trenches and as a member of the field service of the ambulance corps in France, will speak tonight, following a Mother Goose festival in charge of Miss Katherine Stiles, the children's worker. On account of her congressional duties, Miss Jeannette Rankin, congresswoman, who is on the program for tonight, is unable to fill her chautauqua engagements.

Lieutenant Bowman's lecture is illustrated with views he has taken on the battlefields. He took a prominent part in both the Somme and Aisne offensive for nine months and later distinguished himself at Verdun. Because of valorous deeds he was honored with the Croix de Guerre, the Cross of War and the golden star, the highest decoration given up to that time to any foreign non-combatant.

Lieutenant Bowman is an American and returned to this country when diplomatic relations were severed with Germany. He arrived in Fort Wayne Sunday for his engagement here to-night.

Seen Shady Brook Park?

**CHAOS IN THE
RUSSIAN ARMY**

(Continued from page 1.)

He said that America had decreed that she would not permit exports to neutrals as long as these neutrals exported to Germany. Consequently, Herr Erzberger said Germany would very shortly lose its source of support. The terrible fate, he said, had to be faced that the military authorities had entirely figured out these supplies and that nobody in authority could find an answer or give an idea from where these supplies were to come.

GERMANS ATTACK FRENCH.

Paris, July 23.—Continuing their violent attacks on the Aisne front the Germans last night stormed French trenches on the Casemates plateau, the war office announces. On the California plateau the French maintained their supporting trenches.

DUTCH COMMISSIONERS COMING.

Amsterdam, July 23.—The minister of

agriculture and commerce has appointed a commission of three to proceed to America to represent Dutch interests in connection with American exports. The commissioners are Engineer Van Elbe, Honken Vandort, ex-vice president of the East Indian council, and Van Vollenhoven, director of the Netherlands bank.

**PRESIDENT TO
TAKE A HAND**

(Continued from page 1.)

These troops abandon their positions at the first shots of the enemy. For instance of several hundred veterans long files of deserters armed and unarmed, men in good health and robust, who have lost all shame and feel they can act altogether with impunity are proceeding to the rear. Frequently entire units desert in this manner."

RUSSIANS GAIN IN DRIVE.

Petrograd, July 23.—The Russians attacked the Germans near Krovo and Vilna, north of the Pinsk marshes, and penetrated the Teuton lines for a distance of two miles, according to an official announcement made here today.

The Russians captured more than 1,000 Germans but the development of success, the statement adds are being jeopardized by the moral weakness and instability of certain Russian detachments.

Between the river Sereth Stripa and Zlota Lipa the Russian statement says

the Austro-Hungarians continued their offensive, occupying villages. The chief of the Russian divisional staff was killed while re-establishing order among the units on the east Galician front.

"I am going to stay with the work as a matter of patriotism, if I loose all of my medical practice," said a physician on one of the three boards. Monday. Other members of the three boards, when called by telephone, said that they had no intentions of getting out from under the responsibility about to be theirs.

"I am sure the action of William Geake casts no reflection upon him," said Mayor W. J. Hosey, Monday. "His record as a citizen is too plain for such an insinuation to be well founded."

"The place must be filled at once," Mayor Hosey went on. "This work of caring for the situation at hand must not be halted at this time."

Nothing Definite.

No definite information regarding the time when they shall begin their work and the date of notifying the draft subjects has yet been received by the draft board members.

Heads of literature relating to the mode of examination and the grounds and processes for exemption were unloaded at the city clerk's office, Monday.

First questions to be answered in writing by conscripts will be regarding their physical condition. The questions which will immediately precede the physical test, are:

Have you found your health and habits in any way interfere with your success in civil life? If so, give details.

Do you consider that you are now

soud and well? If not, state details: Have you ever been under treatment in a hospital or asylum? If so, for what ailment?

The three questions are to be sworn to and appear above the signature of the young man being examined.

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Monday, July 23, 1917.

THE FORT WAYNE SENTINEL.

you need competent help—
you are looking for a position—
you own real estate and want to sell it—
you have a vacant apartment or room that you want to rent—
you have an automobile that you want cash for—
you want to sell some of your household effects—
you have anything to sell or want—



MANY DIVORCES ARE
GRANTED AT AUBURN

Three Decrees Are Granted
in the DeKalb Circuit Court.

(Special to The Sentinel.)
Auburn, Ind., July 23.—Severing of the marriage ties seemed to occupy the greater part of the time of the DeKalb circuit court Friday and Saturday and three couples settled their marital troubles at this time. Mrs. Loretta Funk Kiggs who was asking for a divorce from her husband on the grounds of non-support, was granted the same and was restored to her maiden name, Loretta Funk. The defendant did not put in an appearance. The couple had been married five years.

James A. Shull, of near Auburn, was granted a divorce from his wife, Sadie Shull, and given the custody of their three children, aged 15, 14 and 6 years. Mr. Shull claimed cruel and inhuman treatment and charged his wife with neglecting her home and children. Mrs. Shull did not appear and was represented by Prosecutor James R. Nyce.

Mrs. Myra Ginder was granted a divorce from her better half, Jacob Ginder, a farmer of Wilmington township, on grounds of non-support. The couple were married in 1906 and lived together until 1910. They have two daughters, aged 16 and 14. The plaintiff was granted a divorce and the custody of the children.

Auburn Short Items.

Mrs. C. O. Osborn, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Frank Cook, of West Ninth street, for some time, died at the latter's home Friday night, death being due to cancer. The body was taken to Bluffton, Sunday, for funeral and burial. Besides Mrs. Cook, she leaves one daughter and three sons.

Miss Joyce Kanauer of Pioneer, O., who is visiting Miss Edna Shugars, was the guest of honor at a party given at the Shugars home Friday afternoon when a company of thirty young ladies were entertained. Miss Kanauer is employed in the Ashland college, teaching expression and physical culture. She returned to her home today.

Sheriff Baltz was called upon Saturday when a suspicious acting stranger who had been hanging around the interurban station for several hours, aroused the suspicions of travelers and they called the official who asked the man to move on. The man claimed to be a lecturer. He purchased a ticket Friday afternoon for Waterloo but continued to hang around the station until Saturday afternoon, and made himself a nuisance by the many questions he continued to ask. He carried a large heavy suitcase and a winter overcoat.

25 choice wooded lots on macadamized streets still left in Shady Brook.

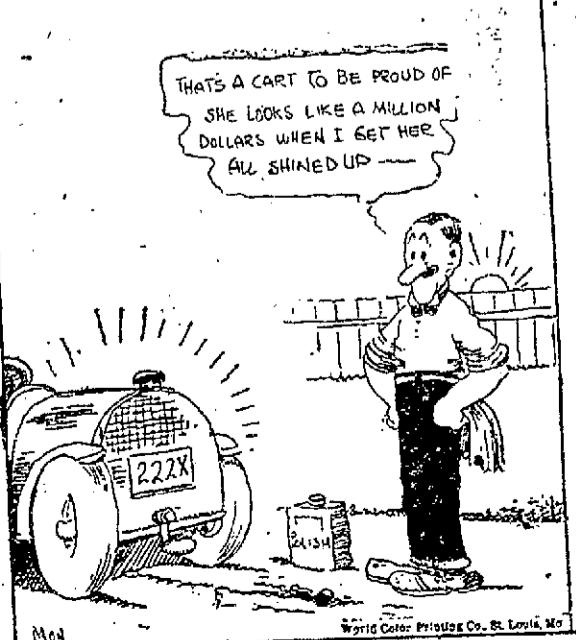
LESSONS FOR THE AMATEUR FARMER
DOING IT ON LITTLE GROUND INSIDE



The ideal way to raise tomatoes at their best. There are 6,000 plants in this one greenhouse.

BULL RUNN
BY CARL ED

Here's
Where He
Gets the Noble
Appointment
as Official
Washer for the
Runn Family
Car!



START A SENTINEL "WANT AD"

1c A WORD

Working for You Tomorrow.
Don't Put it Off—
PLACE YOUR AD. TODAY—

Phone 173

Near Electric Works

NEW ALL MODERN 6-ROOM HOME
Pullman kitchen, French doors;
lot 26x140.

\$300 DOWN



A RENTED HOUSE NOT A HOME

Your family will never have the attachment for a rented house that they would have for a home of their own. Let us build you a real home for your family.

You'll be surprised how easy it is to own a home.

City & Suburban Bldg. Co.

Second Floor Utility Bldg. Phone 2172



Will Accept Vacant Lot on Any of These Homes—Balance Small Monthly Payments.

6-room cottage, 2 blocks of Knitting Mills; large lot. Price, \$2,300.

7-room semi-modern home near Bowser's. Price, \$2,250.

Modern 6-room house on Short street. Price, \$2,500.

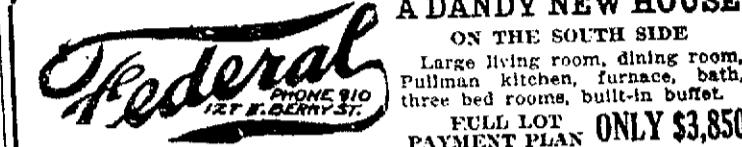
6-room semi-modern house on High street. Price, \$2,400.

6-room cottage, on South Webster street, near Dawson. Price, \$2,350.

See MONROE W. FITCH & SONS, The Earth and Insurance Men.

Surety Bonds.

5% Money.



A DANDY NEW HOUSE

ON THE SOUTH SIDE

Large living room, dining room, Pullman kitchen, furnace, bath, three bed rooms, built-in buffet.

FULL LOT PAYMENT PLAN ONLY \$3,850.



NEAR BOWSEE'S

Fine 6-room home, new and modern.

LOT 40x140

\$300 Down Takes This

TWO HARRISON HILL HOMES



SPECIAL—Strictly modern house with hot water heat, oak finish, hard wood floors, fine garage, west Jefferson. Owner leaving city. For quick sale, \$6,800.00.

Strictly modern 8-room house, close in; \$3,800.00.

8 acres with fair buildings, need poor farm. \$4,500.00.

Strictly modern 8-room house, Wal

Strictly modern 9-room house; oak finish; hard wood floors; fine garage, Brackenridge, near Webster; \$6,000.

Fine 6-room cottage with soft water bath near Bowser's, \$2,500.

Strictly modern 7-room house, oak finish, hot water heat; Suttenfield street, facing Reservoir park; \$4,500.

Good 9-room house on paved St. near Electric works, \$2,500.00.

FIRE INSURANCE.

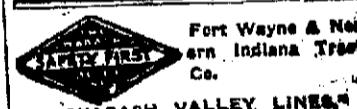
K. VORNDRAN

Rooms 3 and 4 Pixley Block (Second Floor)

Phone—Office, 460; residence, 8076.

H. C. HITZEMANN

SEWING MACHINES CO. DEALERS IN NEW HOME AND WHITE SEWING MACHINES, MONARCH NEEDLES, REPAIR FOR ANY MACHINE. BICYCLES AND SUNDRIES. SAWING MACHINE REPAIRING A SPECIALTY. NEW LOCATION, 233 WEST MAIN STREET. PHONES 2480-0880. MACHINES RENTED.

WE WILL SIGN
YOUR BOND
LENNART ORTLIEB
ROOMS 303-304 NOLL BLDG

Effective August 27, 1918.

WEST-BOUND TRAINS LEAVE:

6:00 A.M. 1:30 P.M.

7:20 A.M. 2:00 P.M.

8:00 A.M. 2:30 P.M.

9:20 A.M. 3:30 P.M.

11:15 A.M. 4:00 P.M.

12:00 Noont. 4:30 P.M.

1:15 P.M. 5:00 P.M.

1:30 P.M. 5:30 P.M.

2:00 P.M. 6:00 P.M.

3:00 P.M. 6:30 P.M.

4:00 P.M. 7:00 P.M.

5:00 P.M. 7:30 P.M.

6:00 P.M. 8:00 P.M.

7:00 P.M. 8:30 P.M.

8:00 P.M. 9:00 P.M.

9:00 P.M. 10:00 P.M.

10:00 P.M. 11:00 P.M.

Trains leaving here at 7:30 A.M., 1:15 P.M., 4:15 P.M., 7:15 P.M., 10:15 P.M.

All connections at Peru for Indiana.

—Limited trains.

—To Boyd park only.

—To Huntington only.

—Local stops between Fort Wayne and Elkhart on Sundays only.

—Daily except Sunday.

J. BEBER, AGENT.

Martin's Plumbing Shop

PLUMBERS

HEATERS

Hamm & Buchanan

PHONE 6379

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A DAY WITH WAR TANKS

British Monsters Given a Deal of Attention by Their Keepers.

HUGE AND AWKWARD, BUT ARE TERRIBLE

Only Small, Lithe, Strong Men Fit to Serve in a Tank's Belly.

British Headquarters in France, June 31.—(By Mail.)—Under the shelter of a green ridge, about fifteen miles behind the present front line trenches, one may come upon the encampment of the tanks. The parade ground is like a distorted page from Gulliver-Lilliputian men at play with Brobdingnagian toys.

A dozen of the monsters are lying stretched out in the warm afternoon sun, being combed and oiled and scoured by their industrious attendants who are like mere meddlesome pygmies beside their great steeds. Over at the edge of the parade where the level ground breaks up into ridges and hillocks, two or three of the big iron horses are seen in pairs.

Grunting and puffing, creaking and complaining they move along not with the easy stride of the story-book giants, but with the cumbersome gait of a huge muscle-bound turtle, house on back. But nothing disposes them in their grumbling advance. They mount a terrace five feet high with the same clumsy complaining nonchalance that they negotiate a mole hill and the steady pace of their caterpillars is unchanged with their climbing up a steep slope or clattering along the level.

Tank Man Has No Snap.

The job of a tank man is no sinecure. The interior is not built for comfort. It is crowded with machinery and guns and armor and in motion the deck sways and buckles like that of a little torpedo boat in a storm. Nor is the roof high enough to prevent danger of receiving a sound thumping if one is too tall. Men for tanks are picked for small stature and slender bulk. They must be tough as bats but occupy no unnecessary space. A fat man would stick in the manhole which is alike entrance and exit. A tall man would have to spend his time in a half erect position which would interfere not only with his own efficiency but with that of everybody else on board. If you would spend a few minutes on board a tank you must have your steel helmet with you and your gas mask carefully encased in its waterproof bag, ready for emergency.

Climbing through the great manhole requires a little knack of its own. Legs first is the approved technique, although to the novice there appear grounds for the reverse process may be just as satisfactory.

Legs first, one is in danger of placing a foot or a leather clad ankle against a hot engine case, with disastrous results, but with care this can be avoided.

Spick, Shining and Plain.

Everything is spick and span shining with abundance of oil, but no superfluous luxuries of brass or nickel to take away the business-like bareness and grimness of gray black armor plate which obtrudes everywhere. As in a battleship, the preferential position from the point of view of safety, is given to the engines. They lie just above the floor, stretching in a longitudinal position to the center of the hull; while shafts and cranks run under a special armor casing, at the back of the cams which operate the caterpillars and the big push wheels at the rear.

The painting of the tanks is a great pastime in the tank encampment. Modern protective coloring of battlefield weapons offers a wide field for the development of the cubist art and the decorative appearance of a tank going into battle suggests that some painter who all his life had specialized in barber poles had suddenly gone amuck with paint and brush.

Only 25 lots left in Shady Brook, all choice wooded lots on macadamized streets.

GARRETT NEWS.

Garrett, Ind., July 23.—Mrs. Frank Gingery, of Johnson street, is suffering with a broken arm which she sustained in a fall down the cellar stairs at her home Friday. The member is broken right at the joint and the entire arm is badly bruised.

The Garrett Grays defeated the Bluffton team Sunday in a game on the local grounds with the score reading 7 to 4. Garrett has an excellent team this year, having lost but one game.

A special car over the Fort Wayne and Northwestern brought forty members of the men's class of the Simpson Methodist Sunday school, of Fort Wayne, to this city Sunday morning and they attended the Methodist Sunday school here in response to an invitation from the Wesley Brotherhood. They remained for church and lunch.

Miss Georgia Laur, of Fort Wayne, is the guest of Miss Esther Cogley for a few days.

Mrs. Charles Brown and sons, Richard and Charles, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Galloway for a few days.

Mrs. George Novinger is visiting her son, Carl, at the Great Lakes naval training station, near Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Estes went to Chicago Saturday for a few days' visit with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Galloway, of Danville, Ill., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Gordon.

Rev. Tinkham returned Saturday from a few days' outing at Lake Wauseon.

Mr. and Mrs. George Stone, of Crystal, Michigan, are visiting the latter's brother, Jim Gingery and wife, Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Gingery and wife and Dr. and Mrs. R. M. Barnard motored to Toledo Sunday.

To Shady Brook Park: Go east on Lincoln Highway and follow the signs.

WOLF & DESSAUER

A FINAL CLEARANCE OF UNDERMUSLINS

In Which Have Been Grouped Into Special Value Lots the Remainders From Our Early Season Sales of Muslinwear

This is really an occasion for stocking the wardrobe--an opportunity for prospective brides, for summer travelers and the thrifty woman in general.

\$1.50 Petticoats \$1.19

—Of such quality as women like to wear with separate skirts and summer tub dresses. They're made of fine cambric, some with knee flounces of lace and embroidery, others plain tailored with scalloped edge flounce. Exceptional offering at \$1.19.

Other fine petticoats reduced as follows:

\$1.95 values	\$1.49
\$2.25 and \$2.50 values	\$1.95
\$3.50 values	\$2.95
\$4.50 values	3.95

All higher priced petticoats at special reductions.

\$1.00 Corset Covers 79c

Dainty little garments with their lace and embroidery trimming, many having short sleeves of solid lace, and all made of an extra quality nainsook.

Neat, plain little corset covers, regularly 25c, are specially priced at 19c

Regular 50c covers, with a bit of tasteful trimming; regular 50c; sale price 39c

\$1.50 Pajamas \$1.19

Women's pajamas, of cool Solsette and Madras, in plain, pink, blue and white; regularly \$1.50; sale price, \$1.19.

\$2.95 Wom'n's Gowns \$1.95

A collection of gowns, made of finest quality nainsook, and daintily trimmed with laces and embroidery, some having shoulder strap of insertion.

Regular \$1.50 Gowns \$1.19

Regular \$1.95 Gowns \$1.49

Regular \$2.50 Gowns \$1.95

—A small group of Philippine hand-made women's gowns, originally \$2.95, in this sale at \$1.95.

Children's Night Gowns

—Sizes 2 to 14 years. Well made in low neck and short sleeve styles, set in or kimono sleeves, and trimmed with neat lace or embroidery; 50c and 75c.

\$2.50 Crepe de Chine Chemise \$1.89

Exquisitely made of good quality crepe de chine in envelope style, with trimming of laces, and finished with ribbon straps.

\$2.25 Silk Bloomers, \$1.95

Practical little bloomers, plainly made of crepe de chine in flesh color and white.

All Silk Gowns Reduced.

The entire stock of women's crepe de chine and wash satin gowns are reduced for this clearance even.

\$5.00 Gowns \$3.95

\$6.50 Gowns \$4.95

\$7.50 Gowns \$5.95

\$9.00 Gowns \$6.95

\$10.00 Gowns \$7.50

\$12.00 Gowns \$8.95

FIFTY LINEN SETS

Marked For Clearance This Week

Quality Pattern Cloths with matching napkins—linens of proven worth, sizes for all length tables, in round and oval designs. Linens from our selection of Moravian, Fleur-de-Lis, Derry Vale, Shamrock and Rey Aine' lines.

8-4 Size
\$18.00 sets, \$14.75
\$25.00 sets, \$20.75

8-10 Size
\$27.50 sets, \$22.50
\$35.00 sets, \$29.00

8-12 Size
\$31.50 sets, \$27.50
\$35.00 sets, \$29.00

8-14 Size
\$34.00 sets, \$28.50
\$41.00 sets, \$38.75

EXTRA
For clearance—Tablecloths, size 90x90; \$8.50 value, \$4.98.

8-16 Size
\$38.50 sets, \$32.50
\$42.50 sets, \$36.75

HEMSTITCHED LINEN SETS

Cloth and six napkins to match; size 64x80—\$8.00 values, limited number, they will go at \$5.95 per set.

These Electric Fans Will Blow Themselves Away at \$4.49

Remember last summer—the frightfully hot July and August days, when there wasn't an electric fan to be had for love or money?

Fan manufacturers made up their minds that in 1917 there should be no dearth of fans and forthwith turned out enough to cool the whole hemisphere.

But the perverseness of the weather took another turn and sent us a cool June, a still cooler July—and the fan men were distraught and overloaded with a supply of electric fans!

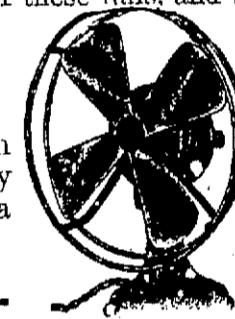
To come to the point, a manufacturer made us an offer of these fans, and by purchasing a large quantity, we offer them at

\$4.49 EACH

Guaranteed for Two Years.

They're just like cut-five-inch blade size to be used on direct or alternating current; the cost of operation being very small. They can be carried from one room to another—a constant companion on hot days and nights.

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY.



NOTHING TO DO BUT WAIT

Notices Will Be Sent to Those Who Have Been Drafted.

FORT WAYNE TO FURNISH 383 MEN

Many Questions Are Asked by Those Subject to First Call.

NOTHING TO DO BUT WAIT

SPEED MANIA BRINGS DISASTER FOR YOUTH

Sack Cloth Is His Garb for a Time While in the City Jail.

Albert Crowell, 17, repented his misdeeds in sackcloth and in a dark cell of the city jail when his sins had found him out Sunday morning. He was arrested because he forged a check to buy a motorcycle. He was disrobed because the clothes he wore belonged to John Lober. Crowell was given a gunny sack for raiment until his relatives brought him clothes. Crowell's cell garment was made by cutting holes in the bottom of the sack for his legs and tying the top of the sack about his neck.

The lad was bound over to the circuit court under \$500 bond Monday morning on the forgery charge. If he is sent to Jeffersonville he will be one of the youngest inmates in the prison.

He pleaded guilty to the forgery complaint when arraigned in police court Monday.

Crowell forged the name of Henry Fornuth on a check for \$15 in order to purchase a motorcycle, he admits. He was once before convicted on a charge of stealing a motorcycle.

All Locked Together.

Three colored men spent Sunday night in the barren cellroom of the city jail. Two of the men were charged with larceny and the third was their accuser. William Newton, who rooms at 1326 Lafayette street, testified that Rufus John Johnson and George Henry took \$5 from beneath his pillow Sunday evening. When he reported the theft at the station the other two

men were sent for and the trio confined. The case was dismissed Monday.

Used a Beer Mug.

Fred Rodenbeck, saloonkeeper, will be tried Wednesday on a charge of assault on an Italian. It is alleged that the pair had an argument in Rodenbeck's place of business Saturday night and Rodenbeck struck the foreigner with a beer mug.

Other Police Court Cases.

George Martin, colored, drew a knife on a man who disagreed with his views when the couple were talking in the courthouse lobby, it is alleged. Martin was arrested by Detective Sergeant Spiller on a disorderly charge. He will be tried Tuesday.

Charles Fornuth, 58, charged with mistreating children, was fined \$15 and costs. No criminal charge could be proven against the man, although two boys told of undue attentions.

Cases of public intoxication were: John Mayfield, fined \$25 and costs; Robert Elder, \$5; Theodore Dregmeyer, \$5; Carl Shultz, \$1; Charles Hester, \$1. Harry Fernwell, Joe Osheski, John Curran and Clarence Warren were released. Guy Hellinger will be tried on Tuesday.

Olaf Olson, who was brought back from Logansport and who is charged with neglecting his children, will be tried on Saturday.

Accessories at less than jobbers' prices during our rebuilding sale. Fort Wayne Overland Co.

PATRIOTIC WEEK FOR KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS

Lodges Will Have Union

Service and Entertainment Tonight.

Knights of Pythias all over the country will observe patriotic week, starting today. All of the local lodges will unite in a patriotic service Monday night. On Friday night an ice cream social will be held at Sweeny park, the receipts to be given to the Red Cross. The Elks' band will play for the occasion. The program for Monday night is as follows:

Patriotic Solo . . . Miss Esther Thompson

Address . . . Judge R. J. Irwin

(Of the supreme court)

Patriotic Story . . . Miss Gertrude Potter

Dialect Story . . . George Chalfont

Whistling Solo . . . Lyman Lindsey

Drill Team . . . Pythian Sisters

Plane Solo . . . "Star Spangled Banner"

Afterward refreshments will be served.

Insurance Union Picnics.

The annual picnic of the American

Insurance union was held at Sweeny park Sunday. The feature was a ball

game between the married men and the single, the former winning, 18 to 7.

Veterans Meet.

The veterans of the Sion S. Bass post, G. A. R. meet Monday night in Vordermark hall. They will make arrangements for the flag raising ceremonies to be held at Robison park, August 5.

Lodge Notes.

David C. Stout, chairman of the finance committee and auditing committee of the supreme lodge, Order of Moose, has gone to Pittsburg to attend the national convention of the order. James E. Ford, past dictator; Gustave Lindenthal, treasurer, and Otto Schopf will also attend.